Real estate grows in value while you are paying for it—and it grows much faster than interest earnings.

The Courier-Journal.

The bargain you saw three days ago probably belongs to-day to your neighbor—unless YOU are in the habit of answering ads. promptly too.

VOL. CVII. NEW SERIES—NO. 14,007. LOUISVILLE, WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 8, 1907.—10 PAGES. PRICE {THREE CENTS, ON TRAINS FIVE CENTS.

The Weather.

Forecast for Wednesday and Thursday: Kentucky—Partly cloudy Wednesday, probably showers in west portion; Thursday showers except fair in extreme west portion.

Tennessee—Partly cloudy Wednesday, showers in west portion; Thursday showers except fair in extreme west portion.

Indiana—Fair Wednesday, warmer in northwest portion; Thursday probably showers, light to fresh east to south winds.

THE LATEST.

The case of the Commonwealth against James Hargis, charged with the murder of James Cockrill, was placed on trial yesterday in the Fayette county Circuit Court and adjourned until Friday, that a special venire of 300 men, from which to select a jury, might be summoned. Five men out of twenty-four summoned in Fayette county qualified for service as jurors.

The appointment by Gov. Beckham of Attorney Irvine Hampton as Magistrate for the Eighth Magisterial district of Jefferson county, upon the recommendation of prominent Louisville ministers, may mean a renewal of the efforts to close the saloons in Louisville on Sunday.

As a precautionary measure street preaching or speaking will be stopped in Boise during the trials of Wm. D. Haywood and the other leaders of the Western Federation of Miners for the alleged killing of Frank Steunenburg.

The monthly crop report of Commissioner of Agriculture Vreeland says: "The unprecedented cold weather of April caused the corn planted in March to make a complete failure. Forward wheat was materially injured."

Upon the retirement of Lieut. Gen. MacArthur, some time during the next eighteen months, Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood, who nine years ago was an assistant surgeon [illegible]ing officer of the army [illegible] sixteen years.

Commander Robert E. Peary, in a telegram, has authorized the beginning of a collection by the school children of Oregan to make up the $60,000 necessary for the starting of another expedition to the North Pole.

Senator Elkins, of West Virginia, called yesterday to ask the President regarding the delay on the part of Pearl Wight, of Louisiana, to accept or decline the vacant Internal Revenue commissionership.

Seantor La Follette is credited with laying out a very ambitious political programme for the next few months which includes his yet incipient presidential boom and the lecture platform.

A Pitsburg paper says that 'Lyndhurst," the home of Mrs. William Thaw in that city has been mortgaged for $100,000 and that extraordinary efforts were made to keep the record secret.

The jury in the case of Alex. R. Chisholm, at Birmingham, Ala., returned a verdict of guilty of embezzlement and fixed the defendant's punishment at six years in the penitentiary.

The German Reichstag yesterday passed the rsfit reading of the commercial modus vivendi between the United States and Germany and referred the agreement to a committee.

If France urges it, the United States will send to that country a tariff commission similar to that which went to Germany headed by Director North, of the Census Bureau.

Charles E. Halliwell, of New York, vice president of the American Tobacco Company and one of the heaviest stockholders in the company, died suddenly of apoplexy.

Efforts on the part of the officials to operate the street cars in San Francisco yesterday, where 1,700 union men are on strike, resulted in rioting and bloodshed.

The long-expected Irish Bill was introduced in the House of Commons yesterday and proved to be a compromise measure, satisfactory to neither party.

The will of James Henry (Silent) Smith distributes an estate of $25,000,000 among relatives. There are but two bequests to charitable institutions.

The Federal grand jury in New York yesterday indicted several railroads on charges of granting rebates to the American Sugar Refining Company.

In a pitched battle fought in the northern part of Bell county, one man is reported killed, one fatally wounded and another seriously hurt.

More than 700 delegates were present at the opening session in Atlanta of the biennial convention of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen.

Four trainmen were killed in a collision between a passenger train and a freight at Bosby's Rocks, twenty miles east of Wheeling, W. aV.

Walter Charley Davis, a carpenter, in a fit of insanity, shot and killed a family of six with whom he resided in San Francisco.

Congressman and Mrs. Nicholas Longworth spent last night in Frankfort, and will proceed to Lexington this morning.

CARS TARGETS FOR MISSILES

Scores of People Hurt In San Francisco Riots.

Battle Between Strike-Breakers and Wild Mob.

Further Efforts To Operate System May Be Withheld.

TROOPS MAY BE CALLED OUT.

San Francisco, May 7.—The strike of the 1,700 union men, motermen and conductors of the United Railways, developed this afternoon into a riot in which more than a score of persons were severely hurt and others injured to a lesser extent.

At 2:30 o'clock the company made its first attempt to resume the operation of its system by sending out seven passenger cars manned by between thirty and forty strike-breakers wearing the uniforms of car inspectors, and each carrying a 38-calibre revolver strapped around his waist outside of his coat. The start was made from the company's barns at Turk and Fillmore streets, where a crowd of from 3,000 to 5,000 men and boys gathered.

* * *

Jeers and Howls.

Twenty-seven policemen, five mounted officers and several sergeants under the command of Capt. Mooney were on patrol guard. The appearance of the cars in Fillmore street, from which they were switched into Turk street, was the signal for an immediate outburst of jeers and howls. Before the cars had gone one block they were made the targets of stones and bricks. In a few moments every pane of glass had been smashed and several of the armed operatives had been struck, cut and bruised. At Turk and Buchanan streets an especially fierce attack was made on the foremost car. A guard on the rear platform answered the flying stones with a pistol shot. The bullet struck one of the union sympathizers in the arm.

This transformed the crowd into a wild mob and thenceforward for twelve blocks there was fierce fighting. The strikers and their friends, aided by hundreds of youthful hoodlums, kept up a running shower of missiles. The guards on board the cars responded with fusillade after fusillade of pistol shots.

Eight men received bullet wounds, some of which will prove fatal. Among those injured are a detective sergeant and a patrolman.

* * *

Guards Arrested.

Finally a dozen or more of the guards were arrested by reserves from the Central police station, and a union crowd boarded the rearmost car and started it back to the barns. Arriving there the strikers charged that revolver fire was opened upon them from the barns. In this encounter several more men were shot. A nonunion man threw the switch at the corner of Turk and Fillmore streets and the derailed car shot into the sidewalk, maiming two men whose names have not been learned. In the stampede that followed here, a score of women and children on the outskirts of the mob in Fillmore street were hurled to the pavement and trampled upon.

The appearance of relief squads to re-enforce Police Captain Mooney's men resulted about 5:40 o'clock in the partial dispersing of the crowds. A current rumor has it that Superintendent Chapman, who spent the forenoon and early afternoon at the Fillmore-street barracks, was seen about 5 o'clock driving rapidly away on Golden Gate avenue in an automobile that was dashed with blood. There is as yet no confirmation of the rumor that Mr. Chapman was wounded. Practically all of the police reserves at the various precinct stations have been called out and are now patroling the neighborhood of Fillmore and Turk streets, where the greatest congestion is.

The general belief is that because of this afternoon's tragic happenings further efforts to resume operation of the system will be withheld until officials of the company are satisfied that the police are in a position to afford protection to property and life.

* * *

Brickbats and Stones.

The bloody events of the afternoon were preceded by a less serious clash in the forenoon, when a freight car, manned by five inspection officers and Barn Superintendent Jones was run out of the yard at Turk and Fillmore streets and operated for half a block. The crowd showered the car with brickbats and stones and slightly injured two of the inspectors.

Finally all attempts to operate the car was given up, and it was run back to the yards by Jones himself, with union men swarming on the platform and joining in the cheers that were sent up by the mob.

James Walsh, who was injured in the riot, died to-night. This is the first death reported.

WATCHING CLOSELY.

Gov. Gillette Says He Will Call Out Troops If Situation Demands It.

Los Angeles, Cal., May 7.—"I will not call out the State militia to quell the riots in San Francisco until the civil authorities have asked me to do so, or I am satisfied from my own investigation that there is no other way to handle the situation," said Gov. James N. Gillette to-night. "I am watching the situation closely and will act the moment I believe it necessary."

"I am now awaiting advices from Adjt. Gen. Louck," continued the Governor, "and I am depending entirely upon him to advise as to the exact situation. If the riots go on and they continue to kill men there and the police are unable to stop it, I will call out the militia. There will be no child's play about it, either, if I take that action. I will see that the riots are stopped, and stopped at once. Everything is in readiness for calling out the troops."

The Governor was asked what he would do in the event the riots continued and the civil authorities of San Francisco did not see fit to call upon him for troops. He replied:

"I would order the militia out anyway. Whenever I become satisfied that the situation is beyond control I will send in a request for Federal troops. Representations from the best element of San Francisco that troops were desired there would be sufficient for me to act without waiting for the word from the officials.

Serious Strike In Mexico.

San Antonio, Tex., May 7.—A special to the Express from Orizaba, Mex., says:

The strike among the 3,000 textile workers here has grown more alarming and, fearing that in case of a general outbreak, the troops here now will not be able to cope with the situation, a detachment of the Thirteenth battalion from Vera Cruz has been given hurry orders to hurry here. The troops are coming on a special train.

LOUISVILLE LID MAY BE ON AGAIN

ATTORNY IRVINE HAMPTON APPOINTED MAGISTRATE HERE.

RECOMMENDED BY PROMINENT LOUISVILLE MINISTERS.

MAY MEAN SUNDAY CLOSING.

Frankfort, Ky., May 7.—[Special.]—Upon the recommendation of certain prominent ministers of the gospel, members of the Louisville Ministerial Association, Gov. Beckham to-day appointed Attorney Irvine Hampton, of that city, Magistrate for the Eighth magisterial district of eJfferson county, vice P. T. Sullivan, whose office was declared vacant by the Chancellors of the eJfferson Circuit Court in their opinion in the election contest cases. A commission was sent to-night from the Department of Secretary of State to Attorney Hampton, and he will qualify at once and assume the duties of his office.

In making the appointment of Attorney Hampton the Governor acted alone upon the recommendation of the Rev. Drs. Carter Helm Jones, J. S. Lyons, Waltz and Hunt, and the only papers on file in the department are the letter of the Executive offering the place and that of Mr. Hampton announcing that he would accept the appointment. The Rev. Drs. Jones, Hunt and Waltz came here and personally conferred with the Governor, and Dr. Lyons was also in communication with him. Magistrate Sullivan was an applicant for appointment to the place, for which he was a candidate in November of last year, and which he held until the lower court decided against him. He had numerous recommendations.

The appointment of Attorney Hampton as Magistrate is looked upon about the State Capital as clearly indicating a purpose to renew the effort made several months ago to prevent the sale of liquor in Louisville on the Sabbath and to bring about the closing of the saloons on that day. County Attorney Bingham has been here a number f times lately in conference with Gov. Beckham, as have one or another of the members of the Ministerial Association of Louisville. It is said that the Executive is not personally acquainted with his appointee, and it is said that when the matter of filling the vacancy was put up to him he turned the whole matter over to the Ministerial Association members who have been interested in closing the Sunday saloons and told them to select a man for the office whom they felt satisfied would enforce the law in every case that might be brought before him. The Governor had learned by experience with Magistrate Hoffman the power and authority of a Magistrate in eJfferson county, as one of his friends here says, and determined to in this matter give the temperance advocates of the city and county full opportunity to enforce the present statutes and have them tested finally in all of the courts to which they might be taken. Attorney Bingham has from time to time kept the Governor Advised of information he has secured regarding violations of the statutes by saloonkeepers, and prosecutions may be instituted as soon as the new Magistrate qualifies and takes up the duties of his office.

DID NOT SEEK OFFICE.

Mr. Hampton Surprised At His Appointment.

Irvine Hampton, who has been oppointed Magistrate in the Eighth district of Jefferson county by Gov. Beckham to succeed P. T. Sullivan, whose office was declared vacant in the election contest trial by the Chancellors, has been a practicing attorney in this city since 1899. He resides at 2424 Elliott avenue, and has an office in the Kentucky Title building. Mr. Hampton is a graduate of the Louisville Law School, and has never held public office before.

Mr. Hampton said that he did not seek the appointment, although several of his friends urged him to accept the appointment if Gov. Beckham saw fit to make it. He said he told his friends that he would not apply for the position, but if the Governor appointed him he would serve. He said if a delegation of ministers waited upon the Governor in his behalf he knew nothing of it. He said that he had not discussed with any person the Sunday-closing problem or intimated what he would do if he were an official.

Mr. Hampton said yesterday afternoon that he had not as yet received his commission, but would open up an office somewhere in the district as soon as his commission arrived. It is understood that an election will be held this fall to fill out the unexpired term of the office. Mr. Hampton holding on until his successor is qualified. Mr. Hampton does not know whether or not he will be a candidate to fill out the unexpired term.

BILL PLEASES NEITHER SIDE

Long-Awaited Irish Measure Introduced In Commons.

Confers Little Self-Government On Emerald Isle.

Constabulary Thorn In Flesh of the People.

RIDICULED BY BALFOUR.

London, May 7.—The Government today presented its long awaited Irish Bill to the House of Commons and the country. This bill is designed to meet the demands for Irish home rule. It was presented by the Chief Secretary for Ireland, Mr. Birrell, to a crowded house.

Compared with the home rule bills of 1886 and 1906 the measure of to-day confers little self-government upon Ireland, merely giving to the Council control of the eight departments now managed by Government boards, the Councils to be appointed by the Crown, and while the Lord Lieutenant of Ireland is given power to nullify its measures the Crown retains control of five of the eight departments, including the constabulary. The control of this branch always has been a thorn in the flesh of the Irish people.

* * *

Half-Way Measure.

It is natural, and quite to be expected, that this half-way measure is wholly pleasing to no political party. The Unionists regard it is a step toward home rule. They object to giving to Ireland the management of any departments of local affairs, while the Irish members of the House of Commons retain the right to legislate in similar affairs for England and Scotland. They criticise also the plan of Government by a Council through eight committees is complicated and cumbersome. The Radicals are disappointed that the measure falls so short of actual home rule and the Irish members are even more disappointed with it. The Irish leaders, however, are maintaining a diplomatic attitude until they have time to study the provisions of the bill and learn the sentiment of the people.

A Nationalist convention will be held in Dublin soon to decide upon the policy of the Irish party. The Laborites will support the measure because they are all home-rulers.

To prevent the first reading of the bill being deferred until to-morrow, and while Walter Hume Long was still speaking Mr. Birrell moved the closure. Then amid great uproar and protests and shouts of "gag" the closure was carried by 417 votes to 121 and the bill passed its first reading 416 to 121.

* * *

Ridiculed By Balfour.

After the bill had been presented and explained by Mr. Birrell it was criticised and ridiculed by A. J. Balfour on behalf of the opposition. John E. Raymond then delivered a brilliant speech, noteworthy principally for its dignified and forceful exposition of Ireland's claims for complete home rule.

The audience of the speakers was worthy the historical and parliamentary occasion. The entire Ministry occupied seats on the front benches. Mr. Balfour lounged in his characteristic languid attitude opposite, with Geo. Wyndham, the former Chief Secretary for Ireland, beside him.

The floor of the house was packed, and the galleries held a notable assemblage, including a number of peers, among them the Colonial Premiers, notably Alfred Deakin, Premier of Austria, and several bishops. W. Bourke Cockran, of New York, was an interested spectator. Members of the Irish clergy were conspicuous in the galleries.

BETTER THAN NOTHING.

Varying Comment By Irishmen In New York On New Measure.

New York, May 7.—The Irish Government bill introduced in the House of Commons to-day, while looked upon by Irishmen generally in this city as falling very far short of a Home Rule measure, is nevertheless acceptable in the spirit that the granting of some concessions is better tha nothing. Patrick Ford, editor of the Irish World, said :

"Ireland, having been so long excluded from all participation in the control of her government, any installment of her rights, howsoever small, may be by some regarded as an improvement. Birrell's bill, in my judgment, is a very small installment and to me exceedingly disappointing."

O'Donovan Rossa commented as follows: "I cannot believe England will ever do anything for Ireland unless compelled to by some show of physical force. Gladstone during the debate on the church dis-establishment act, over thirty years ago, acknowledged this. He said that the Manchester rescue and the blowing up of Clerkenwall prison in London had brought the Irish question into the domain of practical politics.

"I have no trust in any promisees made by the English government, because they are only thrown out as a bait to fool the Irish."

John J. Joyce, vice president of the Municipal Council of the United Irish League in this city, said:

"From the brief synopsis of the so-called Home Rule measure introduced in the House of Commons to-day I feel that to the friends of Home Rule on this side of the Atlantic will be greatly disappointed. Still, there is good cause for hope, notwithstadning the meagerness of the measure. It is a step in advance, and like other items of legislation, reluctantly granted by England, may prove of benefit to the Irish people."

Intended As Installment.

Chicago, May 7.—Speaking of the Home Rule bill introduced into the British Parliament to-day, William Dillon, of this city, said to-day:

'Speaking generally, the measure is doubtless intended as a installment upon, not as a final settlement of, the Irish demand for self-government. The main objection to the scheme is that it does not vest in the Council any power of appointing judges of the Supreme Court of Juriciature at Dublin, nor any power over the Dublin police or the Irish constabulary. This defect is so great, in my opinion, that it is doubtful if the measure, even as an installment, will be acceptable to the Irish Parliamentary party."

Father of Measure.

Washington, May 7.—Ambassador Bryce, who, as chief Secretary for Ireland, was really the father of the Irish Council Bill, although it was perfected by his successor, Mr. Birrell, evinced great interest in its provisions. Prior to his appointment to Washington Mr. Bryce gave undivided attention to the measure and its every word recalls incidents connected with its preparation, which was begun just about one year ago. In view of his present position, however, he said to-day that it is quite impossible for him to express any opinion or criticism whatever concerning it.

BELL COUNTY SCENE OF BLOODY BATTLE

ONE MAN KILLED AND TWO BADLY WOUNDED.

OLD GRUDGE SAID TO HAVE CAUSED THE TROUBLE.

PARTIES WIDELY CONNECTED.

Middlesboro, Ky., May 7.—[Special.]—In a pitched battle said to have been brought on by an old grudge, on Sugar Run creek, in the northern section of Bell county, George Howard was instantly killed, Elhanan Howard, his brother, was fatally wounded and Martin Green was badly wounded.

It is said that the Howards, whose home is in Clay county, were visiting relatives near Green's home and went to his home last night in a quarrelsome mood. Green, it is said, ordered them to leave his home, which they refused to do. The trouble is supposed to have started by Elhanan striking Green on the head with a pistol. Green, it is said, started for his gun to defend himself, when George Howard opened fire on him from the front porch with a Winchester. Green, it is declared, turned quickly and fired two shots at George Howard, both of them taking effect. Howard died instantly.

Elhanan Howard, who is said to have fired several shots at Green at close quarters, started to run on the porch, when, it is said, Green fired one shot at him. The ball penetrated Howard's back and drove a suspender buckle entirely through his body.

Chief of Police Van Bebber, of this city, returned to-night from the scene of the fight with Martin Green, who is a nephew of Van Bebber, in custody. Green was badly cut three weeks ago in a fight with the Miracle boys. The Miracles are relatives of the Howards. Both the Greens and Howards are widely connected.

"WETS" WIN OUT

IN THE LOCAL OPTION ELECTION AT MAYSVILLE.

Temperance People May Start Movement To Vote Entire County, Claiming It Will Go Dry.

Maysville, Ky., May 7.—[Special.]—The local option election to-day was the most exciting ever held here and resulted in a decided victory for the "wets" by a majority of 348, they carrying every ward in the city save the Sixth.

At the opening of the polls this morning the First Presbyterian church bell announced the time for the voting to begin, and from then on throughout the entire day impressive services were held. In a driving rain, women and children, some of them so small they could hardly walk, paraded behind brass bands, while women from the various churches were stationed at booths close to the polls serving lunch and hot coffee to the voters. This morning the two wholesale groceries where liquors were sold were compelled to close for the day for the first time in the history of the establishments.

The local option people will hold a meeting to-night at the Baptist church, when they will decide whether or not they will begin to-morrow with a petition to sesure signers throughout the county to have another election under the Cammack county unit law. They claim the county is about 75 per cent. dry outside Maysville, and they hope to carry the county by a sufficiently large majority to overcome the vote here and compel Maysville to be dry.

Death of An Aged Woman.

Paris, Ky., May 7.—Mrs. Marian Marcum, aged ninety-six years, is dead at the home of her brother, Lee R. Huffman, at Centreville. Her death was due to the infirmities of old age.

HARGIS CASE UP FOR TRIAL

Five Jurors Secured Out of First Panel.

Others To Be Summoned From Scott County.

Action of Prosecution Surprise To Defense.

TO TRY CASE AT THIS TIME.

Lexington, Ky., May 7.—[Special.]—The case of the Commonwealth against James Hargis, charged with the murder of James Cockrill at Jackson, in July, 1902, was placed on trial in the Fayette county Circuit Court this afternoon. Five men had qualified as jurors out of the panel of twenty-four summoned from Fayette county when court adjourned this evening and a special venire of 300 had been ordered summoned from Scott county. Court then adjourned till Friday to give the Sheriff time to summon the veniremen.

The determination of the Commonwealth to try the case at this time was a complete surprise to the defense, as well as to the general public, as it had been generally understood that Commonwealth's Attorney Allen was disposed to yield to the protests of other lawyers who had civil cases for trial and was not inclined to take up further time at this term of court with the Breathitt feud cases.

* * *

Defense Not Ready.

An amusing feature of the sudden decision of the prosecution to try was the complete collapse of the bluff of the defense that they would announce ready if the Commonwealth desired a trial. No later than last night both Judge James Hargis and O. H. Pollard, who is perhaps personally closest to his client of all the Hargis counsel, had stated emphatically that they were ready for trial and were willing to promptly take up the case whenever the prosecution desired.

When the case was called to-day, however, and the Commonwealth announced ready, the defense changed front, declaring that they were not ready and could not get their witnesses here in time for trial at this court. After exhausting verbal protests the defendant's attorneys presented an affidavit on the ground that they could not get important witnesses here in time for the trial if held now, on account of the witnesses being engaged in getting out logs on the present tide in the Kentucky river. Two of the witnesses, it was stated, are "Fed" White and Dan White, whose testimony it was alleged would contradict the testimony of Anse White for the prosecution. Attorney Pollard stated that it was almost a case of life or death to the Breathitt county witnesses, who are all logmen, to be at their work during the present tide in the river, and that it would mean virtual bankruptcy on the part of several of them to leave their business at this time. Commonwealth's Attorney Allen, however, insisted that as the witnesses named in the affidavit all resided in Breathitt county they could be brought here by proper effort of the defense by the time they were needed, as it would probably take several days to secure a jury.

* * *

To Try James Hargis First.

The court decided that the trial should proceed, and the defense took an exception to the rulings. The defense then asked for separate trials for the four defendants, James, Alex and Elbert Hargis and Ed Callahan, and the prosecution decided to try James Hargis first.

This is the second trial of James Hargis on this indictment in this county. The first trial was held in 1905 and resulted in a hung jury, the jurymen standing ten to 2 for acquittal. This verdict, however, was brought in under instructions of the court that the jury must believe, in order to convict, that James Hargis himself fired one of the shots that struck Cockrill, refusing the request of the Commonwealth to give instructions to the effect that if it was proved Hargis conspired to cause the death of Cockrill he should be held as guilty as if he had personally fired the shots which killed him. After the verdict was rendered the Commonwealth took an appeal on the instructions and the Court of Appeals reversed the ruling of the court and sustained the contention of the Commonwealth as to what instructions should have been.

The last trial of Hargis lasted about three weeks and the present one is expected to be equally as long. The testimony is expected to be about the same as that in the Britton trial held here two weeks ago, though Mose Feltner and other witnesses who were not used in the Britton trial for the prosecution are expected to testify in the Hargis case. The Hargises and Callahan are still free on bond which they executed at the time of the former trial. However when the case is given to the jury Judge Hargis will be delivered into the Jailer's hands until a verdict is rendered.

* * *

Cases Called In Court.

When the cases against James, Alex. and Elbert Hargis and Ed Callahan, charged with the murder of James Cockrill, were called in the Circuit Court this morning all four of the defendants were present. Attorney Beverly Jouett, of Winchester, law partner of A. Floyd Bird, appeared with Commonwealth's Attorney Allen for the prosecution, while Morton, Webb and Wilson, E. P. Farrell and George Hunt, of the Lexington bar, and O. H. Pollard, of Jackson, represented the defense. Col. Allen and Mr. Jouett asked leave to hold a conference concerning the course to be taken by the prosecution, and after a short absence returned and announced that the prosecution was ready for trial. It is reported that Commonwealth's Attorney Allen was willing to let the cases be postponed, but that Mr. Jouett urged an immediate trial. The attorneys for the defense were evidently taken by surprise and withdrew for a conference before announcing their reply to the challenge of the prosecution. When they returned into court at 10:30 o'clock Mr. Webb stated that the defense was not ready owing to the fact that all of the subpoenas for their witnesses had not been served. He said that Mr. Farrell had sent out all the subpoenas three weeks ago by registered mail, but a large number of them had not reached the witnesses and Mr. Webb was of the opinion that their failure to do so was on account of the big tide in the Kentucky river which had taken the witnesses away from home to attend to their logging business. Attorney Webb said that the defense would prepare an affidavit setting forth their ground for continuance, and court adjourned till 2 o'clock.

* * *

The Afternoon Session.

Court convened again at 2 o'clock, but it was nearly 3 when the attorneys for the defense appeared with the affidavit asking that trial be postponed on account of absent witnesses. After reading the affidavit, Colonel Allen said that he could see no reason why the witnesses cannot be secured and that if the defendants' witnesses were not present when needed, the Commonwealth was willing to admit their depositions.

Attorney Webb replied that there was at present a good log tide in the Kentucky river and that it was of vital importance to a number of the witnesses to stay at home and attend to their logs. He also claimed that depositions would not make the impression on the jury that the presence of the witnesses themselves would give.

Colonel Allen answered that "Fed" White and Dan White were the only two witnesses engaged in the logging business and that such an excuse could not be made for the other witnesses mentioned in the affidavit, viz., Hines, Hay, William and June Jett, Griffin and Harrison Blannon.

The court then asked if the attorneys did not think it would be proper to pass the case until next Tuesday, as by that time it would be ascertained whether or not the witnesses could be found. The court realized that depositions before a jury did not have the effect of actual hearing. Colonel Allen said that any delay would be of no use, as it would only put the case back, and besides he felt certain that it would take a long time to secure a jury. Judge Parker declared that it was immaterial how long the case took to have it cleared from the docket. Attorney Webb said that it seemed impossible for the witnesses for the defense to be ready by that time, as the Kentucky river tide is likely to be of many days' duration. Attorney Pollard, who also represents the Hargises, said it was almost like life or death to Breathitt county lumbermen at the time of a tide and that it would mean virtual bankruptcy on the part of several of the witnesses to leave their work at this period.

Judge Parker then said: "Complaints have been made that this case should be postponed on account of the conflict with the civil docket, but that this would not be allowed to interfere with the trial of the case. Under the circumstances I think that this case should be tried at this time. I overrule the motion of the attorneys for the defense for a continuance of the case, but I will give them every opportunity to have their witnesses ready for testimony."

* * *

Exception Filed By Defense.

The defense filed an exception to the decision. The regular jury panel of twenty-four men was then called, and out of the first twelve L. D. Harney, the president of the Citizens' League, was the only one to qualify. The next twelve, however, produced four other qualified jurors, leaving the following five qualified jurymen in the box when the twenty-four veniremen had been examined: L. D. Harney, W. H. Woods, A. W. Olee, B. C. Harp and John Morgan.

Commonwealth's Attorney Allen then made a motion that the court send to an adjoining county for jurymen to complete the panel. Attorney Webb, however, objected, stating that as five men had been found out of twenty-four in Fayette county, he thought there would be no trouble in completing the panel. The court ruled that he thought it best to send out of the county for jurymen to complete the panel, owing to the recent trial of Britton for alleged complicity in the same murder.

Attorney Webb then moved that another venire be drawn from Fayette county, which motion was overruled and an exception entered.

* * *

To Get Jurymen From Scott.

When it was decided to order a special venire from another county the question of which county should be chosen at once arose, Col. Allen saying he would suggest Woodford or Bourbon county and the defense said Bourbon would be agreeable to them. Col. Allen said, however, that as the suit of Sam Jett against the Hargises had been transferred to Bourbon, it would probably be better to select another county. The defense suggested Jessamine, but the prosecution objected, and Scott was agreed on. Further proceeding in the case was then suspended until Friday morning, when the Sheriff is expected

(Concluded On 2d Page, 6th Column.)

GLAD HAND FOR BUSINESS MEN

Indiana Cordially Welcomes "Heads of Houses."

Party Well Received On the Swing To Vincennes.

Speakers Tell of Advantages of Louisville.

STATE LINE OBLITERATED.

Vincennes, Ind., May 7.—[Special.]—Kentucky invaded Indiana to-day and Indiana capitulated. It was not a terror-bearing invasion such as Morgan, the raider, made, but one bearing commercial good will and promise of abiding friendship. Kentucky's hands were stretched across the Ohio and were eagerly grasped by Indiana's hands. Everywhere the warmth of greeting was the same in its genuine wholeheartedness and to the invaders it seemed that the crossing of the Ohio was but a figment of the imagination and that they were still back in old Kentucky.

The first day's journey of the "Heads of Houses" excursion of the Board of Trade came to an end to-night at 9 o'clock in Vincennes, where the Kentucky Colonels were made to forget their weariness by the shouts of welcome from the throats of hundreds gathered at the station to greet them. To-night old Vincennes belongs to the Kentuckians.

* * *

Each the Most Cordial.

So warm has been the reception accorded them en route that at each stop the invaders were forced to forsake the old love and take up the new and to swear the last was the best in Indiana. Old Vincennes, Princeton, Huntingburg, English, Corydon, Oakland City, Jasper and Milltown opened their arms and said: "Gentlemen, we are yours. We know your reputation for honest dealing, for integrity, for giving always the best and we are glad you have come," and the Kentuckians were made to feel glad, too.

The result of the first day's visit to Indiana was successful in accomplishing the purpose of the excursion. The bond of friendship between Louisville merchants and the merchants of Southern Indiana towns is stronger to-day than ever. As one Hoosier expressed it:

"When a boy in school I learned that the Ohio river divides Kentucky and Indiana. Now I know differently—it connects them."

* * *

Vincennes As Host.

The train was an hour late in reaching Vincennes to-night, and it was too late to carry out any formal programme. The Kentucklans were the guests of the Merchants' Association and the Board of Trade on a street car ride about the city. The First regiment band made a "hit" here, as everywhere.

To-night the "Heads of Houses" are resting on Pullman pillows, trying to snatch a few hours' sleep before beginning the strenuous return trip through Washington, Loogootee, North Vernon and other towns in the morning.

* * *

On Historic Ground.

Corydon, where the first stop of the excursion was made, is one of the historic places of the Hoosier State. Here it was under the famous elm, whose branches stretch 154 feet, that the first Constitution of the State was drawn up and signed. The old stone building that was first used as a State capitol still stands in the public square and is used for a courthouse. Judge C. W. Cook, who made the address of welcome at Corydon to the excursionists, related historic incidents and read a copy of a hitherto unpublished letter written by Henry Clay to Dennis Pennington, who built the old stone building in 1813. Pennington had come across the Cumberland mountains from Virginia with Henry Clay in 1797 and wrote the letter in 1832, calling his attention to an incident that happened on the journey. The great Commoner replied with an interesting letter, which is now in the possession of a descendant of Pennington.

The Kentucky Colonels were made to feel at home as soon as the train reached the Corydon Junction, where they were met by about thirty representative citizens of Corydon. L. M. O'Bannon, of the Corydon Democrat, who was chairman of the Reception Committee, said that it was the general impression that the Ohio river divided Kentucky and Indiana, but that the correct theory was that the river connected the two States. This remark put the party in a good humor and a hasty trip was made to the buffet car. It was soon shown that Kentucky Bourbon is thicker than water and forms a stronger connecting link between Kentuckians and Hoosiers than even the Ohio river. Corydon is a "dry" town.

* * *

Welcome By Ex-Kentuckian.

As soon as the train arrived there a procession was formed and headed by the First Regiment Band the visitors twere escorted by the Reception Committee around the public square to the courthouse yard, where an informal meeting was held. Editor O'Bannon presided and introduced Judge Cook, who made the address of welcome. Judge Cook is a native of Kentucky, but has been a resident of Indiana for

Two Silk Specials
For Wednesday.

59c For 20-inch Fancy Silks, in small checks and stripe combinations; extra quality; beautiful assortment for jumper costumes and separate waists; real value 85c.

69c For 21-inch Silks, in plain and fancy combinations, Checked and Striped Taffetas and Louisine; this line is complete with all this season's latest productions; values up to $1.00.

Don't forget to ask to see our Waist Lengths which we are selling at less than cost.

John L. Lewis & Co.
INCORPORATED.

Santa Fe
All the Way

California and back for one fare

$62.50
From Chicago

$57.50
From St. Louis

First-class, April 25 to May 18.
Return limit, July 31.

You may ride on The California Limited and enjoy Fred Harvey meals.

Side trips to Grand Canyon of Arizona and Yosemite Valley cost a few dollars more.

Personally-conducted Shriners excursions.

Drop me a postal to-day for souvenir booklet, "California Summer Outings," and excursion folders.

F. A. Burnett, Gen. Agent, A. T. & S. F. Ry., 209 Traction Building, Cincinnati.

about twenty-five years. He began his speech by saying that he welcomed the Louisville people to the "best town in Indiana" and then told something about the town to prove his assertion. He referred to the many manufacturing and commercial industries of his town and wide-awake citizens. "You have just held a Greater Louisville Exposition," said he, "and therefore you think you are the only people that make anything, but we want you to know that Corydon is a manufacturing town and the best in Indiana."

The unpublished Clay letter, which Judge Cook read, is as follows:

Washington, 27th May, 1832.—Dear Sir: I received your favor of the 17th inst. It was in the fall of 1797 I made my trip from Virginia to Kentucky and I have a distinct recollection of the incident you relate respecting Mr. Polly. I remember being struck with surprise at his traveling on foot with so much ease and rapidity, and, having my sympathies warmly excited in his behalf, they prompted me to advance to him the small sum mentioned by you.

It affords me satisfaction to hear that you have approved of my Land Report. I aimed in it to do justice to both old and new States and I think the plan it proposes, if adopted, would attain that object. Some of the Senators from the new States, not satisfied with my plan, are attempting to get more for their States, and if they should defeat the measure I propose they will get nothing. Our fellow-citizens in the new States should recollect the golden rule of equality, according to which the interests of all parts of the Union should be consulted. If you should visit Kentucky, as you intimate, I hope you will come, I see me at my house, where it will give me much pleasure to meet you. I am respectfully, your ob. servt., H. CLAY.

Dennis Pennington, Esq.

* * *

Town Both "Wet" and "Dry."

Judge Cook referred to the fact that the visitors had found the town wet, as it had been raining before their arrival, but also said that the town was "dry" and deprecated the fact that they could not greet the visitors in true Kentucky style. "But what we have," said he, "we give you freely and with our whole hearts."

Col. W. W. Hite responded briefly on behalf of the Board of Trade, thanking the people of Corydon for their welcome and mentioning the fact that Kentucky would have a big State Fair in September. He then introduced Congressman Swagar Sherley, who spoke in part as follows:

In reference to the old saying that blood is thicker than water, I would recall to your memories the fact that Indiana owes much of her greatness to the Kentuckians who crossed the river and helped to make the State. We know who fought at Vincennes, and Kentucky blood has hallowed the ground. Though we have a claim upon you, we do not mean to press it. We come to offer, not to ask. We have received a welcome, and we give one as warm in return. The metropolis of Kentucky stands with open arms to welcome you, as the gateway of Kentucky and the South. It is a distinct pleasure to stand on this historic spot, and to hear read the words of one of the greatest of Kentuckians. Trade is not warfare—it is the exchange of mutual benefits. We expect to give, as well as to take.

Mr. Sherley made humorous reference to the allusion of Judge Cook, saying that there are more "dry" counties in Kentucky than Indiana, and that a man can go farther with a thirst there than anywhere else. "When you want to quench that thirst," he added amid laughter, "you can get a drink that has no headache for the morning after."

The following gentlemen composed the Reception Committee of the Corydon business men who met the excursionists at Corydon Junction and accompanied them to Corydon: L. M. O'Bannon, of the Corydon Democrat, chairman; Carl Miller, Alex. Miller, O. M. Wolf, L. C. Keller, Thomas Hudson, Victor Riely, Frank R. Wright, B. F. Fuller, George Applegate, Frank Self, W. H. Keller, C. T. Trotter, M. Griffin, R. L. Miller, J. J. Bullett, William Mitchell, V. H. Bullett, Joe Bender, C. H. Taulman, F. O. Jordan, W. H. Rosenberger, E. L. Pitman, C. W. Conrad, H. W. Denve, A. B. Linder, C. H. Ginkins.

* * *

An Informal Stop.

Milltown, the village of the lime manufacturing plants, where much Louisville capital is invested, was the next stop. No regular programme had been arranged for this place, but a large party of citizens had gathered at the station and about fifteen minutes were spent in social intercourse with the merchants of the little town. Dr. A. H. Rhodes, president of the town council, headed the local merchants in welcoming the visitors and made the introductions. The First Regiment Band gave a concert on the station platform and S. S. Blitz mounted a baggage truck and told the people of Milltown something about the Gateway City of the South, and invited them all to pay the city a visit during the Kentucky State Fair next September. Milltown is another "dry" town and for this reason it was not possible to invite the residents of Milltown to inspect the wonders of the buffet car.

The next stop was at Marengo, where the train stopped for five minutes and the band gave the residents of the village a concert. No regular programme had been adopted for this place, and the few minutes were spent in talking with the business men.

* * *

English Does Honors.

English, where the next stop was made, is a town of about 1,500 inhabitants and boasts of an operahouse. As soon as the train arrived the excursionists were met by members of the Reception Committee and escorted to the operahouse, where mutual felicitations were indulged in. As the train was half an hour late when it arrived at English, the excursionists remained but half an hour, whereas it was scheduled to remain an hour.

The Reception Committee was headed by W. F. Richards, chairman, and composed of Dr. C. D. Luckett, F. R. Gibbel, C. S. Temple, W. L. Gregory, Sam Berry, John L. Luckett and John M. Miller. Notwithstanding the fact that it was the noon hour there was a large crowd at the operahouse to greet the visitors, and among them many ladies. John H. Luckett welcomed the Kentucky Colonels. He referred to Louisville as the commercial center of Southern Indiana and said that the fact that her merchants had acquired a reputation for honest dealing, and integrity and possessed adequate facilities had attracted and would continue to attract merchants of English to the Gateway City. He expressed the hope that the channels of trade between Louisville and English would be broadened and deepened so that the volume of trade might be greatly increased. He introduced Col. Hite, who responded on behalf of the Board of Trade, which, he said, was the oldest commercial organization south of the Ohio river. He said that what this section of the country needed was more railroads, more electric roads and a nine-foot stage in the Ohio river. With these increased facilities, he said, the country would prove to be the garden spot of the world.

* * *

Col. Belknap Speaks.

Col Hite then introduced Col. Morrs B. Belknap, who said that the words of Mr. Luckett in regard to the honesty of Louisville merchants had been music to his ears. He told the people of English that to live up to that reputation would be the highest ideal of Louisville business men. Col. Belknap referred to an experience of his youth, when he was told by an old colored servant that there was "mighty good fishing over in Indiany," "I have always heard that where there is good fishing there are good people, and it has long been my desire to visit Indiana. I can say that the realization fully equals the anticipation."

Col. Belknap spoke of the growing importance of Louisville as a market of the country, and extended a hearty invitation to the people of English to visit the Falls City. The hosts were then invited to the buffet car, where refreshments were served.

Oakland City, a town of about 2,000, in an agriculturti community, was reached at 6:10 p. m., forty minutes behind the schedule time, and again the stay was shortened. There was a large crowd of business men, also many ladies at the station, and after a short concert by the band Col. Hite mounted a baggage truck and introduced Col. M. B. Belknap, who informed the people of Oakland City of the purpose of the visit of the "Heads of Houses."

* * *

Cordial At Princeton.

One of the most cordial receptions accorded was that given by the Princeton Business Men's League. Notwithstanding the fact that the train did not arrive unil 7 o'clock, a most inconvenient hour for receiving guests, there was a large crowd at the station. After a march through the principal streets of the little city the excursionists went to the new Elks' clubsouse at the door of which they were greeted by members of the Reception Committee of Elks and business men. They were escorted to the handsome lodge rooms. Mayor R. A. Cushman, of Princeton, bade the visitors welcome. A male quartet sang "My Old Kentucky Home," provoking loud cheers from the Kentuckians. James B. Gamble welcomed the "Heods of Houses" on behalf of the Elks, and Col. Hite responded for the Board of Trade. He introduced Mr. Blitz, who brought greetings from Mayor Barth and told several pertinent stories entertainingly. Congressman Sherley then made one of those little speeches for which he is famous and expressed the sentiment that Kentucky and Indiana are bound together by close ties naturally and that the citizens of the two States, coming from the same stock, should be as citizens of one State.

It seemed that half of the town accompanied the Kentuckians to the station, and after a visit to the "baggage coach ahead," which was the most popular rendezvous on the train, cried a farewell as the excursionists left at 8 o'clock for old Vincennes.

SAM W. SEVERANCE.

START MADE WITHOUT DELAY.

Businesslike Punctuality Shown By "Heads of Houses."

Promptly at 7:30 o'clock yesterday morning the Board of Trade's "Heads of Houses" excursion to Southern Indiana towns pulled out of the Seventh-street station, carrying about sixty-five representatives of Louisville's wholesale business interests. Those who made the trip began assembling as early as 7 o'clock at the Board of Trade building, Third and Main trets, where they received badges and registered. At 7:15, headed by the First Regiment Band, which was playing the "Heads of Houses" March, especially arranged for the occasion, the entire body of business men marched from the Board of Trade building to the Seventh-street station.

Col. W. W. Hite, president of the Board of Trade, was in charge of the train and was ably assisted by his lieutenants. On account of the illness of his wife, Marion E. Taylor, who is chairman of the committee in charge of the excursion, was unable to go and Col. Hite was assisted in looking after the guests by the other members of his committee, David Hirsch, J. M. Ryan and Morris B. Belknap. J. J. Telford, secretary of the Transportation Committee of the Board of Trade, who had had a great part of the work to do in arranging for the excursion, worked some spell over the excursionsists so that there was no delay whatever, as all those who had pledged to go were at the Board of Trade building on time. Mr. Telford had had the detail work of making arrangements for the trip on his shoulders, and had done his work well.

The special train was made up of three Pullmans and two baggage cars, in which were carried refreshments to regale the inner man and to show the merchants of the Indiana towns and cities to be visited what Kentucky hospitality is. C. H. Hungerford, district passenger agent of the Southern railway, and R. S. Brown, district passenger agent of the B. and O. S.-W. railway, accompanied the merchants in order to see that everything was made pleasant on the thip for them. The trip will be made over the Southern and the B. andw O. S.-W. The railroads had provided a fine train for the excursionists and every convenience for their comfort.

* * *

List of Those Present.

Mayor Paul C. Barth was unable to go on the trip, as he had intended, and S. S. Blitz, former president of the Board of Councilmen, went as the official representative of the city. The Hon. Swagar Sherley, Congressman from the Fifth district, was also one of the excursionists. The complete list of those who were follows:

H. B. Milliken, J. B. Speed & Co.
J. D. Guthrie and H. C. Warren, Jr., Ballard & Ballard.
Will Hardy, Brinly-Hardy Company.
Morris B. Belknap, Belknap Hardware and Manufacturing Company.
J. M. Ryan and R. S. Brown, B. and O. S.-W.
W. E. Barringer and W. H. Bradbury, Carter Dry Goods Company.
Ben S. Read, Cumberland Telephone Company.
James Clarke, Jr., of the James Clarke Company.
Caldwell Norton, Commercial Bank and Trust Company.
William Finniger, California Fig Syrup Company.
John J. Saunders, R. G. Dunn and Co.
C. A. Edinger, Edinger & Co.
E. C. German, George G. Fetter & Co.
Wade Sheltman, Franklin Printing Company.
George B. Woodward, Fairbanks-Morse Company.
W. H. Brohm and W. H. Dennes, Grainger & Co.
David Hirsch, Hirsch Bros. & Co.
Col. W. W. Hite.
W. R. Platt and Owen Gathright, Harbison & Gathright.
C. Klinger, Illinois Central.
Gideon C. Jones, Jones Bros. & Co.
John J. Shelley, Kentucky Wagon Manufacturing Company.
B. A. Duerson, Louisville National Banking Company.
W. A. Bigelow, Louisville Paper Company.
Ben R. Gray, Louisville Packing Company.
George H. Laib, the Laib Company.
John H. Barrickman, Louisville and Nashville railroad.
Calvin M. Duke, Louisville Water Company.
Thomas C. Mapother with D. G. Mapother.
E. O. Talcott, National Caskett Company.
H. W. Newman.
Harry E. Pfingst, Robinson Bros.
Charles B. Norton and L. N. Watts, the J. M. Robinson-Norton Company.
Charles P. Frick, Robinson-Pettit Company.
John J. Schulten, J. J. Schulten & Co.
E. M. Jones, Southern railway.
William Thalheimer, Streng & Thalheimer.
Julius Winter, Jr.
W. M. Atkinson, Washburne-Crosby Company.
N. V. McMullan, Wright & Taylor.
S. S. Blitz.
Boone Redins, Kentucky State Fair.
Swagar Sherley.
G. E. Johnson, Courier-Journal.
Edward Fitzpatrick, Louisville Times.
Gus D. Crain, the Louisville Herald.
Lee L. Robinson, Evening Post.
Samuel W. Severance, Courier-Journal.

* * *

Boosting State Fair.

The Kentucky State Fair Association sent Boone Redins, one of its assistant secretaries, on the trip, armed with 50,000 folders calling attention to the "big show" which will be given here from September 16 to 21. In large letters at the top of the folders are the words, "We Have Come to See You, Now Won't You Come to See Us?"

LONGWORTHS BID FAREWELL TO LOUISVILLE.

Leave In Fleischmann Automobiles On Long Journey To Cincinnati.

With many pleasant thoughts of Kentucky and Kentucky people, Mr. and Mrs. Nichols Longworth, who came to Louisville to witness the running of the Kentucky Derby, left yesterday afternoon in company with Mr. and Mrs. Julius Fleischmann for Cincinnati. The party started on the return trip at noon. The two big automobiles which brought them to Louisville were drawn up in front of The Seelbach some time before the time set for leaving, and attracted much attention, as they we reamong the largest machines ever seen here.

By the time the distinguished party was ready to embark the pavement in front of the hotel was blocked, and it required the assistance of the police to force a pathway to the curb. The automobiles were equipped for a muddy trip, and the wheels were chained to prevent the wheels from skidding.

May Withdraw From Texas.

New York, May 7.—Following a meeting of the Association of Life Insurance Presidents to-day a statement was issued in which it was intimated that the companies represented in the association would withdraw from Texas when the new insurance law of that State becomes effective June 1. The new legislation, which provides that 75 per cent. reserve on Texas policies should be invested in Texas securities is declared by the association to be confiscatory in its effect.

ANY WEAK PERSON

Can gain strength on

Grape-Nuts

FOOD

"There's a Reason."

LAW AND ORDER

Supreme Question, Says Mayor C. E. Woods.

HE DEFENDS MOVEMENT FOR STATE CONVENTION.

MAKES WARM REPLY TO OWENSBORO'S MAYOR.

"ONLY PATRIOT IN BUNCH."

Richmond, Ky., March 7.—[Special.]—Mayor Clarence E. Wods to-night gave out the following in response to the letter of Mayor O'Bryan, of Owensboro, in which the latter declined an invitation to attend the coming law and order convention in Louisville:

Mayor's Office, Richmond, Ky., May 7, 1907.—The Hon. W. M. O'Bryan, Mayor, Owensboro, Ky.—Dear Sir: I have read in the Courier-Journal and Times of today an open letter from you, spurning the invitation I sent you to attend a "Convention of Friends of Law and Order Throughout Kentucky," at the Masonic Temple, Louisville, May 14. You emphatically decline to have anything to do with this convention on five grounds, viz.:

"First—A law and order movement can have no reason for existence in any community unless that community lacks the two primal elements mentioned in the title of the proposed organization.

"Second—There is plenty of law, there are able and just Judges to define it, and there are honest, conscientious and upright executives to enforce it.

"Third—There is no State in the Union or country under the sun where the law is more fully obeyed or more rigidly enforced than in Kentucky."

Fourth—You say you "would blush with shame if the imputations cast upon us from the outside, that Kentucky is the abode of lawlessness, were proven to be true."

Fifth—You "equally blush that any set of men owing her allegiance and bound in every way to defend her good name should make this accusation—void of truth as it is."

* * *

The Supreme Question.

Generally speaking, you emphatically deny that there is any need whatever in Kentucky of a quickening of the public conscience, or for the elimination of false standards of duty from the consciences of officials called to stations as sacred as that of the minister who officiates at the communion table.

I apprehend you are so blinded by false State pride, and the horizon of your vision is so circumscribed that you are unable to realize that the supreme question today, from Marthas Vineyard to Abe Ruef's San Francisco, is the enforcement of the law!

Your defense of your State and mine is all very well—away from home, where "Kentucky whisky" and Bloody Breathitt" are the greetings you'll receive on every hand. Save your blushes for your travels, and you will wear crimson cheeks until you return home. I spent two winters at the Nation's capital and met all classes of people, from everywhere. I was anxious at first to say I was from Kentucky, but I got tired of being asked "How close to do you live to Breathitt county?" In offices or drawing-rooms it was all the same.

Kentucky is outliving her family and political feuds, but she is far from being the paragon you profess to think she is.

Is Lebanon, the place of your birth and mine, "lacking in the primal elements of law and order?" Lebanon has a Law and Order League.

Is Somerset, the Humming Bee of Southern Kentucky, lacking in civilization? She has a league to inculcate the majesty of law and order.

Because Versailles, "the asparagus bed of the univrse," has a Law and Order League you would brand her officials as "weak, corrupt, or inefficient."

Richmond, Nicholasville, Harrodsburg, Georgetown, Paris and scores of other Kentucky cities have similar organizations. What does it all mean?

It means primarily that those cities which has thrown off the yoke of the whisky and race track power, and those which will eventually do so, intend to organize and wield hereafter a more powerful influence in the affairs of this Commonwealth than have the liquor interests, the chief head and organized representative of the lawless class in Kentucky, for the past quarter of a century!

Recognizing the value of an organization Statewide in its scope, the ninety-nine counties now rescued from their supremest enemy, have sounded the bugle call to arms, and ask the forces of law and order throughout Kentucky to rally to their common standard and enlist in a war that will be waged wherever a conflict arises between the forces of lawlessness and good government.

* * *

"What Can Officials Do?"

What can or will officers do if public sentiment is not mobilized at their backs? Circuit Judges need this moral backing as well as do our policemen.

You ask: "Has Owensboro any need of a Law and Order League or any other organization to tell her officials their duty and direct them in its performances?" Thus you would repel all suggestions or aid from incorruptible citizens, who, I presume, placed you where you are, whilst other officers, like myself, realizing often the impotency of individual, unaided effort, would welcome the irresistible power of organized public sentiment. Judge Frank Peak, of the Henry Circuit Court, in to-day's Courier-Journal, in an item right alongside yours, "called especial attention to the local-option laws and urged citizens of the town to assist the jury in every way possible and aid the court in punishing any who violate what has been declared to be the law!"

Which will the good people of Daviess indorse—the view of Mayor O'Bryan or that of Judge Peak? Verily, the county of Daviess, which lately went dry, thank God, and all the neighboring counties are in need of several law and order leagues to secure to their defenseless, law-abiding citizens the fruits of their recent great victory, when on the same day the county seat, Owensboro, voted wet.

And now, Mayor O'Bryan, I wish to say that I have watched your course as Mayor with admiration until you threw your influence at your late election on the side of the breweries, distilleries and barrooms and all their train of evils. I do not expect such advocates of these destructive agencies approve the call issued for a "Convention of Friends of Law and Order." The invitation was inadvertently mailed to you. Among all the citizens and officers, of high and low degree, irrespective of politics, religion, class or color, you are the only patriot in the bunch. Respectfully,

CLARENCE E. WOODS, Mayor.

RAIDERS AT WORK.

Carroll County Planters Urged To Join the Pool.

Ghent, Ky., May 7.—[Special.]—The raiders have been at work in Carroll county, tearing up the tobacco beds. Two of the wealthiet planters in this county, Alex and Lem Thompson, have suffered damage to their tobacco beds from unknown parties.

Notices have also been posted in this section, warning those not already in the pool that they must go in at once. The notices give them fifteen days in which to join the pool.

The planters here are determined not to be forced into any such action by these notices. There is a disposition among them to attend to their own affairs and, if necessary, to protect their property. They take the position, it is said, that they will go into the pool if they deem it wise and proper, but that they will not be forced to do so by any threats.

LIBERTY FOR MANY.

Convicts Granted Paroles By State Prison Commission.

Frankfort, Ky., May. 7.—[Special.]—The State Prison Commission to-day granted paroles in cases as follows: George Thomas Davis, of Jefferson county, sent up June 8, 1906, for two years for manslaughter. Davis is a negro. John E. Brown, of Lincoln county, sent up September 6, 1888, for for life for murder. He was sent up from Greenup county. Thomas Brown, of Laurel county, sent up October 28, 1901, for life for murder. He was only sixteen years old at the time of conviction for killing a woman. Clark Taylor, of Fayette county, sent up June 26, 1901, for twelve years for manslaughter; Daniel Carr, of Whitley county, sent up May 29, 1900, for twenty-one years for manslaughter. He killed Sid Baker, a brother-in-law of Jim Howard; James Creed, of Bell county, sent up December 24, 1906, for two years for horse stealing. He is said to be ill of consumption.

Ballard Barker, of Menefee county, an inmate of the State penitentiary, fell through an elevator shaft at the institution to-day and sustained injuries which are serious. He is serving a life sentence for murder, and it was at first thought that he attempted suicide. He recovered sufficiently to state that the fall was accidental.

MOTION FOR REMOVAL

In Case of Turnpike Supervisor Redmon of Bourbon.

Paris, Ky., May 7.—[Special.]—County Attorney Thomas E. Moore, Jr., at a meeting of the Bourbon County Fiscal Court, filed a motion and grounds for the removal of Turnpike Supervisor Claude F. Redmon on six charges, alleging that Turnpike Supervisor Redmon had refused to let out the turnpikes of Bourbon county to the lowest and best bidder at the courthouse door on County Court day in March, 1907, as ordered by the Bourbon Fiscal Court at its meeting in February, after having previously advertised all of the turnpikes in the county to be so let for more than twenty days prior to said court day. The court ordered the motion spread upon the records and set May 17 as the day for hearing.

FOR STATE TREASURER

Capt. Ed Farley Announces On Republican Ticket.

Paducah, Ky., May 7.—[Special.]—Capt. Ed Farley, of this city, one of the best-known Republicans in Western Kentucky, and prominent for many years in local politics, to-day announced his candidacy for the Republican nomination for State Treasurer. Capt. Farley will have the backing of the First district solid for the office, his friends state, and it is believed that in return for the delegation from Western Kentucky, the Willson contingent in Louisville will deliver a big batch of votes to Capt. Farley. Local Republicans will defer the city convention until after the State convention, and it is probable that James P. Smith, a well-known financier, will be nominated for Mayor.

CONVICTED OF BIGAMY.

Clay County Man Gets Sentence of Three Years.

Richmond, Ky., May 7.—[Special.]—In the Circuit Court to-day Dan Whitamore, of Clay county, was convicted on the charge of bigamy and sentenced to the penitentiary for three years.

Steve Turner was tried on the charge of shooting and wounding William Findley and given three years in the penitentiary. The shooting occurred on election day two years ago at Bear Wallow. Findley was an officer of election and attempted to arrest Turner. It will be remembered that Turner broke jail along with Frank Ball, Jim Turner and William Saylor. He was recently captured at Springfield, O.

DECISION FROM BENCH

Rendered By Judge Kirk In Pike Circuit Court.

Pikesville, Ky., May 7.—[Special.]—The hearing in the case of the Virginia land granters against the citizens of the mountains of East Kentucky was held before Judge Kirk in the Pike Circuit Court, Pikeville, yesterday and Tuesday. T. H. Harmon represented the land granters. W. H. Watsworth, of Maysville, Ky., made an able argument. Judge Kirk rendered a decision from the bench dismissing the petition of the Eastern Kentucky Coal Lands Corporation. A similar judgment had heretofore been entered by the Circuit Courts of Knott, Floyd and Fletcher counties.

WOMAN ENDS HER LIFE.

Young Wife Swallows Carbolic Acid With Fatal Result.

Georgetown, Ky., May 7.—Lulu Lutes, wife of Columbus Lutes, a plumber, this afternoon committed suicide by taking carbolic acid. She was only nineteen years of age and had been married barely two years. It is claimed family differences brought on a quarrel with which the husband left her this morning. Pinned to her dress was a note in which she expressed sorrow for having caused him so much trouble and wishing him a happy future. She was the daughter of Joe Hawkins, a carpenter. No children survive.

A NATIVE OF GERMANY.

Charles Unverzagt, Aged Eighty-six YearsG, Dies At Henderson.

Henderson, Ky., May 7.—Charles Unverzagt, aged sixty-six years, one of Henderson's wealthy business men, died here after an illness of several months. He was born in Brunswick, Germany, and came when he was seventeen. He is survived by four sons and five daughters.

DEATH COMES SUDDENLY

To Member of Celebrated Marshall Family of Kentucky.

Maysville, Ky., May 7.—Robert T. Marshall, member of the celebated Marshall family of Kentucky, died this morning at his home near here of acute indigestion. He was taken ill at midnight and died before a physician could be gotten. He was forty-six years old and leaves a widow and six children.

WORK OF RAIDERS.

Two Plant Beds Near Peedee Scraped By Unknown Parties.

Hopkinsville, Ky., May 7.—Two plant beds on the farm of David Wolf, near Peedee, belonging to Shed Wallace, a share hand, were scraped by night raiders. In one of the beds a grave was dug. Mr. Wolf is eighty-six years old, and has his farm worked by croppers.

SIXTY YOUNG MEN NOW WRITE D. D. S.

College of Dentistry Will Not Consolidate With University of Louisville.

Sixty students were presented with diplomas at the twentieth commencement of the Louisville College of Dentistry, held last night at the Mary Anderson Theater. The exercises were witnessed by a large audience that filled the entire theater. Every seat was taken, and nothing but standing room was to be had. Long before the curtain went up, the ushers were kept busy carrying flowers and presents brought by the many friends and relatives of the graduating class.

The announcement of the College of Dentistry was made by Dr. H. B. Tileston, who spoke of the excellence of the class, and Louisville as an educational center. He said that not long ago an article was published in one of the papers that the College of Dentistry would be consolidated with the contemplated new university, but said that it was a mistake and that the college would continue to be under the direction of the trustees of the Central University of Danville.

Candidates for the degree were presented by Dr. W. E. Grant, dean of the college. Those awarded honor medals are as follows: N. B. French, first honor medal; E. N. Johnsen, secondl honor medal, and H. W. Lundell, senior class medal. The Rev. Alonzo Monk delivered the chief address. His talk was full of humor and replete with interesting stories.

The exercises were concluded with the university announcement delivered by President F. W. Hinitt, Pr. D., D. D.

HARGIS CASE UP FOR TRIAL

(Continued From First Page.)

to have the special venire of 300 men from Scott county in court.

Will A. Young, who has been one of the Hargis attorneys in several of the Breathitt chief trials, arrived here tonight from his home at Mt. Sterling. He will not, however, appear as counsel in the Hargis trial here, the object of his visit being to confer with Attorney O. H. Pollard with reference to the appeal on Judge Carnes' transfer of the Hargis case from Breathitt to Elliott county, which is expected to come up next week in the Court of Appeals. Mr. Pollard said he hoped the Court of Appeals would decide the matter next week.

MRS. THAW'S PITTSBURG HOME MORTGAGED

EXTRAORDINARY EFFORTS EXERTED TO KEEP RECORD SECRET.

Pittsburg, May 7.—"Lyndhurst," the pretentious home of Mrs. William Thaw has been mortgaged for $100,000, according to the Leader to-night. The mortgage was secured some time ago, the book containing the record had been hidden, according to this newspaper, and information concerning the document did not become public until today. The interest charged is 5½ per cent. and the mortgage is held by the Fidelity Title and Trust Company. It will mature in three years.

The paper was drawn in New York on March 7, 1907, and was witnessed by Clifford W. Hartridge, of Harry Thaw's counsel, and John P. Meagher, a notary. Extraordinary efforts were made to keep the mortgage secret.

LONGWORTHS VISIT THE STATE CAPITAL.

Congressman and Wife Spend Night At Frankfort—Will Start For Lexington This Morning.

Frankfort, Ky., May. 7.—[Special.]—Congressman and Mrs. Nicholas Longworth, Mr. and Mrs. Julius Fleischmann, of Cincinnati, and Mr. and Mrs. D. Gray Falconer, of Lexington, arrived here tonight en route from Louisville to Cincinnati and are registered at the Capitol Hotel. They will proceed on to Lexington to-morrow morning.

DISCOURAGING AGRICULTURAL REPORT FOR MONTH OF APRIL.

Frankfort, Ky., May 7.—[Special.]—Not at all encouraging is the report of the State Agricultural Department for the month of April, issued to-day by Commissioner Hubert Vreeland. With the thermometer several times below freezing point during the month, following the warm spell during March, the Commissioner says the month of April will long be remembered by agriculturists as the most unfavorable for many years. His correspondents in the several sections of the State report the peach crop as practically all killed; the March corn a failure; tobacco off eight and ten points from last year, and the forward wheat supposed to be materially injured, bringing the condition down in one month as much as ten points.

The report is as follows:

"Office of Commissioner of Agriculture, Frankfort, Ky., May 7, 1907.—The month of April will long be remembered as the coldest and most unfavorable for crops and spring work for many years. The weather was cool and damp from the 1st up to the 24th of the month. The thermometer several times registered below freezing. The warm, dry spell in March had caused quite a good deal of corn to be planted. This was a complete failure, as all had, or will have to be planted again. The forward wheat where it had begun to joint, is supposed to be materially injured, bringing the condition down in one month ten points. The oat crop was also damaged by freezing at the time of germination.

The peach crop is nearly all killed. Plums, cherries, pears and apples suffered considerably, but not to the extent of the peach crop.

There is a general complaint of scarcity of tobacco plants. The seed, from some cause, failed to germinate as well as usual. The frost killed a good many where they were well advanced. For the first time, the flea bug is reported to have done considerable damage to them under canvass. The yield of Burley of the 1906 crop is estimated at 90 per cent. of the crop of 1905. There is also a falling off of eight points in dark crop; estimated at 92 per cent. of the crop of 1905.

Grasses and pastures received quite a set back from the cold weather. The acreage to clover and alfalfa is very satisfactory considering the failures in clover the last few years and the high price of seed.

The numbers of cattle being fed and grazed are less than last year. Hogs have also suffered a loss in numbers. The number of lambs is nearly up to the standard.

The potato crop is an average in acres. The outlook from present conditions is not flattering or very encouraging to the farmers.

SITE OFFERED FOR BRANCH LIBRARY.

Rush-Shriner Property May Be Purchased By the Portland Taxpayers.

For a site for the Portland branch of the Louisville Free Public Library the Rush-Shriner property, on Portland avenue, between Twenty-fifth and Twenty-sixth streets, 72x210 feet, will be offered to the trustees of the library by the Portland Taxpayers' League, and in case the site meets the approval of the trustees the property will be purchased and presented to the Free Public Library.

A report of a special committee selected to procure a suitable site for a branch library was presented at a meeting of the Portland Taxpayers' League last night, and it was decided to offer the Rush-Shriner site. It is within one block of the temporary headquarters of the branch library, and seems to meet with the approval of the people in Portland. The title to the property is being looked up, and in case the site meets the approval of the library trustees, it will be purchased and presented to the trustees so that a library building can be erected at once.

* * *

His Natural Question.

"The late spring," began Deacon Botts. "Has the feeble critter finally expired?" Uncle Billy Begosh made all possible haste to ask.

MRS. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP

has been used by Millions of Mothers for their children while Teething for over Fifty Years. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for diarrhœa.

TWENTY-FIVE CENTS A BOTTLE.

STEWART DRY GOODS CO.
[Business Established Sixty Years.]

NEW YORK STORE

MILLINERY DEPARTMENT— Second Floor.
SALE OF
IMPORTED PATTERN HATS
TO-DAY.

Special showing and sale of Imported Hats for the racing season. This display includes all the late styles from New York and Paris, in the exclusive designs and trimmed effects.

Prices range $18.00, $20.00, $25.00.

Showing an attractive line of Dressy Trimmed Hats in the latest shapes and shades, at reduced prices. $10.00, $12.00 and $14.00.

SILK DEPARTMENT— Second Floor
SALE TO-DAY
HOT WEATHER SILKS
AT REDUCED PRICES.

All Silk Tussah Pongee, 24 inches wide. Regular price 75c.
Reduced to 58c Yard.

Extra heavy quality Tussah Pongee, 26-inch width. Regular price 89c.
Reduced to 75c Yard.

Extra heavy 36-inch Tussah Pongee. Regular price $1.50.
Reduced to $1.00 Yard.

Sixth Floor.
A SERIES OF LECTURES
AND
FREE INSTRUCTION
ON FINE BAKING, PREPARING SALADS, ETC.
DINING HALL, SIXTH FLOOR.
PROMPTLY AT 3 O'CLOCK,
THURSDAY AFTERNOON.

Mrs. Bertha Haffner, a teacher of national reputation and an artist in her particular line, will give to the ladies of Louisville and vicinity a series of free instructions in the art of fine baking, preparing salads, etc. This is an opportunity that every lady in Louisville should avail herself of, especially those of the Church Aid Societies. Mrs. Haffner has some valuable suggestions to offer the Aid Societies relative to increasing the church fund by this most interesting work.

A dainty luncheon will be served at the close of the lesson each afternoon.

Lessons begin promptly at 3 o'clock.

CHINA AND GLASSWARE— Basement
EXTRAORDINARY REDUCTION SALE
—OF—
CHINA AND GLASSWARE.

Thin Blown Table Tumblers, with small floral decorations; 75c dozen value—
Reduced to 60c dozen.

Thin Blown Table Tumblers; 60c dozen value—
Reduced to 40c dozen.

Reduced prices in English Flow Blue Open-stock Dinnerware—
Oatmeals, a 10c value—Reduced to..... 5c
Fruit Saucers, 8c value—Reduced to..... 5c
Dinner Plates, 18c value—Reduced to.....10c
Salads and Compotes, 25c val.—Reduced to 15c
Cups and Saucers, 18c value—Reduced to..10c

English Bone China Bouillons, in neat decorations; 50c value—
Reduced to 25c each.

SPECIAL—100-piece Decorated French China Dinner Sets; an assortment of 3 patterns to select from; regular $20.00 value—
Reduced to $15.00 Set.

SPECIAL—100-piece Grinley Semi-Porcelain Dinner Set, rosebud patterns with green border; regular $18.00 value—
Reduced to $12.50.

STEWART DRY GOODS CO.
(INCORPORATED.)
IN CONNECTION WITH JAMES McCREERY & CO., NEW YORK.
FOURTH AVENUE AND WALNUT STREET.

INCORPORATION ARTICLES

Filed In the Department of the Secretary of State.

Frankfort, Ky., May 7.—[Special.]—Incorporation articles were filed in Department of Secretary of State to-day as follows:

Central Stockyards Company, of Kentucky, of Jefferson county, with $300,000 capital stock.

Paducah and Illinois Ferry Company, of McCracken county, with $25,000 capital stock.

Farmers' Bank, of Hickman county, with $30,000 capital stock.

J. W. Kennedy Company, of Grant county, with $15,000 capital stock.

Monticello and Cooper Turnpike Company, of Wayne county, with $7,500 capital stok.

Taylorsville Creamery Association, of Spencer county, with $6,200 capital stock.

PIANOLAS.
CRIPPEN-ALLEN PIANO CO.
Fourth Ave., Op. Post-office.
(Incorporated.)

A-U-S-P-I-C-I-O-U-S

Cool weather, reduced prices and fresh-mined coal are three forcible arguments for the thrifty householder to consider, and when so considering the mind naturally turns to

"Camden" High-Grade Pittsburg Coal.

Ignites Quickly. Burns Brilliantly. Lasts Long.

CAMDEN COAL CO. Incorporated.

MAIN OFFICE 452 W. Jefferson | Both Phones 585 | W. C. WILLIAMS Pres. and Treas

May 6, 1907.

"Every Loaf Is Better."

EAT

CLEAN BREAD

Families Should Be Careful In Buying Bread.

How few ever stop to consider where the bread they eat comes from!

Rather important, don't you think?

One cannot be too careful in selecting their food—and especially bread.

The home of "Best" and "Aunt Sally's" Bread is a perfect sanitary bakery, where everything is kept scrutinizingly clean.

Every precaution is taken with the bread from the time the flour leaves the storage until it is baked for delivery.

The doors of our bakery are open to the public. We invite you to call, inspect, and learn just why you should eat "BEST" Bread.

GROCERS' BAKING CO.
(Incorporated.)

KRYPTOK

A One-Piece Invisible Bifocal Lens.

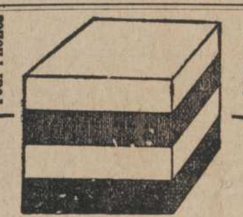
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Oculists' Prescriptions.

4th and Chestnut About June 1st.

Now 3d and Chestnut.

Four Phones 518-584



Cuscaden's Ice Cream

Made in all designs. We ship to all railway stations.

FACTORY 415 and 417 Second st.

SIX MONTHS' TREATMENT FOR ONE DOLLAR

Dr. Burkhart's VEGETABLE COMPOUND.

If you waken with a bad taste, sick, sour stomach, coated tongue, nervousness, roaring, buzzing sounds in the head, poor appetite, weakness of limbs, tired feeling, constipation, pains in side, back or under shoulder blades, it is a sure sign that you are in a diseased condition and in need of treatment. These are symptoms of Rheumatism, Catarrh, Kidney, Liver, Stomach and blood disorder. Therefore, go to your drug store and get a thirty days' treatment of Dr. Burkhart's Compound for twenty-five cents.

WEBER PIANOS.
CRIPPEN-ALLEN PIANO CO.
Fourth Ave., Op. Post-office.
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S. W. Cor. 3d and Green.
ABSOLUTELY FIREPROOF.
Household Goods $1.50 to $5 per Mo.
Boxes in Vault 25c to 50c per Mo.

Dies After Illness of a Day.

After an illness of but twenty-four hours, Alfred G. Ditto, of 1749½ Portland avenue, died of uremic poison yesterday morning. Mr. Ditto was employed by the Belknap Hardware Company, and was fifty-one years of age. He is survived by a wife and three children. Funeral services will be held at 2 o'clock this afternoon in the chapel at Cave Hill cemetery, and burial will be in Cave Hill. Mr. Ditto had been with the Belknap Company for many years.



Gigantic Waist Special
$1.33

For two days we shall feature these Waists. It's about the biggest thing we have ever done along this line, for there are 19 distinct styles. Forty-two dozen—504 Waists—and you get unrestricted choice of this monster collection at $1.33.

Every conceivable mode that is good and desirable will be found, for instance:

One style, with line trimming of tucks, lace and embroidery insertion.
Another in sheer white lawn, with wide and narrow combination of embroidery and insertion.
Another of Paris lawn, tailor-made style, with tuckings.
Another with an elaborate lace-trimmed yoke.
One with yoke of embroidery insertion.
The new Dutch neck, embellished with lace, embroidery and tucks.
A hand-embroidered pattern yoke of tucks.
A dainty sheer batiste, with graduated tucks, and so on ad libitum.

These Waists are crisp, fresh and inviting. Just the kind of garments that careful dressers like. They are underpriced for these two days just to attract attention to our magnificent Waist stock.

RAILROAD FARES REFUNDED.

Besten & Langen INCORPORATED

TO HIGHER COURT

KAUFMAN AND LAZARUS CASES WILL BE TAKEN

According To Announcement of Commonwealth's Attorney Allen—Other News From Lexington.

Lexington, Ky., May 7.—[Special.]—In the Circuit Court to-day Commonwealth's Attorney Allen announced that he would take the cases of Moses Kaufman and Fred Lazarus to the Court of Appeals. Judge Parker yesterday decided that the indictments charging Kaufman and Lazarus, while acting as election officers with illegally marking the ballots of voters, were defective, and on that ground dismissed them. Col. Allen claims that the indictments were properly formulated and will appeal to the higher court from Judge Parker's decision.

Judge Parker this morning also sustained the demurrers to the indictments against Chief of Police Reagan, Policemen J. L. Dineen and James Grant, and Detectives Denny McCarty and William Sullivan, who were indicted for remaining within fifty feet of an election poll. These indictments were dismissed on the ground that while the law designated the offense as a misdemeanor no penalty was prescribed.

The suit of L. D. Harney and others against the Fayette County Fiscal Court, asking that the jailer pay the expenses of caring for the court house instead of the Fiscal Court appropriating sums for that purpose, was submitted for the court's decision on briefs.

* * *

The Union Literary Society, of Kentucky State College, last night debated the following question: "Resolved, that Kentucky State College should be removed to Louisville." The judges decided by a majority vote that the burden of argument was in favor of the affirmative. B. F. Edwards and A. Reagan spoke for the affirmative, and Howard Payne and O. L. Shultz for the negative.

W. B. Bailey, who caused a sensation here yesterday by sending a communication to an afternoon paper intimating that he intended to commit suicide, alleging that his wife had deserted him, turned up this morning safe and sound with his wife by his side. The whole affair proceeded, it is said, from a family disagreement, and when the wife read her husband's tragic proclamation she hastened to return from Versailles, where she had been staying with friends and was met at their home in this city by her husband.

* * *

W. C. Warren and Dr. J. L. Lovett addressed the students during chapel exercises at Kentucky University this morning on the subject of the celebration of the centennial of the theological declaration on which the Church of the Disciples is founded, made by Thomas Campbell in Washington, Pa. This centennial celebration is to be held at Pittsburg, Pa., in 1909. Mr. Warren being secretary of the committee which is making the arrangements. Dr. Lovett is professor of astronomy at Princeton University. Mr. Warren and Dr. Lovett will go from here to Hiram College, O. They have already visited Drake University, Butler College and other educational institutions of the Christian Church.

* * *

J. H. Stidham, Town Marshal of Jackson, passed through Lexington to-day with B. H. Cornette, former Sheriff of Perry county, who is being taken back to Perry to be tried charged with having embezzled several thousand dollars of the county funds. He was arrested at Guthrie, Okla., by Marshal Stidham, and consented to return, declaring that he could arrange the trouble when he arrived in Jackson.

FIRST READING

PASSED BY THE COMMERCIAL MODUS VIVENDI.

Members of the Reichstag Think United States Is Gainer By the Agreement.

Berlin, May 7.—During the course of the debate in the Reichstag to-day on the commercial modus vivendi between the United States and Germany, which passed its first reading and was referred to a committee, Count von Schwerin Loewitz, Conservative, who had previously asserted that the agreement gave German industry infinitely fewer advantages than Germany gave the United States, said he wanted certain assurances from the Government beyond what Vice Chancellor Count von Posadowsky-Wehner had given the House.

Herr Kaempff, Radical, said he thought the measure must be interpreted from the standpoint of the political conditions in the United States and in view of the latter he believed the modus vivendi was all the German Government was able to attain at present and must under the circumstances please Germany because it is the first step toward a tariff or reciprocity treaty.

Dr. Stresemann, National Liberal, announced that the attitude of his party would depend on what assurances were given in committee. He admitted that President Roosevelt could not give more. Still the concessions made were not equivalent for the great advantages Germany had given the United States. The speaker added: "American customs chicanery must be removed or moderated. I object to the automatic prolongation of the modus vivendi if not denounced.

Herr Molkenbuhr, Socialist, said the Socialists were in favor of the agreement as being a step toward better conditions. He hoped the United States and Germany would abolish protective tariffs.

Dr. von Dirksen, the Conservative leader, said he was willing to accept the modus vivendi upon the condition that it is not to last above two or three years and if the House received proper assurances from the Government in committee.

MRS. MARY S. WELBURN DIES IN FLORIDA.

Mrs. Mary Schwing Welburn, widow of the Rev. Drummond Welburn, a member of the Kentucky Methodist Conference and well known throughout the State, died of old age at Orlando, Fla., Monday morning. The body is expected to arrive to-day and burial will be in Cave Hill cemetery. It is probable that funeral services will be held at 3 o'clock this afternoon at the Pearson undertaking establishment, Third avenue and Chestnut street, the Rev. B. M. Messick officiating.

Mrs. Welburn was before her marriage Miss Mary Schwing. She was born in Louisville and most of her life was spent here. She was a sister of the late Mrs. William Kendrick. She was eighty-four years of age and is survived by two sisters, Mrs. William Beynroth, of this city, and Mrs. Richard Cox, of St. Paul; a daughter, Mrs. Joseph Gurnsey, and three sons, Frank, Samuel and the Rev. William Welburn.

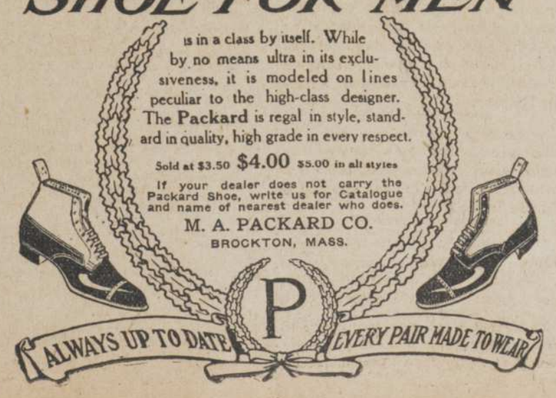
The Packard SHOE FOR MEN

is in a class by itself. While by no means ultra in its exclusiveness, it is modeled on lines peculiar to the high-class designer. The Packard is regal in style, standard in quality, high grade in every respect.

Sold at $3.50 $4.00 $5.00 in all styles

If your dealer does not carry the Packard Shoe, write us for Catalogue and name of nearest dealer who does.

M. A. PACKARD CO.
BROCKTON, MASS.



TO RELATIVES

James Henry Smith Gives Large Estate.

ONLY TWO CHARITY BEQUESTS IN HIS WILL.

EMPLOYES AND HOUSEHOLD SERVANTS REMEMBERED.

REAL ESTATE TO BE SOLD.

New York, May 7.—The will of the late James Henry Smith was made public in this city to-night. The value of the estate is estimated at not more than $25,000,000.

All his near kin receive legacies, and there are bequests to two local hospitals. The will provides for a direct heir, but of this, it is said, there is not a remote possibility.

His nephews, George Grant Mason and William Smith Mason, are the principal beneficiaries of the will, receiving two-thirds and one-third, respectively, of the residue.

George Grant Mason was until recently general superintendent of the Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad. William Smith Mason is a bank official at Evanston, Ill. It is understood the will will be offered for probate at Goshen, Orange county, tomorrow.

Mr. Smith died at Kioko, Japan, on March 26, while he and Mrs. Smith were on their bridal tour. The body was brought to this country. The funeral was held at St. Bartholomew's church to-day and interment was made at Woodlawn.

The will appoints his brother-in-law, Sir George Cooper, of Hurstley Park, Winchester, Baronet; his nephews, William Smith Mason, of Evanston, Ill.; George G. Mason, of Aberdeen, S. D., and George Simpson Eddy, of New York, and H. S. Leroy, of New York, executors and trustees of his will.

* * *

The Legacies.

The following legacies are made:

To his wife, Annie Armstrong Smith, in lieu of dower, the sum of $3,000,000, to be taken by her either in cash or in securities.

To her daughter, Anita Stewart, a life interest in 500 Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad 4 per cent. bonds of $1,000 each.

To his sister, May, Lady Cooper, wife of Sir George Cooper, a life interest in 1,000 Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul railroad 4 per cent. bonds of $1,000 each, the same to go to her children at her death.

To his sister, Mrs. Victor Rossbach, $250,000.

To his sister, Mrs. John Mills, $250,000.

In trust for the son of his brother, George Alexander Smith, of Evanston, Ill. $500,000.

To Mrs. William Zickrell, a cousin, of Phoenix, Ariz., $5,000.

To George S. Eddy and Thomas, sons of Mrs. Margaret Eddy, a cousin, of Chicago, $100,000 each.

To his niece, Mrs. Lucy Mason Vose, $200,000.

To Mrs. William Farrar, of Kenosha, a cousin, $50,000.

To his cousin James C. Keith, of Vancouver, $100,000.

To his butler and housekeeper, Mr. and Mrs. C. E. Downe, $10,000 each.

To his valet, John Piggott, $5,000.

To his coachman, John Kehoe, and to his coachman, William Davis, each $1,000.

To all employes and indoor and outdoor servants in his service at the time of his death and who shall have been in such service for five years immediately preceding, one year's wages in addition to wages then due.

To St. Luke's Hospital, of which he was a trustee, $100,000.

To the Orthopedic Hospital of New York, of which he was a trustee, $100,000.

All legacies are to be paid free of any legacy duty or other tax.

* * *

Real Estate To Be Sold.

All his residuary estate, real and personal, is to be converted into cash, his executors being instructed to sell his real estate, to give the first refusal of his New York residence, 871 Fifth avenue, to Harry Payne Whitney, of whom he bought the same. The executors are directed to hold all the residuary estate as trustees in trust for such children who, being sons or a son, attain the age of twenty-one, or being daughters, or a daughter, attain that age or marry; and if no child lives to attain a vested interest in said residuary estate the testator gives one-third thereof to his nephew, William Smith Mason, and two-thirds to his nephew, Grant Mason, absolutely.

In case any child of the testator lives to attain a vested interest in the residuary estate he gives $250,000 to William Smith Mason and $500,000 to George Grant Mason.

HARRY K. THAW HAS BIG INCOME.

Second Largest Share of Any of the Heirs of Father's Estate.

Pittsburg, May 7.—Four trustees' accounts under the will of William Thaw were filed for audit in the office of the Register of Wills to-day. The Fidelity Title and Trust Company, as trustees, prepared the accounts and will present them to the judges of Orphans' Court on Monday, June 3. The accounts are the second triennial ones, which have been made since the trust company took the affairs of the legacies under William Thaw's will into their hands, six years ago.

Harry Kendall Thaw is shown to have been the recipient of the second largest income of any of the heirs, nearly $60,000 having been paid to him from this source alone. This sum was exclusive of the income which he derives from various other bequests under his father's will.

The account of Harry Thaw shows there is due him, under the direct legacy allowed by his father, the sum of $439,554. The income from this, as invested by the trustee during the three years covered by the account, is $98,903. Of this sum, expenditures have been made covering the necessary expenses of the estate, bringing the amount actually paid him down to something less than $60,000.

DIPLOMATIC RELATIONS NOT YET SEVERED.

Mexico City, May 7.—According to the State Department to-day the Guatemalan question remains unchanged. Minister of Foreign Affairs Mariscal denied emphatically that diplomatic relations between the two countries had been broken off or that the preliminaries for such contingency had been planned.

Mexico has sent another and a stronger note to Guatemala insisting upon the delivery of Gen. Jose Lima, accused of instigating the murder of Gen. Manuel Lisandro Barillas, and also insisting upon the sending of Col. Onofre Bone as a witness in the Barrillas murder case.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

TO INQUIRE

Into Long Delay In Putting In Steel Fixtures.

FISCAL COURT AFTER COURT-HOUSE CONTRACTORS.

COUNTY ATTORNEY SUSPECTS STIFLED COMPETITION.

COMPANIES' AGENT DENIES.

The $54,000 contract for fitting the Circuit Clerk's office with steel fixtures and furniture let fourteen months ago by the Fiscal Court to the Art Metal Construction Company, of Jamestown, N. Y., and which has as yet been complied with only in a small degree, will be made the subject of a searching investigation by a committee of members of the court and the reason for the long delay in completing the work will be ascertained if possible. This step was taken by the Fiscal Court at its meeting yesterday morning as the result of a report filed by County Attorney R. W. Bingham in which he strongly intimated alleged collusion between the Bankers' Construction Company and the Art Metal Construction Company, which is said to have prevented competition when the contract was let. He also charged that the work so far as it had progressed was not satisfactory. The Bankers' Construction Company, which is a Cincinnati concern, makes a specialty of drawing plans for installing steel furniture and fixtures and was employed by the Fiscal Court about a year and a half ago to complete plans and specifications for the steel furniture in the Circuit Clerk's office. It had been previously determined to install this class of fixtures so that the building might be as fire proof as possible and the records carefully preserved. The specifications were drawn in due time and the Fiscal Court advertised for bids upon them. Aside from the Art Metal Construction Company there were two other bidders. One of them, however, withdrew his bid just before the time came for opening them. The other was ineligible because he had not produced the proper kind of samples. The contract was awarded to the Art Metal Construction Company.

* * *

Said To Represent Both.

Mr. Bingham charged that Max S. Goldsmith, the president of the Bankers' Construction Company, was also salesman and manager in this territory for the Art Metal Construction Company. His report states that there is a strong suspicion the plans drawn by the Bankers' Construction Company were of such a nature as to preclude any other competitors from bidding on the work. He charged that these specifications called for patents of which the Art Metal Construction Company alone had control or could use.

Sometime ago the Fiscal Court determined to install new steel furniture in the County Clerk's office and remove the fixtures now employed there to the basement to be used in storing old records. Yesterday had been the day for opening bids. Mr. Bingham, however, in his report strongly recommended that all bids on that work be rejected without examination. The court concurred in this suggestion in a motion put by Magistrate Hollis. At noon, the regular time for opening bids, the contents of the box were dumped out on the table around which the Magistrates were sitting. The only bid on the steel furniture for the County Clerk's office it contained was from the Art Metal Construction Company.

* * *

To Investigate Work.

Magistrate Hollis also offered the resolution by which the court decided to investigate the work on the Circuit Clerk's office contract. The court then resolved to allow the Art Metal Construction Company no further money upon its contract until the report of the investigation committee had been completed and laid before the court.

After Mr. Bingham's report had been presented, Magistrate Ed O'Connor, chairman of the Courthouse Committee, which has all along had immediate charge of the work on the courthouse, jumped to his feet and declared in vigorous terms that he courted a full investigation of the whole matter.

"I don't want suspicion hanging over me in regard to this thing," he said, "and it would suit me best if the court in the selection of an investigating committee would go outside of its members. I ask that we choose an investigating committee from the Bar Association, the Board of Trade or the Commercial Club. I want the whole thing shown up from start to finish. I ask that they be authorized to employ a private detective to look into it."

* * *

Put All Work Behind.

Magistrate O'Connor stated further that he had done all in his power to make the Art Metal Construction Company complete its work on time. The contract called for a completion of the work last October, but because of a change in the plans of the interior of the Circuit Clerk's office changes in the plans of the steel galleries which surround the walls were required. The company has written various letters to courthouse officials in answer to queries as to when completion may be looked for to the effect that these changes put all the work behind other work which had been booked since the contract was originally closed and that it had to take its regular turn. The members of the court, however, and other officials say that they don't understand how it is that if the company agreed to complete the work originally in about five months from the time the contract was signed why the delay occasioned by the change in part of it should extend over a period of seven months.

After completing his statement Magistrate O'Connor handed a letter to the clerk which he asked to have read. This letter was from Saunders P. Jones and was highly commendatory in its terms of the work done by the Art Metal Construction Company on the Paul Jones building.

* * *

Denies Any Collusion.

Max S. Goldsmith, who, with other members of the Bankers' Construction Company and Art Metal Construction Company, was present, then addressed the court relative to the charges of Mr. Bingham. He denied that there was any collusion between the two concerns for the purpose of excluding competition. Though admitting that he was president of the Bankers' Construction Company, he declared that he had nothing to do with its business.

"My connection with that firm," he said, "is merely a moral force." He denied that there were any exclusive patents called for in the Bankers' Construction Company's plans. Mr. Bingham had previously had an interview with Mr. Goldsmith on the subject. They held a heated colloquy as to their respective understandings of what passed between them at that interview.

Mr. Bingham was authorized by resolution to make such expenditures as will be necessary in getting up the evidence. Judge Wilson announced that he would appoint on the investigating committee Magistrate O'Connor, chairman; Magistrates Hoffman, Dorsey, Meglemry and Robb.

* * *

Objects To Stenographer.

Mr. Bingham made a report to the effect that the Fiscal Court had no legal authority to employ a stenographer. The report was received and filed without comment. This position has been held by Miss Rose E. Thixton for the past eight months and pays $75 a month. Mr. Bingham stated that while he regretted to take the step, if the court continued to allow the salary he would appeal.

Mr. Bingham's report as to the steel construction contract is as follows:

* * *

Mr. Bingham's Report.

Fiscal Court of Jefferson County, Gentlemen: With reference to the proposed contract for improvements in the offices of the Sheriff and the County Clerk for which bids are to be received to-day, I recommend that the court decline at this time to accept any bids, and that a Committee of Investigation be appointed to consider the advisability of doing any work at all in the office of the County Clerk and to limit that undertaken in the Sheriff's office to what is really necessary. There appears no necessity for the expenditure of $50,000 or any other sum in the office of the County Clerk, and such work as may be necessary in the Sheriff's office will not involve any large expenditure of money.

I further recommend that the Committee of Investigation be charged with the duty of examining into the work in the Circuit Clerk's office designed by the Bankers' Construction Company and executed by the Art Metal Construction Company, as it appears that the work has not been satisfactory, nor has it been completed within the time specified in the contract, and it also appears that there is strong reason for belief that an alliance exists between the Bankers' Construction Company, employed by the Fiscal Court to draw the plans and specifications, and the Art Metal Construction Company, employed to execute the work, to such an extent as to give rise to a suspicion that an attempt has been made to eliminate competition in this work.

* * *

Recites Alleged Facts.

I am not now in a position to charge that this is true, but I do charge the following facts: That the president of the Bankers' Construction Company, an Ohio corporation, is Max S. Goldsmith; that he is also a stockholder in that company; that the other directors of the Bankers' Construction Company are C. J. Neare, who is vice president of the Neare-Globe Company; Nathaniel S. Keith, who is secretary of the Cincinnati Trust Company; A. Zeukendorf, who is superintendent of the Fleischmann Company, and A. S. Rice, who is vice president of the Merchants' National Bank, and that as all these directors are engaged in other occupations, that Max S. Goldsmith is the actual manager of the Bankers' Construction Company; that at the same time the said Goldsmith, being president, a stockholder and a director of the Bankers' Construction Company, employed by the Fiscal Court as architects, is the sales agent of the Art Metal Construction Company for the territory including Jefferson county, Kentucky, and holds and votes stock either in his own name or as trustee in the Art Metal Construction Company, and maintains a Cincinnati office as the Art Metal Construction Company on the same floor of the same building in Cincinnati and adjoining the office of the Bankers' Construction Company; that at least one article specified in the contract for the Bankers' Construction Company, viz., the bankers' sanitary mold, is a device owned and controlled by the Bankers' Construction Company, who owns the molds in which it is made, and which has deposited these molds with the Coe Brass Manufacturing Company, of Bridgeport, Conn., with instructions to permit the Art Metal Construction Company alone to have the use of these molds without paying for them.

In view of these facts it is evident that a careful and searching examination should be made before any further contracts are entered into with either of these companies, and that the work heretofore done by them should be carefully investigated; and I further recommend that no further payments be made to either company on account of work heretofore done until this investigation has been completed. Respectfully submitted,

R. W. BINGHAM.

MANY MATTERS

OF FAR-REACHING IMPORTANCE AT TRAINMEN'S CONVENTION.

More Than Seven Hundred Delegates Gathered At Atlanta For Biennial Meeting.

Atlanta, Ga., May 7.—From every part of the United States and from Canada more than 700 delegates gathered here to-day for the biennial convention of the Brotherhood of Railway Trainmen, under the presidency of Grand Master P. H. Morrisey, of Cleveland, O., Formal welcome was extended the visiting delegates this evening in a public meeting at which addresses were made by Gov. J. M. Terrell, Mayor Joyner, C. T. Ladson, in behalf of organized labor, and Jerome Jones, for Atlanta labor.

Matters of far-reaching importance are to be considered by the present convention, among which is the question of holding conventions every three years, instead of biennially; the appointment of a board of insurance to pass upon claims in the years in which no convention is held, and the discussion of labor policies with particular reference to the association idea which was employed recently in Chicago, when forty railroads were dealt with collectively instead of independently as formerly.

NO ABBREVIATION FOR THE WORD INCORPORATED.

A as result of the law recently enacted by the State Legislature that the word "incorporated" should be spelled out in full and not abbreviated, as the abbreviation, "inc.," is misleading and may stand for other words, thousands of dollars' worth of stock are being changed by mercantile houses throughout the city, whose labels bore the abbreviation. The printers, too, have supplied quite a few firms with new stationery, spelling the word out in full. Business men say that this act of the legislature has causer their employes an unusual amount of extra work for this time of the year.

GRIEVANCE COMMITTEE MEETS NEXT WEEK.

Martin Cusick, chairman of the Grievance Committee of the Louisville School Board, to which were referred the charges against Dr. Bruce Lentz, former member of the board, said last night that the committee would not take up the matter before next week. He said that the members of the Grievance Committee would be busy every night this week with important meetings of other committees.

H. J. Gutman & Co.

AN ITEM FROM OUR GREAT MAY SALE

$7.50 and $10.00 Lace Waists at $5.00

Among the purchases from another house at our own price there are 350 Lace and Net Waists in white and ecru; some of them are just the same as what we had in stock to sell at $8.95, and others were $10.00. On account of the condition of the market we are able to put them in our May sale at $5.00

COLD STORAGE OF FURS. CLEAN, SANITARY, SAFE.

TO FRANCE.

Government May Send Tariff Commission Abroad.

HAS STRONG HOLD ON UNITED STATES FOR CONCESSIONS.

BRYAN TO SPEAK AT JAMESTOWN EXPOSITION.

ELKINS CALLS TO INQUIRE.

Washington, D. C. May 7.—[Special.]—If France urges it, the Government will send to that country a tariff commission, perhaps the same one which went to Germany with Director North, of the Census Bureau, at its head. The precedent having been set in the case of Germany, the policy of the department would be to grant all foreign countries the privilege of, at least, talking over rates. Even in the case of Germany it is doubtful if a basis of tariff revisions can be agreed upon here, owing to the attitude of the standpatters, who, with an election but a year off are in a position to make demands upon a party which needs them about campaign contribution time.

France has a strong hold on the United States for concessions, especially through our canned meat products. France is a heavy buyer and consumer of these products, which are not admitted to Germany at all. By setting up that it is not very confident of their wholesomeness, the French on this one item alone could inflict injury which would be felt.

There is general dissatisfaction among foreign countries over this country's tariff policy and even in administration circles it is realized that retaliations must soon come unless concessions are made.

* * *

Wood's Rapid Rise.

When Lieut. Gen. Arthur MacArthur, who already has been virtually placed on the inactive list, shall be retired by the operation of law within the next eighteen months, Maj. Gen. Leonard Wood will be the ranking officer of the army for sixteen years, barring accidents. He is now the senior Major General and will not reach the age of retirement until 1924.

The rise of nobody connected with the army in modern times has been as rapid as that of General Wood. Nine years ago he was an assistant surgeon, with the rank of Captain. Next to him in rank is Major General Weston, who not long ago was transferred from the staff in Washington, where he was chief of the commissary department, to command in the line in the Philippines. Then came Major Generals Grant and Greely. After these come Bell, Funston, Carter, Bliss, Barry, Mills, Edgerly, Duvall, Pershing and Myers, all now Brigadiers.

* * *

Bryan At Jamestown.

President Tucker of the Jamestown Exposition said to-day that W. J. Bryan has accepted the invitation to deliver the adddress of the day on May 30, Decoration day. It is expected that by next month the Exposition will be running in full blast. Owing to the incomplete installation of exhibits a visitor to the Exposition to-day would go away much disappointed, but, taking it all in all Jamestown is little behind St. Louis or Buffalo.

An exposition, which when completed will surpass either of them may reasonably be predicted for Jamestown. One of the principal causes of delay has been the high cost of labor. Many contractors have found it cheaper to pay the regular per diem fine imposed upon them than to employ the labor necessary to speedily fulfill their contracts.

* * *

Elkins Calls To Inquire.

Senator Elkins, of West Virginia, who finds out when an office is vacant almost as soon as the President, came to the White House to-day to inquire about the vacant Internal Revenue commissionership. The West Virginia Senator said he could not understand the delay on the part of Pearl Wight, of Louisiana, in making up his mind about the place. He just wanted to remind the President that when Mr. Wight declines he had a constituent he would like to put in. Senator Elkins received the impression from the President that in the event of Wight's declination a Kentucky man might get the place. The President believes, however, that Mr. Wight will accept, and he is very anxious to have him do so.

* * *

La Follette Is Busy.

Senator La Follette is a pretty busy man, according to the programme credited to him. There is now a United States Senator to succeed Senator Spooner to be elected; another Senator to be elected two years hence; the State delegation in the next national Republican convention to be controlled; former Representatives Babcock and Minor to be prevented from again receiving nomination, and several other minor affairs connected with the Legislature. In addition there is the La Follette presidential boom and the lecture platform.

* * *

Representative Pou, of North Carolina, says more importance is now attached to President Roosevelt's statement against a third term than at any time during his administration. The people, according to Mr. Pou, are beginning to feel that the President will not accept another nomination.

"They also feel," continued Mr. Pou, "that this being the case the Democrats have an excellent chance to defeat the Republican nominee."

JUMPS TOO LATE.

R. L. EDMONDSON STRUCK BY PASSENGER TRAIN.

Thrown Twenty Feet and Death Follows Almost Immediately.

Robert Lee Edmondson, a switchman on the Louisville and Nashville railroad, was struck and almost instantly killed by an inbound L. and N. passenger train under the bridge leading into the South Louisville shops at 12:45 o'clock yesterday afternoon. He was caught by the fender of the engine, and his body was hurled about twenty feet from the track. The witnesses of the accident at once summoned a physician, but by the time he arrived Edmondson was dead.

Edmondson had been running on the Lexington division until the last two days, when he was placed in the yards. He was working yesterday afternoon at the time the accident occurred. According to witnesses he was crossing the track in order to throw a switch and apparently did not know that the rapidly-moving passenger train was bearing down on him. When he saw the train he made an effort to get out of danger, but it was too late. He jumped backward, but his right leg caught under the fender of the engine. His head struck the track twenty feet away.

The fall on the track so mutilated his face that he was beyond recognition after the accident. Dr. Harris Kelly, the Coroner, was called. He ordered the body removed to Cralle's undertaking establishment, where it was prepared for burial.

Edmondson was twenty-two years of age and had lived in Louisville only a few months, his home being Verona, Ky. During his residence here Edmondson made his home at 3500 Third avenue. The body will be taken to Verona for burial tomorrow morning.

* * *

Fire Brick Men Meet.

Ashland, Ky., May 7.—[Special.]—Fire brick manufacturers from Kentucky and Ohio are in session here tonight for the purpose of effecting an organization for the benefit of their particular class of manufactures. The object is to get together on prices and territory.



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TEN PAGES

WEDNESDAY.....MAY 8, 1907

"Business."

Tuesday Evening, May 7.—The New York stock market was under pressure the greater part of the day, final prices showing substantial declines.

Money on call was steady at 2½ to 3½ per cent. All loans were stronger at 3½ to 4½. Sterling exchange was easier.

The Chicago wheat market closed with an easy tone, the July delivery being off ¼c. Oats were a shade higher. Corn was down ⅜c to½c.

The cotton market opened at an advance of five points, and moved rather feverishly, but final prices were close to the opening quotations.

The Chicago cattle and sheep markets were steady. The hog market was strong.

An Ingenious Scheme.

People who go to the Theater to roar over the comicalities of "Mr. Pip" and the misadventures of "The Earl of Pawtucket" may not be advised that the Author of these diverting dramas —Mr. Augustus Thomas, incontestably the greatest of our playwrights—is a most serious-minded, largely-traveled gentleman, who, as an orator, may hold his own with the best of them and who delights in political speculation; albeit his "Alabama," his "Arizona" and his "In Mizzoura" plainly show him as a patriotic American with a fine sense of true and noble feeling beneath the sense of humor and the eye for picturesque effect.

We publish elsewhere a speech recently delivered by Mr. Thomas, who is a Democrat, to the Republican Club of New York City. This will repay perusal. It is a most ingenious as well as a novel plea for securing a more equal distribution of the wealth of the country and enabling the Government to derive a revenue which the highly protective Tariff does not yield it.

Mr. Thomas' scheme is no less than the taxing of the labor-saving machines so as to force them to pay their share of the expenses of Government. He shows clearly enough that Labor has no protection. He shows that the machines which beat labor out of much that is its own are the laboring man's real rivals. "Tax the machines," says Mr. Thomas. The Steel Magnates will not like it. No more will the great cotton spinners. But—so runs Mr. Thomas' theory—the Government will get some of the enormous overflow of wealth which now goes to make the rich richer and if not to make the poor poorer, yet to deepen the contrasts of living in all the money centers of the Universe.

The Writer and Soldier of Fortune.

On the same day there died in America two men whose lives had been conspicuous in widely-contrasted fields. In Iowa died the Rev. John Watson; in New York died Henry Ronald Douglass MacIver. One was essentially a man of peace as a wielder of the pen; the other was a man of war, who had fought under eighteen flags.

Dr. Watson wrote many essays and philosophical works, but his charming stories of Scotland which he wrote under the pen name of Ian MacLaren brought him his greatest fame among the people. Their simplicity, their humanity, their sentiment and their humor made them appeal to readers universally, while their truth as glimpses of Scottish life and character made them notable as works of literary art. His death is a distinct loss to the world of books, although it can with equal force be said that it is a real loss also to the world of scholarship and thelogy, in which he was an ornament, as well.

MacIver had a name as nicely Scottish in sound as Ian MacLaren's stories are in atmosphere, but he was American by birth, he having first seen the light of day in Virginia. His Scottish blood and relationship, however, sent him to Scotland while a young boy, however, and it was from Scotland that he started upon a career which made him a world-celebrity. He was indeed a soldier of fortune. He fought under many flags and in many lands; he hobnobbed with kings and chieftains; he won decorations by his daring exploits; he had narrow escapes and stirring adventures which made him an object of awe and admiration among lovers of the romantic; he was the subject of many a newspaper story. Always a gallant and an adorer of women, he, so far as is known, never married, but pursued his strange career untrammeled by the claims of love, nor hindered by the humdrum of domestic cares. The usual type of the soldier of fortune is a ne'er-do-well, who rambles over the world seeking an easy way of living and willing to accept a few risks in exchange for diversion and a bite to eat. MacIver attained a higher rank than the average type, for though he was a wanderer, he attached some dignity to his profession of a soldier of fortune and he had a dignity of poise and manner that bore out that attitude; moreover, he won commissions and medals that bore tribute to something more than mere irresponsible dare-devilry and belligerent worthlessness. Yet, for all his battles as a soldier of fortune, MacIver never gained a fortune. He died poor—but that is hardly surprising, for the temperament of the itinerant warrior is hardly adapted to the accumulation and retention of wealth.

Multitudes will lament the passing of Ian MacLaren, but, for all his activities, MacIver did nothing to draw mankind to him. He died practically alone in the world, and he will be buried with few to do him revenence. The right kind of death for him would have been one of dramatic and spectacular glamour on the battlefield; how tame that, after all his thrills, his end should come to him in bed while he slept.

A Platform For Democrats.

I.

Anent some recent observations of the Courier-Journal touching the immediate conditions and outlook of the Democratic Party over the country at large, a true and believing Democrat, all of the olden time, thus points the finger of rebuke:

"It is natural for the opponents of Democracy to speak as if there were no possibility of Democratic victory; but it does not seem natural for Democrats to talk in this fashion. What may with reason be expected of a Democrat is, that he will either abstain from predicting defeat for his party, if a certain course is pursued, or else point out the path along which he believes a happier result may be obtained."

"No possibility" is much too strong a term accurately to describe anything which has appeared in these columns. If Mr. Roosevelt should be named by the Republicans for a Third Term, it is our opinion that the Democrats would have a walkover. If there should be a fiscal crisis,—or a failure of crops, or such a redundancy of crops as seriously to fetch down the price of farm products—a change of parties would be likely. Anything, everything is possible with God. Indeed the Unexpected is a tolerably familiar figure at the card table and on the race course and in the elections.

But, considering party conditions, discussing political causes and effects, due regard must be taken of the reason and intelligence of the people. They can be no more exhilarated by rhetoric cobwebs than lulled to sleep by flashes of silence. This is an age of publicity. It is an age of inquiry. The very times are formative. The vital issues of fifty years of agitation have passed from the scene. The vital issues of the coming fifty, maybe the coming hundred, years, are but just arriving upon it. If the Democratic party should, like the ostrich, stick its head behind a rock, or bury it in the sand—its body exposed to view—it would realize the idea of the criticism quoted above, but it would win no battles.

Let us reason together. Unfortunately the Democratic party is not a unit. It is not one with itself. In point of fact it represents two branches, the Radicals, so called, and the Conservatives, so called, of the North, projected from a huge trunk known as the Solid South. In three Presidential elections, whilst the South has stood firm to its colors, the two Northern branches have steadily refused to vote for one another. Why? Because, there have been serious, though not now irreconcilable differences of opinion, but mainly because of frictions, some fanciful and some real, largely personal in kind growing out of the lack of discipline and fixity of purpose inevitable to continuous disfeat.

These sores may not be slicked over with a bit of goose grease. To be reached and remedied they must be probed down to the bone. Nor is this all; the operation must be performed in the open. It con not be relegated to a closet with any assurance of a happy result.

Mr. Bryan himself is one cause of-dissension, and Mr. Bryan is not guiltless of his share of responsibility for this. Yet, the Nebraskan's leadership remains intact and unchallenged. No good end can be served by treating him with reserve. He has no reserves himself, and, whilst this circumstance might be a virtue in a private citizen, it becomes a weakness in a public man, and perhaps something more harmful still in a party leader.

Leaders in politics, like Generals in the field, must win victories, not lose them, if they would either vindicate the terms of their commission, or help the cause they serve. Neither politics, nor war, may be what is called an exact science; but, on the other hand, neither is quite empiric. In presence of the voters the party leader can quite as little afford to theorize as can the General in the face of a marching army. Each must first beat the enemy.

To change the metaphor, Mr. Bryan has seemed to us too much of a Doctor and not enough of a Lawgiver; and, as a Doctor, he has had to deal with too many prescriptions, perhaps with too many empty bottles. He is a public speaker and lecturer, who seems to have set himself the example of John the Baptist—and, may we not say it without offense either way?—to have taken a lesson, or two, in strenuosity and unguarded speaking from Theodore Roosevelt. He could less afford it. A warier angler would the rather have given his trout plenty of line and have waited.

Enough, however, of the figurative. Mr. Bryan is a fine type of the best class of the average American. His personality and his purposes are everywhere conceded to be above reproach. This is a distinct and a very great asset. Whatever mistakes he may have made were honest errors. They belong to the past. There is no one of us but has his mistakes to answer for. What Democrats want to know is this: Have we a Democratic party—or, in case we have not, but only an apothecary's jar with a mutilated label—can we recall the elements that once constituted a Democratic party and bring these to think alike and to feel alike, so as in 1908 to move on the common enemy, whether he be a Republican Socialist, favoring special privilege, or a Populistic Socialist, favoring the commune, both equally at war with the spirit of American institutions as these are imbedded in the Constitution of the United States? If we can do this, we shall carry the country, no matter who becomes our standard-bearer. If we can't, we shan't!

II.

When the Courier-Journal says "Back to the Constitution," we propose no resounding manifesto, no glittering generalization, but a specific and itemized declaration of principles and purposes, wholly practical in character and in kind.

The framers of the Constitution were not only sincere, wise and patriotic men, but they were students of history. They sought in building a Nation upon the foundations of written, organic law equally to escape the Monarchism of the Middle Ages and the Democracies of Greece and Rome. So they constructed a system of checks and balances, securing on the one hand the liberty of the people and on the other hand guarding against the license of the mob. They represented thirteen Colonies, which through successful war had made themselves independent and sovereign States. Each of these States, parted with a portion of its sovereignty to establish "a more perfect Union," distinctly reserving to itself all powers "not delegated" to the newly created Central Government, "nor prohibited by it to the States." Happily, Washington was at the helm, as Jackson was, and Lincoln later along, else who shall say the sublime scheme of emancipation from historic thraldom might not have perished whilst yet in its infancy?

The Government thus set up was and is not only a dual Government of State and Federal powers, but a Government within itself of triple powers, the Legislature to enact the law, the Executive to administer the law and the Supreme Court to construe the law. Naturally, there thence arose differences touching the meaning of the Constitution, which had to be defined and adjusted, and out of these sprang the party allignments of nearly a century. But, in those times there was no actual or even seeming assault upon the Constitution itself. In the War of Sections each party claimed it for its own. In the Reconstruction of the Union after that war, the victorious North adhered strictly to the forms laid down by the Constitution for its amendment to meet the altered conditions. For the first time in our history, it is proposed by a President of the United States, supported by some of the most eminent of his official advisors, to change the Constitution by Executive Construction, not by amendment as is prescribed by its terms, and, if this be not promptly and adequately met, it bodes revolution and ruin if not to the material prosperity of the country, yet to its admirable system of Constitutional checks and balances through the agency of which it has saved itself at home and grown great as a world power, still a Republic in fact and not merely a Republic in name.

III.

Here is an issue of transcendant importance. They who fancy it an abstraction little reck the relation of the Constitution to the life of the people. It was Jefferson's devotion to the Constitution which saved us from quasi-monarchism. It was Jackson's devotion to the Constitution which saved us incipient disunion. It was Lincoln's devotion to the Constitution which saved both the Constitution and the Union. And it was the veneration in which the Constitution was held after the War of Secession which saved the Government from Mexicanization by the defeat of the impeachment proceeding, which meant revolution, and the rescue of the South from the fate of Poland and Ireland.

We cannot with safety go too fast in our attempts to cure the conceded evils of this present time. Nor should any party attempt to do too much. High Finance is a serious distemper. So is High Tariff. Both may be reached without violating the Constitution and the law; neither can be reached by radical appliances promising all things to all men. The Constitution is as a blanket covering the body politic. If Constitutional changes be required let them be effected by the process of amendment prescribed by the Constitution itself.

The Nation is not diseased. Only a very small part of it is disordered. The Republican party has made itself the Socialist of the rich. The Hearst party is trying to make itself the Socialist of the poor. The real good of the country, and the people, lies between the two, and a great mass of the people are sick and tired of spectacular policies to say nothing about patent medicines.

The next Democratic platform should be very short and very crisp. It should be so simple that he who runs may read. Th Tariff must be reduced to a Revenue basis. The Government has no right either in equity, or in law, to collect a dollar of taxes except for its own support. Publicity for the franchise corporations. The Railways to be reached and regulated through the Interstate Commerce Commission; but the law to be limited to the supervision of their capitalization and their relation to the general public, striking down the possibility of discrimination, and excesses, either as to passengers or shippers. The Railways are the property of the people. Their managers should be made to obey the law. But all laws enacted in hot blood, or for revenge, can in the end only recoil upon the people. The separation of Church and State. The further improvement of the labor laws so as more fully to meet the reasonable demands of labor as against the frequent impositions of capital, and thus by eliminating just causes of discontent to allay agitation and make progress toward the complete reconciliation of capital and labor.

It seems to us that a few simple rescripts of this sort, grouped under the paramount issue of "Back to the Constitution," would put the Democratic party on solid and high ground. Public Ownership is a mirage. The Initiative and the Referendum are foreign to our Constitutional System of checks and balances and impracticable to a territory of such vast extent and a population so varied, great and widely separate. Home Rule for the States, the Federal power, restricted by the Constitution, for the Nation; a cessation for a while from strenuous politics; and, above all, as among Democrats, a little less vinegar and a little more oil, with a drop, or two—just a drop, or two of—Molasses.

The Seattle Exposition.

A subscriber in Seattle, Washington, expresses surprise that in a recent article in the Courier-Journal, in regard to centennial expositions, past and projected, no reference was made to the Alaskan-Yukon-Pacific Exposition, to be held in Seattle in 1909. The reason will be obvious to the most sensitive citizen of that most progressive city and to the people of the State of Washington, who feel such pride in the recent great development which has brought them into such conspicuous light, when it is explained that the proposed exposition does not belong to the category of those to which special reference was had, since neither the State nor the city is old enough to have a centennial to celebrate. Two years ago the centenary of the arrival of Lewis and Clark on the shores of the Pacific was commemorated by the Portland Exposition, and however great and costly the proposed exposition to be held at Seattle two years hence may be, it will have no such historic feature to commemorate and no one should complain of its having been slighted by omission from the list.

This fact does not, however, diminish the interest felt by the Courier-Journal in the proposed exposition, or lessen its desire to see it thoroughly successful. Youth in a State or city is no cause for withholding praise for its achievements any more than from an individual for deeds of prime merit, and certainly compared with older cities and States, the people of Washington and its chief city are doubly entitled to credit for what they have achieved in less than half a century, especially when it has been compassed by such serious drawbacks as attended the early settlement of the territory which now comprises the State of Washington. In the first place, having been early occupied by the Hudson Bay Fur Company, a British corporation, that fact, coupled with the long dispute with Great Britain as to the boundary line, delayed American immigration long after it began its march across the Rocky Mountains. And even then, with the discovery of gold in California, many of those who had settled in the territory north of the Columbia went Southward in search of the precious metal. Then there were Indian wars which California did not have to contend with. The latter State was admitted to the Union in 1850, without having had a territorial organization. It was not until 1853 that the Territory of Washington was formed from part of Oregon. But development was slow and in 1860 its population was less than 12,000, while that of Seattle was but 200 in 1875. It was only in November, 1889, that Washington was admitted as a State, with a population of less than 70,000. Some impetus was given to the development of the State by the completion of the Northern Pacific Railroad and by the growth of commerce with China and Japan, so that in 1900 the population of the State had reached half a million.

But it was the discovery of gold in the Klondike to which the State, and especially Seattle, owe their wonderful progress and development. The latter early became the port through which the commerce to and from Alaska flowed and has maintained its commercial supremacy in that region as well as developed a lucrative trade with all countries bordering on the Pacific. From a small town it has within little less than a decade become the second city on the coast. Some idea of its growth may be had from the fact that by the census of 1900 it had a population of 80,671, while in 1906 an official estimate places it at 200,000, with all the features in architecture, public utilities and good municipal government of a model city.

It is with the same spirit which has wrought this great change on the far West coast that Seattle proposes to hold the exposition with its hyphenated name, implying its commercial character. That it is bent on having one which will take rank with a centennial, and also to have the State to share its honor, is clearly evidenced, since the latter appropriated $1,000,000. That it begins to assume a national feature is also evidenced by the following appropriations: Oregon, $100,000; California, $100,000, and Pennsylvania, $100,000, with smaller sums credited to several other States. So, commending the spirit which prompts an undertaking with such good prospects already, our Pacific friends may rest assured of the best wishes of the Courier-Journal and of all Kentucky, which has contributed so many of its sons to the discovery, settlement and development of the Coastal States.

Dirigibility of Airships.

While aerial navigation has improved by the use of different inventions for propelling and steering the various changes in plan, from the pear-shaped original, styled a balloon, it cannot yet be claimed that we have reached the point where we can speak of aeronautics as an exact science. Latterly the aeroplane has been regarded as a great advance in the means of navigating the air, both as to propulsion and dirigibility. But this type of machine has lately come into disfavor from a certain tendency, after getting up good speed and rising in the air, to topple over and fall heavily to the ground. Scientists and practical air navigators have been, of late, experimenting with a new device which, it is claimed, will remedy the defects of the aeroplane and other airships which have failed to redeem the promise once claimed for them. Experiments both in this country and France are now being made with the new device, which is known as the helicopter. This is a type of flying machine that is heavier than air and differs from the balloon type in that it does not depend upon the aid of the gas bag for ascension and support, but is elevated by a series of screw propellers, variously arranged, which furnish the lighting power, while the propulsion power is afforded by other screws. The advantage of this type of machine is that it has as much stability in the air as other kinds and can descend to the earth slowly and safely, while aeroplanes and similar types must go at such speed in the air to sustain themselves there as to make landing a very dangerous feat.

Prof. Wood, of John Hopkins University, is constructing a machine of this type, in the success of which he feels confidence. Its screws will range from forty to fifty feet in diameter, and the motive power will be furnished by a 100-horse-power steam engine weighing 900 pounds. Prof. Alexander Graham Bell, of telephone fame, is also experimenting at his Cape Breton laboratory upon a machine of somewhat similar type to be propelled by screw blades rotating through the air just as a steamer is propelled by scerws rotating in the water.

It may turn out that this new device will lead to practical results. Certain it is that, notwithstanding at intervals since ballooning was first introduced great expectations have been excited as to the practical utilization of some machine for aerial navigation, no reliable device has yet been invented. It is now nearly a century and a quarter since the Montgolfier brothers ascended in a balloon weighing 500 pounds, near Lyons, France, by means of heated air, the use of hydrogen being unknown to them. Subsequently they made ascensions in Paris in the presence of vast crowds and took short trips through the country, but it may be truly affirmed that, with all the claimed inventions in aeronautics, there has been but little advance along practical lines beyond the spectacular stage. The means of ascension by the use of hydrogen, or other kind of gas, is still the most approved or safest device, but in the matter of dirigibility and propulsion against the wind, there has been little practical advance. The fate of Andrea in his confident tour of Arctic exploration has apparently discouraged all but the most reckless, and even these have not yet brought themselves to the point of engaging in similar adventures. It is, therefore, of peculiar interest to note that men so well knodwn in science as Professors Wood and Bell are on independent lines, experimenting practically upon a new principle of propulsion and dirigibility of airships, the successful solution of which would work such a revolution in the world's progress.

Whose Is Washington?

Certain Washington business men have the effrontery to suggest that the anti-smoke law, which helps to make the national capital the cleanest American city, should be repealed. This brings up the question of the real ownership of Washington.

Of course, it is due to the universal somnolence of Washington that her business men are not alive to the fact that smoke is not a sign of economy, but a proof of thriftlessness. The business men who are opposed to the smoke law are misguided, rather than malicious. But Washington is the capital of the United States. It belongs to the nation, and Washingtonians are virtually tenants of the republic. A Government which appropriates money for classic architecture and landscape gardening cannot allow the hand of the vandal to set aside the bar against the emission of smoke.

Washington grows more beautiful each year. One day it will be the most beautiful capital in the world, and the Yankee touring Europe may set down his grip-sack in the proudest of its cities and hire an interpreter to tell the natives what they have missed if they have not seen the capital of his country.

In a little while—as the life of a city is measured—the slums will be swept away from the vicinity of Pennsylvania avenue, the shacks will vanish from the edge of the Capitol lawn. The buzzards' roost railroad station that has made Washington notorious is now being replaced by one of the handsomest stations in America. To repeal the smoke law in the one American city that is not a "dull town of trade" would be an act of infamy.

Washington, among all other cities between Portland, Me., and Portland, Ore., is the "neater, sweeter maiden in a cleaner, greener land." To defile her with coal smoke would be an offense unpardonable. If any tradesmen feel hampered by the laws that enforce cleanliness, let them seek their fortunes elsewhere. Uncle Sam's workshop stretches from sea to sea and from the lakes to the Gulf. The litter of trade must be zealously kept out of the drawing-room.

Washington is the possession—and is becoming the pride—of every American, and her owners object to any suggestion that eternal vigilance, which is the price of her cleanliness, be relaxed within her corporate limits.

Canned Voices.

The arrival in this country of phonographic records of the voice of the German Emperor, to be preserved at the Congressional Library and at Harvard University, calls attention to the possibilities of the phonograph as a historical witness. If they had such things as phonographs when Demosthenes lived, we of the Twentieth century should be able now to hear the voice of the mighty ancient whose oratory has come down to us as tradition. We could compare him with the orators of our time and discover for ourselves whether he was, after all, so great. Think what a queer sensation we should feel to hear the voice of Julius Cæsar addressing the Romans; to hear the Emperor Nero playing a solo upon his lute or reciting one of his verses; to hear the voice of St. John preaching in the wilderness; to hear William Shakespeare speaking Hamlet's soliloquy or Abraham Lincoln delivering his Gettysburg address.

Hereafter, however, it will be the privilege of mankind to hear the voices of men after they are dead. When they themselves have turned to dust, Theodore Roosevelt, Emperor William, Edward VII., Marcella Sembrich, Enrico Caruso, Mark Twain and others of the great constellation of to-day will give their messages of politics or song or philosophy to the races of earth.

The members of the School Board will do well to sift to the bottom the charges made by a teacher that she had been offered a principalship of a public school in exchange for the payment of a sum of money. If anyone is trading in appointments he should be discovered and stigmatized; if injustice is being done anyone the cause of justice demands that he have fair play. Above all, the School Board owes it to itself to preserve its good name by being swift to ferret out and exterminate any graft, if it exist, and to prove that it does not exist, if this be the case.

"To say a man is worth $1,000,000 is a vulgar Americanism," explains the London Morning Post. True, but when an English nobleman describes a prospective American bride as being worth a given amount he does no violence to truth or taste.

An Indianian has found a preservative for railroad ties that will make them last 100 years. Such a discovery before the pure food cranks destroyed the profits of the canning industry would have made the gentleman a multimillionaire.

What New York society does and wears are discussed by a society editor whose sense of proportion causes him to devote a "stick" to the one and a column to the other.

The retirement of Alexander Swettenham as Governor of Jamaica made a noise like three cheers and a sigh, the populace doing the cheering.

It is understood that Mr. Reynolds, who is "doing" the political jungle for President Roosevelt, will not make his report public.

PROTECTION AND COMPETITION

AUGUSTUS THOMAS CITES CONDITION AND REMEDY.

Taxation of Machines Held To Solve Problem Confronting the Nation.

[From a Speech Delivered Before the New York Republican Club by the Famous American Dramatist.]

Forgetting that you are a Republican organization, and that I am a Democrat, I am going to make the unexpected effort of a complimentary appeal to your intelligence.

Since the President of the United States declares that the private fortunes of the few have grown to menacing proportions there can be no sensationalism in its reiteration. As he advocates their restraint, there can be no absence of patriotism in discussing any reasonable method of repression.

Two facts are admitted: there is wealth surpassing anything in history; the wealth is dangerously concentrated.

As chief factor in the production of this wealth, all agree in naming the applied policy of protection. Its justice or injustice as a fact, its soundness or instability as a theory, I do not intend to discuss.

Protection has its greatest support in the fallacious belief that it protects American labor. The fact is that it protects only the product of labor. The product of labor is never the property of labor. For American labor itself there is no protection whatever, if we except the Chinese Exclusion Act, and the contract labor law. On the contrary, each year sees one million immigrants enter the nation's gates. The majority of these are toilers. They compete with the laborer. The added product of their toil passes automatically into the favored region of protection, and adds to the surplus of the owners.

There is no serious proposal on my part to stem this competing tide of one million a year. There is a far more serious competition to labor, a competition that comes in every year unchallenged by the inspector at the shore or border, comes in hordes that mock the contract law, comes steadily and silently from the goblin land of mechanical invention.

The machine that displaces the man, the machine that may do the work of ten or fifty or three hundred or two thousand [as the spinner does], the machine that may be repeated and multiplied into billions as the need arises. A soulless, tireless, sleepless Frankenstein monster of brass and steel that needs no food, consumes no revenue-paying luxury, adds nothing to the thought or spirit of the people, but piles up the product that is protected.

When Richard Arkwright came from his barber shop in the cellar in 1775 with his invention of the spinning frame there were but a few thousand cotton spinners in the British kingdom. Fifty years later the spinning machines were doing the work of forty million spinners and the machine power of the mills of England was computed as equaling that of 600,000,000 men.

When Richard Arkwright came from his cellar in Lancashire, and James Watts left his bench in Glasgow, the soil of England was owned by 250,000 separate owners and corporations. Fifty years later the owners numbered 32,000 only. This goblin of brass and steel had already concentrated that vast power into its owners' hands in free-trade England. Need we wonder at its accomplishment behind our granite walls of protection?

The output in America of this unmeasured monster, undoubtedly equaling the hand product of billions and trillions, is superimposed upon the tax-paying capacity of eighty-five millions of people. Its insatiable demand for markets, the cry for the open door make necessary navy and army and consular expense, all borne by the submerged strata of the eighty-five millions of flesh and blood.

That is the condition. What are the remedies?

One party believes a remedy lies in letting this great product do open battle outside of America with the product of the world, as it already does open battle on the inside.

Another party believes that relief lies in regulating the railroads that transport the product over the face of the land. Another believes that the answer is to take the tax from everything but the land itself. Another that we'd be all right if the men wet-nursing the machine couldn't drink intoxicants.

The facts are these: the national expenses are incurred in protecting, regulating, facilitating, forwarding the work of 85,000,000 of people. Their work plus the work of uncounted billions of invented mechanical units of equal individual power.

These expenses are paid by the 85,000,000 alone. The uncounted billions of artificial units whose output necessitates 90 per cent. of the expenses, pay not one penny of the burden.

Can we approach a remedy? The cost of government is two billions of dollars this year. Two billions to be roughly apportioned against 85 million people. Let us discover the man power of the man-displacing machine. Let us compute that power. Let us add to the trillion units that it may total, the 83 million units of flesh and blood. Use the number thus obtained as the just divisor of the nation's burden. Divide the yearly expense by that, and tax each machine its pro rate part as found according to its man-power capacity.

It is not to be contended that this would decrease the cost of living, as long as our national tax is not one for revenue only. But it would transfer somewhat from the yearly surplus of the protected classes into the treasury of the nation, which could be applied to the benefit of all.

ON THE FUNNY BONE.

Not Up To Contract.

We expect to see things growing
In the spring.
We expect to find flowers blowing
In the spring.
We expect to see good weather,
Lambkins playing on the heather,
And a lot of joys together.
In the spring.

We are somewhat disappointed
In the spring,
Something must have come unjointed
With the spring.
May to warm up is refusing,
Nature is not much enthusing,
And our confidence we're losing
In the spring.

Before the Ball.

"Now, Jimmy!"
"Yes, dad?"
"Try to keep that Boston girl outen the conservatory. A sudden drop in temperature would kill them flowers."

Consolation.

"I am nobody's fool, Miss Gwace, I assuah you."
"Cheer up, Ferdy. If you keep your money, some day somebody may want you."

In Madrid.

Perhaps a girl; perhaps a boy!
We're truly loth
To curtail any person's joy—
It may be both.

POINTS ABOUT PEOPLE.

Mrs. F. D. Larrabee, of Minneapolis, Minn., will arrive on May 16 to be the guest of Miss Lucy Barret on West Broadway, for several weeks.

* * *

Mrs. Jack Young will leave to-day for Wilmington, Del., where she will visit Mrs. Coleman du Pont for several weeks.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Karl Jungbluth and child, of Cincinnati, are the guests of Mrs. Eva Ferguson Churchill and Miss Eva Churchill at Springford during May.

* * *

Mr. Albert Sloo Caldwell, of Memphis, Tenn., is in Louisville for the races and is stopping at The Seelbach. Mr. Caldwell arrived Sunday with his motor car, and will spend the week in Louisville.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Benjamin D. Warfield will leave Saturday for Atlantic City for a stay of a week or ten days, and will return home by way of Norfolk, Va., to attend the Jamestown Exposition.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Arthur Granville Langham will give a dinner at the Country Club on Saturday evening in honor of Mrs. Curtis Dawley, of Charleston, W. Va., and who is the guest of Miss Madeleine Bridgeford.

* * *

Col. Bennett H. Young, who went East on Monday, will return home the last of the week.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Henry Oliver, of Pittsburg, who have been visiting Mrs. Oliver's mother, Mrs. Mary R. Robinson, in Lexington, are in Louisville for the week, and are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. John C. Burnett.

* * *

Miss Eda Ruth Turner, of Shelbyville, returned home yesterday after a short visit to Mrs. Peyton N. Clarke on Third avenue.

* * *

Miss Lucy Duncan, of Bloomfield, is visiting Mrs. Bennett H. Young for the week.

* * *

Mrs. Robert Morrow Kelly will entertain informally at bridge on Friday afternoon in compliment to Mrs. Curtis Dawley, of Charleston, W. Va.

* * *

Mr. Charles McLeod, of Detroit, is in Louisville for the races, and is at The Seelbach.

* * *

Mrs. Thomas B. Harrison has gone to Lexington, where she is visiting her mother, Mrs. George W. Darnall, for the week.

* * *

Miss Mamie Bowman has gone to Danville, where she is the guest of her aunt, Mrs. James Kinnaird.

* * *

Mr. Charles Jackson, of Memphis, is spending a few days with his wife and her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph B. Dunlap, in Belgravia.

* * *

Mrs. George C. Keller and her daughter, Miss Josephine Keller, have returned home from Florida, where they spent the greater part of the winter in Jacksonville.

* * *

Mrs. Theodore Troendle, of Hopkinsville, is the guest of Mrs. Bennett H. Young for the week.

* * *

Mrs. Dudley M. Haydon, who has been at the Galt House during the winter, is the guest of Mrs. Arch M. Robinson for the week.

* * *

Mr. James Leech Wells, who has been visiting his parents, Mr. and Mrs. L. T. Wells, left Monday for a trip through Southern Kentucky, and will return to resume his visit to his parents, the last of the week.

* * *

Miss Kate Manson, of Hopkinsville, is at the Louisville Hotel for several days, the guest of her uncle, Dr. M. W. Williams. Miss Manson's wedding to Maj. Cyrus Hadford, U. S. Marine corps, will take place in June.

* * *

Dr. Leon Solomon and Mrs. Solomon will return home on May 12 after a stay of three weeks in the mountains.

* * *

Mr. Frank Lord, who has been living in Virginia for the past several months, is in Louisville for several days, and is stopping at The Seelbach.

* * *

The Schumann-Heink-Maud Powell concerts which will be given at the Coliseum on the afternoon and evening of Tuesday, May 21, will be a great society event as well as an unusual musical entertainment. A number of box parties will be given. The box-office sale was opened yesterday at Smith & Nixon's. It will be an unprecedented opportunity to hear great artists at popular prices.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Charles New have been called to Wabash, Ind., on account of the death of Mr. New's father.

* * *

Mrs. D. B. Sperry and daughter, Keith, have returned home after an absence of three weeks spent in Washington, D. C., and at the Jamestown Exposition.

* * *

The Confederate Home Chapter, U. D. C., will hold its regular monthly meeting at Mrs. Judith Marshall's, St. Catherine street and Garvin place, on Thursday afternoon at 3 o'clock.

* * *

Mr. Crittenden Young has gone to Danville to visit his aunts, Misses Eugenia and Sallie Lee Young.

* * *

Mrs. W. W. Dennis left Tuesday for Covington to be the guest of Mrs. Jack Furber for ten days.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. A. S. Edmonds have returned to their home in Atlanta, Ga., after a visit of ten days to Mr. and Mrs. C. B. Edmonds.

* * *

Miss Aleene Fox has returned to Danville after a short visit to her aunt, Mrs. Andrew M. Sea.

* * *

The Hon. Henry Bosworth, of Frankfort, State Treasurer, returned home last night after a short visit in Louisville.

* * *

Mr. T. C. Underwood, of Hopkinsville, and Mr. Vernon Richardson, of Danville, have returned home after having spent Monday and Tuesday in Louisville.

* * *

Mrs. James H. Gentry and daughter, Miss Julia Gentry, of Danville, are at the Galt House for several days. Miss Gentry's wedding to Dr. John Jackson, of Danville, will be solemnized in June.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. James Baughman, of Danville, who have been at The Seelbach for several days, have returned home.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. E. N. Forsythe, of Maysville, are at The Seelbach for several days.

* * *

Capt. William Ekin is still confined to his home suffering from rheumatism. Capt. Ekin has been absent from his office for several weeks. It was said yesterday that he was getting along very well, but would not be able to resume the duties at his desk for some time.

* * *

Dr. J. W. Blanton and Mrs. Blanton, of Maple Terrace, and Miss Willie Huston Hays, of Waverly Hill, made up a theater party at the Mary Anderson last week.

* * *

Mr. Bryan H. Allen, secretary of the Kentucky Electric Company, who has been ill of typhoid fever at his home, 1917 Floyd street, for four weeks, is very much improved and expects to be out in two weeks.

* * *

Mr. Colli's Ormsby, of Buffalo, N. Y., is at home visiting friends and relatives this week.

* * *

Miss Bertha Schuler, who has been seriously ill at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Martin Schuler, on Balke avenue, is much improved.

* * *

Mrs. Frank Beckham Powers, of Lawrenceburg, is in the city for a few days at The Seelbach. She has just returned from an extended trip South.

* * *

Miss Elizabeth Thatcher, of Somerset, will arrive to-day for a visit to Miss Catherine Page Jones at the Welsainger-Gaulbert.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Oscar W. McCarty, of St. Louis, are visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. O. B. McCarty.

"I opposed the match. I wish I had encouraged it now."
"Why so?"
"In that case, maybe she wouldn't have married the dub."

SHOWS GAIN.

New Albany's Increase In Voting Population.

COMPANY FORMING TO ESTABLISH VENEER MILLS.

LOUISVILLE AND INDIANA CAPITALISTS WITH $100,000.

CHILDREN FOUND DESTITUTE.

The enumeration of voters of Indiana, held every sixth year, for the purpose of making the legislative appointment, has been in progress in the various townships of the State for several weeks, and the Trustees have until July 1 to complete the work and report. In New Albany township, which includes the city, the work has been completed by the Trustee, William W. Moss, and the figures show a gratifying gain over the enumeration of 1901. According to the figures, New Albany city and township contains 7,784 voters. In 1901 there were 6,338, showing a gain in six years of 1,48. Of the voters 6,169 were in the city, 213 in the Silver Grove suburb, eighty in Glenwood and 922 in the remainder of the township.

The increase in the number of voters would mean a gain in the total population of the township of nearly 4,000, and of this increase 3,000 should be credited to the city. According to the census of 1900, New Albany had a population of 21,163, and there was certainly some gain before the enumeration of voters was taken a year later. It is now believed by persons who have given the question some consideration, that an accurate census would show New Albany to have a population of not less than 25,000. The report made several months ago, which placed the population of the city much below that figure caused considerable comment, and it is probable that the Commercial Club or the city authorities will have a census taken to satisfy the existing doubts. The school enumeration of New Albany, which has just been made, will probably be given out to the public this week and it is said it will show a decided increase in the number of school children over the enumeration of last year and consequently a corresponding increase in the population of the city.

Find Children Destitute.

The first cases acted upon by the Board of Children's Guardians in New Albany since the members were appointed came before Judge W. C. Utz yesterday afternoon. The cases in question were those of Ethel, Maggie and Grace Hilliard and a younger brother, who is now ill of pneumonia at St. Edward's City Hospital. The children's mother died in February of this year, leaving them penniless and without friends. They were found by Probation Officer Joseph H. Kraft at the Southern apartment house on West Main street, where they were huddled together in one room.

The boy was taken ill with pneumonia and sent to the hospital and the girls, aged sixteen, fourteen and nine years, had been living on the bounty of other occupants of the house. The Board of Guardians propose to place the boy and youngest girl in the Cornelia Memorial Orphans' Home, Elkin avenue, New Albany, while the others will be placed with families who will agree to care for them. The boy is still in the hospital but as soon as he is able he will be taken to the Home, together with his nine-year-old sister, while Probation Officer Kraft will obtain homes for the other two. A number of other cases are to be investigated by the board.

To Establish Veneer Mills.

It is expected that within a few days articles of association of a New Albany veneering company, composed of ten capitalists of that city and Louisville, will be filed with the Secretary of State of Indiana at Indianapolis and with the Recorder of Floyd county at New Albany. The names of the capitalists composing the company are withheld for a few days until articles are filed and other preliminaries arranged. The capital stock of the new enterprise will be $100,000. The plant will be located near East Fourteenth and Water streets, New Albany. Work will begin as soon as practicable on the buildings, machinery installed and the works will be in operation within a few months. The factory will give employment to more than one hundred skilled operatives and it will be an important addition to the many industries of New Albany.

Van Tuyle Sues For Divorce.

Herbert G. Van Tuyle filed a suit in the Floyd county Circuit Court in New Albany yesterday praying that he be given a divorce from Clida H. Van Tuyle, the alleged grounds of the action being cruel and inhuman treatment. It was also alleged by the plaintiff in his complaint that the defendant had been guilty of infidelity and he named the alleged co-respondent. Custody of their child, Mavris Van Tuyle, aged six years, is asked for by the plaintiff, who declares that the defendant is not a fit person to have charge of the boy. They were married January 13, 1901, and separated January 13, 1907.

ITEMS OF INTEREST IN NEW ALBANY.

—Mr. and Mrs. Frank Zoeller, who have been visiting relatives in Chicago, have returned home.

—Miss Caroline Rehmann, of this city, and Coleman Wise, of Louisville, are to be married May 29.

—New Albany Chapter, Children of the American Revolution, will be entertained Saturday, May 18, by Miss Fanny Hedden, at her home on Dewey Heights.

—The Standard Bearers of Trinity M. E. church, a missionary society composed of young girls, will meet next Saturday afternoon at the home of Miss Lemon, East Spring street.

—James Eve, of Georgetown, and Miss Mabelle R. McCaffrey, of this city, were married Monday night at the rectory of Holy Trinity by the rector, the Rev. Charles Curran.

—A. J. McIntosh and his daughter, Miss Nellie McIntosh, former residents of this city and well known here, left Indianapolis this morning for California, where they will spend several months.

—Milton S. Walls, of Corydon, and Miss Louise Bouvier, of this city, were married at the parsonage of the German Methodist church Monday night, the ceremony having been performed by the pastor, the Rev. C. H. Miller.

—Martin Oeffinger, Jr., of this city, and Miss Louisa Fenwick, of Lafayette township, were married yesterday afternoon at the rectory of St. Mary's-of-the-Knobs Catholic church. The ceremony was performed by the rector, the Rev. Father Sermersheim.

—A. H. McQuiddy has been re-elected by the Board of Trustees of the public schools truancy officer of this city. He has filled the place most acceptably for the last six years. Clarence O. Kiefer was re-elected county truancy officer by the County Board of Education.

—Mr. and Mrs. George W. Self, who have been spending several months at De-Land, Fla., have returned to their home at Corydon. Mr. Self is greatly improved in health, and he expects to resume charge of his office, that of reporter of the Supreme Court at Indianapolis, shortly.

—Miss Evareldis Sowle died of pneumonia at the home of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Media I. Sowle in Glenwood Place, after an illness of two weeks. She was fifteen years old, and was a bright and promising pupil of the East Main-street school. Funeral arrangements have not been made.

—Post Q, Travelers' Protective Association, of this city, will send forty delegates, many of whom will be accompanied by their wives, to the State convention to be held in Anderson May 17 and 18. They will leave in a special car over the Pennsylvania lines the morning of May 17.

—The Adoption Degree will be conferred to-night by Ohioah Tribe of Red Men on a big class of paleface braves. Pearl and Market streets. The work will be performed by the degree team of Pawnee Tribe. To-morrow night this class, together with the class adopted last week, will receive the Warrior's Degree.

—Judge G. W. Denbo, a farmer of Lafayette township, has four hens setting on ring-neck pheasant eggs, and hopes soon to have four hatchings of these game birds running about his farm. During the last few years, a number of farmers have tried rearing pheasants, but they have not been conspicuously successful in their efforts.

—Capt. Fred D. Connor left yesterday for Indianapolis, where he will testify before the grand jury of the Federal Court in the cases of the United States against Amazon Stoner and Thomas Irwin, both of Corydon. Stoner and Irwin are charged with violation of the internal revenue laws. They were arrested several months ago and brought to this city, where they gave bond for their appearance before United States Commissioner Cardwill.

—Building permits were issued yesterday by City Clerk John C. Short to O. W. Daniel to erect a two-story house on Vincennes street, between Market and Spring, $800; George B. Gardiner, repair cottage, on Elm, between Third and Fourth, $150; Nelson A. Hopkins, to erect cottage on Culbertson avenue, between Vincennes and Thomas streets, $900; Benjamin Walker, to erect story and a half dwelling on North Second, between West and Market streets, $400.

—Jack and Charles Simms were arraigned yesterday afternoon in the City Court, charged with having assaulted each other with intent to kill. They entered pleas of not guilty and were sent to jail in default of $500 bond for their appearance to answer May 13. They are brothers and engaged in a fight on State street Monday afternoon in which Charles slashed the other across the neck with a knife, inflicting a painful but not dangerous wound.

—Miss Emma Frances Kemp and Herman C. Taylor are to be married to-morrow night in the Methodist church at Sellersburg, several miles northeast of this city. The ceremony will be performed by the Rev. R. A. Kemp, father of the bride. A reception will be given following the ceremony after which the pair will leave on a wedding trip to Northern cities. Miss Kemp is a sister of William and Harry Kemp, and is well known here. A number of New Albany people will go to Sellersburg to attend the wedding.

—A series of lectures on Biblical subjects will be delivered by the Rev. Marion Stephenson at the Central Christian church, beginning next Sunday night and continuing until Friday night of next week. His themes will be as follows: Sunday night, "Genesis;" Monday night, "Exodus;" Tuesday night, "Leviticus;" Wednesday night, "Numbers;" Thursday night, "Deuteronomy." Friday night his subject will be rendered even more interesting by stereopticon views. Each afternoon the Rev. Mr. Stephenson will deliver adresses on Sunday-school methods.

What Malt Is to Beer

Malt is barley, with its life-germ artificially grown.

Malt gives body, strength and quality to beer.

The better the *malt*, the more satisfying the beer.

The Pabst Eight-Day Malting Process follows Nature—it grows the barley slowly, thus preserving all of the nutritious food properties of the grain, and transmiting them to

Pabst Blue Ribbon

The Beer of Quality

Brewed from Pabst perfect Eight-Day *malt* and the choicest hops, Pabst Blue Ribbon is a beer having a delightful flavor, with the vital, life-giving *malt* predominant. It is a pure beer, properly aged, rich and mellow—*malt* and hops perfectly blended.



When ordering beer, ask for Pabst Blue Ribbon.

Made by Pabst, at Milwaukee

And bottled only at the Brewery.

Pabst Brewing Co.,
14th & Jefferson, Louisville.
Both Phones 1389.

ALLEGED HIGHWAYMEN'S CASES PASSED TO MAY 14.

S. Hyman, Junk Dealer, Said To Have Been Assaulted and Robbed By Them, Very Ill.

Because of the serious condition of S. Hyman, the junk dealer of Floyd and Market streets, who was assaulted and robbed in front of his place of business early Tuesday morning, the cases against John Maddox, Gus Blakely and Robert Ormsby, all thre of whom are charged with assaulting and robbing Hyman, were continued yesterday in the Police Court until May 14. Hyman had been on the "Point" drinking with some friends Monday night and maintains that the three men who assaulted and robbed him followed him on his way home. Hyman was hit over the head with the butt of a revolver and seven stitches were taken in his scalp. His watch and chain were stolen.

FUNERAL OF MRS. BLOCK

WILL BE HELD AT RESIDENCE THIS AFTERNOON.

Death of Esteemed Woman Sudden and After An Illness of Apparently Trivial Nature.

The funeral services of Mrs. Clara Block, one of the best known and beloved Jewish women of Louisville, who died suddenly Monday, will be held at the residence, 1201 Third avenue, at 3:30 o'clock this afternoon, with interment in Adath Israel cemetery. Dr. H. G. Enelow will conduct the services.

Though Mrs. Block, who was the wife of Nathan Block, had been indisposed for several weeks, her illness was thought to be of a trivial nature, and her death was very unexpected. She entertained friends Monday afternoon, and seemed to be in unusually good health. Shortly before the evening meal she complained of feeling ill and was forced to lie down. Her pain became highly acute and a physician was called in. When the physician arrived Mrs. Block already was sinking rapidly and he summoned the members of her family to her bedside. She passed away at 6:15 o'clock. Death was due to angina pectoris.

Mrs. Block was fifty-six years of age and was a native of Louisville. She was the daughter of the late Dr. B. H. Gotthelf, one of the first regular ministers of the Adath Israel congregation, who afterward took charge of a church at Vicksburg, and died there while engaged in religious work during the yellow fever epidemic. Prominent for years in Jewish charities and social circles, and one of the foremost leaders in all projects tending toward the improvement of the Adath Israel congregation, Mrs. Block's death is deeply lamented. She was one of the most active members of the Jewish Council of Women and the Sisterhood of Temple Adath Israel.

Mrs. Block lived in Louisville all her life. She was married to Mr. Block thirty-six years ago, and he and six children survive her. The children are Joseph Block and Bernard Block, wholesale whisky merchants of Louisville; Mrs. Norton Goldsmith, Walter Block and Miss Elsie Block, of Louisville, and Mrs. A. Spangenthal, of Buffalo.

FREE TRIP TO LOUISVILLE

MAY 6 to 18 Both Inclusive MAY 6 to 18

In order to put out-of-town people upon the same basis with Louisville people for shopping in Louisville the Retail Merchants' Association, composed of the leading stores in every line, will rebate railroad and boat fares between dates above on these conditions:

The rebate is made on a basis of one and one-third fare for the round trip for 100 miles; rebate books are issued by all of the merchants members of the association; the total amount of purchases from all the association stores is counted. For further particulars address

J. V. BECKMANN, Manager.

SPRING RACES and Many Other Attractions During This Period.

At no time of the season is shopping more advantageous than during this period. All stocks are in the height of their completeness, and many special sale inducements are then on. Every line is fully represented by members of this association.

RETAIL MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION

MEMBERS

THE ARONSON COMPANY, 354 Fourth Avenue.
THE ART COMPANY, 519 Fourth Avenue.
J. BACON & SONS, 332 West Market Street.
D. H. BALDWIN & CO., 529-531 Fourth Avenue.
R. BAUDE, 306 West Market Street.
BESTEN & LANGEN, 538-540 Fourth Avenue.
THE BIG STORE, 424-434 West Market Street.
BOSTON SHOE COMPANY, 553 Fourth Ave. and 534 Fourth Ave.
BYCK SHOE COMPANY, 338 Fourth Avenue.
CRUTCHER & STARKS, Fourth Ave. and Jefferson St.
J. DOLFINGER & CO., 584 Fourth Avenue.
T. B. DUNCAN & SONS, 517 to 521 Third Avenue.
ECLIPSE COAL COMPANY, 339 West Market St.
GEO. G. FETTER COMPANY, 424 W. Main Street.
GEHER & SONS, 217 West Market Street.
JAMES GREENE, 527 E. Market St.
GREENSTEIN'S, Market St., bet. Second and Third.
H. J. GUTMAN & CO., 521 Fourth Avenue.
J. S. HILTON, 413 Fourth Avenue.
HARTMAN FURNITURE CO., 436 West Market Street.
HUBBUCH BROS., 524-528 West Market Street.
HUSCH BROS., 324 Fourth Avenue.
JONES & MILLER CO., 316 West Market Street.
KAUFMAN-STRAUS COMPANY, 543-549 Fourth Avenue.
FRED W. KEISKER & SON, 586 Fourth Avenue.
WM. KENDRICK'S SONS, 336 Fourth Avenue.
JAS. K. LEMON & SONS, 511 Fourth Avenue.

MEMBERS

LEVY BROS., Third Ave. and Market St.
JOHN C. LEWIS COMPANY, 558-574 Fourth Avenue.
LOEVENHART & CO., Third Ave. and Market St.
LORCH & LEVI CO., 318 Fourth Avenue.
MAMMOTH GROCERY COMPANY, Second and Jefferson Streets.
W. H. M'KNIGHT, SONS & CO., Fourth Ave. and Walnut St.
MONTENEGRO-RIEHM MUSIC CO., 628-630 Fourth Avenue.
NORMAN & TAYLOR, 520 Fourth Avenue.
OFFICE SUPPLY COMPANY, 438 West Main Street.
RAAB & BOHMER, 223 West Market Street.
E. G. REIMERS, 1516 Baxter Avenue.
RHODES-BURFORD FURNITURE CO., 628-630 West Market Street.
ROCHE & ROCHE, Paul Jones Building.
RODGERS & KRULL, Fourth Ave. and Green St.
SCHUPP & SCHMIDT MFG. CO., 421-423 West Market Street.
SPENCER HAT COMPANY, 415 Fourth Avenue.
STARR DRY GOODS CO., 523 Fourth Avenue.
STEWART DRY GOODS CO., Fourth Ave. and Walnut St.
HERMAN STRAUS & SONS CO., 414-422 West Market Street.
THALHEIMER & FRANK, Paul Jones Building.
THE HUB, 202 West Market Street.
GEO. WOLF & CO., 528 Fourth Avenue.
LOUIS ZAPP & CO., 324 West Market Street.
HAYS CLOAK AND SUIT CO., Fourth Ave. and Jefferson St.
AUG. R. BAUMER, Masonic Temple Bldg.

TO ENJOIN

Treasurer From Collecting On L. and J. B. Co. Valuation.

ATTORNEY STANNARD NOW PREPARING A SUIT.

M. Z. Stannard, of Jeffersonville, attorney in that city for the Louisville and Jeffersonville Bridge Company, has begun work on drawing up the papers in a suit to enjoin Isaac G. Phipps, Treasurer of Clark county, Indiana, and Thomas W. Perry, City Treasurer of Jeffersonville, from collecting by levy the taxes now alleged to be due on the corporation's property in Jeffersonville, under the valuation of $700,000 per mile as made by the State Board of Tax Commissioners on 1.21 miles of track in 1906.

The first steps were taken toward beginning legal proceedings by tendering an amount equal to the spring installment of taxes due on a valuation of $400,000 for the track of the company and $10,000 on its real estate. This, as there was nothing else to do, was declined and a way for a suit was opened. The Indiana State Board of Tax Commissioners is now considering an appeal of the bridge company to decrease the valuation from $700,000 per mile to $300,000 per mile, but little encouragement has been given that this will be done.

The suits now being prepared will be based on the theory that the Indiana State Board of Tax Commissioners took into consideration the valuable terminals owned by the Louisville and Jeffersonville Bridge Company in Louisville, on which taxes are paid in Kentucky and by the Indiana valuation would be paid in that State also. It is not denied that this is the case, but the State Board of Tax Commissioners proceeded on the theory that if the approach to the bridge did not exist in Jeffersonville the terminals in Louisville would be worth much less than they really are.

The attempt to have the valuation of 1906 reduced as to 1907 has no bearing on the taxes now due, as that was talked over a year ago and the board refused to lower the valuation of $700,000 per mile, but in case the valution for 1907 assessments was lowered it would have a bearing in court on the suits about to be filed, as it would be evidence that the valuation in 1905 and 1907 was much lower than in 1906, which would make it apparent that the present valuation is too high. It is not known how soon the suits will be filed, but it will hardly be possible to make up the issues for the present term of court. The next term does not begin until September 16 and if tried then an appeal to the Supreme Court will be the next step, and the taxes from the corporation, which are badly needed by Jeffersonville, may not be paid for more than a year.

SAMUEL SMITH WANTS DIVORCE AFTER LONG WAIT.

APART TWENTY-TWO YEARS.

Wants Divorce After Many Years.

Married in Hastings, Neb., in August, 1885, and separating on the same day, Samuel Smith, of Charlestown, Ind., yesterday filed suit in the Clark Circuit Court in Jeffersonville against Carrie Smith for divorce. The exact location of the defendant is not known, but it is believed she is in Illinois, as that was where she was living when last heard from. It is also possible that she is dead. The complaint, which was filed through Frank W. Carr, former Circuit Clerk, is brief in the extreme, and besides giving the dates of the marriage and separation simply alleges that the defendant abandoned the plaintiff without cause. After a separation of twenty-two years Smith has forgotten the exact date of his marriage.

NOTES OF THE NEWS OF JEFFERSONVILLE.

—Joseph Lumpkins, of Utica, who believes in the laws being enforced, has filed an application with the Board of Commissioners of Clark county to be appointed a Constable.

—A written examination of the plaintiff was filed yesterday in the $5,000 damage suit of Martin O. Horton against the American Car and Foundry Company, on account of personal injuries.

—The fact that the new impounding ordinance includes chickens is stirring up considerable ill feeling, and Councilman Frank Anderson says he will fight the measure in every way that he can.

—In the suit of Oliver Crone against Mary E. Dillon, an appeal from a survey of land, a report of resurvey was made in the Circuit Court, and approved by Judge Harry C. Montgomery yesterday.

—The Board of Commissioners yesterday signed up the new poor asylum bonds, and went out to the county farm later in the day with Clarence E. Howard, who is to build the structure, to select a site for it.

—The Board of Public Works at the May meeting audited the outstanding accounts against the city and allowed bills aggregating $2,060.33, the largest amount for any one fund being $1,270.40 for lights and gas.

—Herman Preefer, former Mayor of this city, and his daughter, Miss Lulu Preefer, each qualified as a notary public yesterday by filing bond in the sum of $1,000. The father became surety for the daughter and the daughter for the father.

—Gov. J. Frank Hanly has retired L. P. McCormick as a labor commissioner, and G. W. Purcell has been named in his place. McCormack had many friends in this city and had been here on more than one occasion to settle strikes at the car works.

—Henry A. Burtt, administrator of the estate of Mary A. Oliver, yesterday filed his final report showing that he had collected $1,154.55 and had paid out $781.22, leaving a balance of $373.33 in his hands for distribution exclusive of an allowance of $75 for services.

—The official board of the Eastern Cemetery Association has decided to have the by-laws of the organization printed in book form, for the benefit of the lot owners. At the monthly meeting good progress was reported in improving the grounds.

—A plea of guilty to provoke was entered by John Tom Taylor in the City Court yesterday morning, and the charge of resisting an officer, which consisted of taking a revolver away from Constable Frank Walford, was dismissed. Taylor was fined $1 and costs.

—Offerings of contracts for passenger equipment are slacking up at the car works and there is little inquiry for freight cars, but there is considerable work on old contracts to be completed, but more in the freight shops than in the passenger department.

—Children's Day will be celebrated at the Indiana Reformatory on Sunday, June 2, and Rev. W. E. Edgin, chaplain of the institution, is preparing an interesting programme in which twenty-five girls and a like number of boys from the city Sunday-schools will take part.

—George W. Dunham, S. S. Johnson, A. W. Thias and W. H. Harper will go to Indianapolis to-day as representatives from Jeffersonville Commandery, No. 4, Knights Templar, to the meeting of the Grand Commandery of Indiana, which will be in session for two days.

—James Smyser, colored, was placed on trial in the Circuit Court yesterday on a charge of murder and the case will not be concluded until some time this afternoon. It is alleged he killed David Brown, also colored, on Fourteenth street last February with a long butcher knife.

—Louis H. Meyer and Miss Margaret B. Collins, of New Albany, were married in this city yesterday by Magistrate Charles S. Ferguson. The groom is a native of this county, and is a motorman for the traction company. They were accompanied by Mrs. Mary E. Collins, mother of the bride.

—The Clarksville Town Board transacted only routine business at the regular meeting Monday night, and decided to hold a special session to elect a clerk and member of the board to fill vacancies. The chairman, C. W. Philpot for extra service as town attorney went over until the next regular meeting.

—A test of the machinery of the power house of the Indianapolis and Louisville Traction Company was made at Scottsburg, the result being that every telephone in the town was burned out by a telephone wire becoming crossed with the traction line feed wire. The financial loss was considerable.

—The local agents for the "Dinkey" line in this city have been notified that when the scale of six tickets for twenty-five cents is begun on May 15, the single trip tickets that are to cost five cents each will be good in used and will not have a one-day limit as originally announced by the road to the agents.

—J. A. Hutchings went before the Board of Commissioners of Clark county yesterday and asked that body to allow his account of $25 for work done as a viewer on the Oregon township free gravel roads. The board declined to pass on the bill until the controversy existing over the election is settled.

—No action was taken by the Clarksville Town Board on Monday night regarding the petition of the Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Chicago & St. Louis Railway Company to be granted permission to raise the fill for flood protection, but it is understood there will be no objections raised when this city furnishes the money to build a new street that will have to be made.

—The old fair ground, near Charlestown, which is a tract of land containing seven acres, though several quit claim deeds has passed into the hands of the Mutual Savings and Loan Association No. 4, and that corporation will deed the ground to Walter E. McCulloch, Louis Hipple and Louis Meyer, who will convert it into a pleasure resort, for a consideration of about $1,700.

—A separate demurrer to the complaint was filed yesterday by Laurant A. Douglas, in the damage action and application for a perpetual injunction of the Louisville and Jeffersonville Ferry Company against the city of Jeffersonville, William L. Samuels, Samuel A. Cunningham and Laurant D. Douglas, members of the Board of Public Works.

FURNITURE!

RAILROAD FARES REFUNDED

This Week and Next Week

our out-of-town customers can come to LOUISVILLE practically at our expense. See details of plan in the advertisement of the RETAIL MERCHANTS' ASSOCIATION, of which we are members.

KEISKER'S 586 Fourth Ave.

To Make Condition Powder.

The Kentucky Stock Condition Powder Company incorporated yesterday with a capital stock of $15,000, divided into $100 shares, and a maximum debt of $7,000. The incorporators and their respective holdings are Robert H. Fox, forty shares; Walter I. Kohn, five shares; H. S. McNutt, five shares; John M. Adams, five shares, and Max Leiber, three shares.

COURIER-JOURNAL OFFICE BUILDING DIRECTORY.

Elevator Sunday 9 a. m. to 12 m.

Western Union Telegraph Company, Branch Office in Vestibule
Louisville Loan Co.....Room 1
Dr. Arthur K. Lord, Oculist. Hours 9 to 3. Home phone 7381.....Room 2 Prescriptions written and Glasses furnished. Sunday hours by appointment.
Drs. Orendorf & Weber — Suite No. 3, second floor. Hours 9 to 1, 3 to 6, 7 to 8. Sunday, 9 to 12. Telephone 924.
M., L. & T. Shirt Co.....Room 4 Home telephone 6357.
Circulation Department Courier - Journal and Times—City Superintendent. Rooms 6, 6 and 7 Both phones 240. Circulation Dept.
Dr. John R. Collier, Osteopath—Nervous diseases a specialty. Hours 8 to 4. Phone Main 3733—A.....Room 9
National Life and Accident Ins. Co. W. A. Johnson, Supt...Rooms 10 and 11
Mme. Stokes .....Room 12 Complexion Specialist, Chiropody, Manicure, Electrolysis, Beauty Aids.
Dr. B. G. Rees, Dentist..Rooms 14 and 15 Telephone 3689—A.
Wm. J. Watkins & Co.....Room 16 Fress and Ornamental Brick, Coke, Coal, Iron.
Val P. Collins, Architect.....Room 16
New Louisville Jockey Club.....Room 17
Dr. George H. Day.....Room 18 Hours 10 to 1, 4 to 7 p. m. Sunday, 10 to 12 a. m. Phone 7426 Home, Cumb. Main 735—A.
Alice B. Hickey, Millinery Parlor, Rooms 19 and 20 (Formerly with New York Store.)
Dr. Sue Neal Epperson.....Room 21 Cumb. Tel. 3733-Y. Hours 9 to 12, 2 to 4.
Dr. William N. Spohn.....Room 22 Hours 8:30 to 9:30 a. m.; 12 to 1 and 6 to 7 p. m.
Geo. J. Monroe, M. D.....Room 23 Hours 9 to 11:30 a. m., 1 to 3 and 7 to 8 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 10:30 a. m. Phone Main 30—M.
Dr. C. C. Godshaw.....Room 24 Hours 9 to 11 a. m., 2 to 4 p. m. and 6 to 7 p. m. Sunday, 9 to 10 a. m. Telephone Main 218—A.
Louisville Truss and Rupture Co., Rupture Specialist. Tel. 218—A Main. Room 24
Dr. J. W. Clark, Dentist.Rooms 25 and 26 Tel. Cumb. Main 924—Y; Home 5305.
Hunter & Heilman, Fire Insurance, Rooms 27 and 28
Dr. W. C. McNamara, Osteopath.Room 29 Hours 9 to 12 a. m. and 2 to 4 p. m. Both phones.
J. L. Hanser.....Room 30 State Manager The American Stars of Equity. Phone South 1871.
Miss Kate Fitzgerald, Purchasing Agent, Room 31
Tinsley-Mayer Engraving Company, Office, room 32
A. Reichman, Ladies' Tailor, Rooms 37, 38, 39 and 40
Mrs. K. C. Costigan, Millinery Parlors, Room 41
Dr. S. B. Molin.....Rooms 42 and 43 State Manager National Protective Association.
Sutcliffe, Leeming & Pryor (Inc.), Advertising Agency.....Room 44
Dr. H. B. Green, Dentist.....Room 45
Whist Club.....Room 46
Circulation Department Courier - Journal and Times—Circulation Manager, Room 47 Both phones 240. Circulation Dept.
The Atelier Novelty Mfg. Co.....Room 49
Thos. E. Grove, Artist.....Room 50 Portrait and Ivory Miniatures.
Harvey Joiner, Artist.....Room 51 Paintings on exhibition. Visitors welcome, 10 to 1 o'clock.
Inland Farmer.....Rooms 54 and 55
Miss Linda Nuss.....Room 56 Stamping, Art Needlework, Shirt Waists, Children's Clothes.
Miss Margaret Euller.....Room 57 Approved Surgeon Chiropodist. Scientific Facial Massage. Ladies treated only.
H. M. Caldwell—Advertising Agency, Room 58

Do You Expect Returns From Your Deposit Account?

If so you may receive a liberal rate of interest on your daily balances by placing your account here on deposit.

These deposits are subject to check, and obtain all the advantages and facilities usually accorded regular checking accounts.

May we hear from you?

UNITED STATES TRUST CO.

S. W. Cor. Fifth and Main

The American National Bank

AT THE CORNER OF THIRD AND MAIN STREETS

HAS ONE MILLION OF ITS OWN CAPITAL TO GUARANTEE YOUR DEPOSITS,

SIX MONTHS' CERTIFICATES ISSUED, BEARING THREE PER CENT. PER ANNUM INTEREST.

UNDERTAKERS.

UNDERTAKERS.

SCHOPPENHORST BROS.
Funeral Directors & Embalmers
1820 West Market
Telephone 1841 Chapel for use of patrons

AGENTS FOR MINTON CHINA, LIBBEY CUT GLASS. Style, Quality, Price. ALWAYS RIGHT.

None But the Best.

The Right Kind of China and Glass for Table Use at the Right Prices.

Come and look through our well-selected stock.

J. Dolfinger & Co. 584 4th Ave. NEAR WALNUT ESTABLISHED 1868

A Clock Without Winding

A new Electric Mantel Clock, with center one-wheel movement. Simplest timepiece ever made.

Will run from 1 to 2 years—when battery is renewed—a child can do it—instantly. Artistically designed, finished and cased. It is the masterpiece of the clockmakers' art. A visit will interest you.

Wm. Kendrick's Sons,
The Jewelers, 336 Fourth Avenue.

DEATHS.

ASTROTH—At St. Louis, Mo., Mrs. Louisa Astroth, aged 52 years, daughter of Martin Schmidt, Louisville. Burial in St. Louis Wednesday.

BLOCK—May 6, 1907, Clara Block, beloved wife of Nathan F. Block. Funeral from residence, 1201 Third avenue, Wednesday, May 8, at 3:30 p. m.

REGAN—Entered into rest Tuesday, May 7, 1907, Margaret Mary Regan, widow of the late Michael Regan, aged 80 years. Funeral Friday morning at 8:30 o'clock from residence of her son, 1815 Brook street, and from St. Louis Bertrand church at 9 o'clock. Interment at St. Louis cemetery. Burial private. Please omit flowers.

WELBURN—At Orlando, Fla. Remains will arrive about 9 o'clock this morning. Funeral from Pearson's at 3 p. m.

TOBIN—May 7, at 3 p. m., Mrs. Abbie Tobin. Funeral from the residence, 1041 Fifth street, Thursday afternoon at 1:45 o'clock and at St. Louis Bertrand church at 2 o'clock. Interment at St. John's cemetery.

ZELLER—Entered into rest Tuesday, May 7, 1907, at 9:40 a. m., Henry Zeiler, beloved husband of Katherine Zeiler (nee Ackerman), aged 40 years 5 months and 16 days. Funeral Friday, May 10, at 8:30 a. m., from residence, 1410 Shelby street, and from St. Martin's church at 9 o'clock. Interment in St. Michael's cemetery.

Come In

and let us show you some very fine work which we have lately put on the floor. The beauty of our designing is not equaled by anyone. We will make you a special design.

Write us for Information.

MULDOON MONUMENT CO.
Incorporated.
322-326 W. Green St., Louisville.

SUMMER RESORTS.

BUCKROE BEACH HOTEL, VIRGINIA.

Opposite Jamestown Exposition Grounds, with quick connection by ferry and trolley. Finest bathing beach on the coast. Every comfort and convenience. European plan. Address C. W. REX, Manager Buckroe Beach, Va.

Capon Springs and Baths.

A most delightful Mountain Resort with large company every year. Capacity 600. 100 miles due west of Washington, D. C. For pamphlets, rates, etc., address CHARLES F. NELSON, Capon Springs, W. Va.

WARM SPRINGS, Bath Co., Va.

are now open for guests. For circulars and terms address Capt. JOHN L. EUBANK, Mrs. Warm Springs, Bath Co., Va.

STECK PIANOS.
CRIPPEN-ALLEN PIANO CO.
Fourth Ave., Op. Post-office.
(Incorporated.)

ST. JOHN'S DAY BIG EVENT AT WHITE CITY JUNE 24.

Samuel A. Lederman, president of St. John's Day League, after a visit to White City, says that he is strongly of the opinion that the celebration of June 24, for the benefit of the Masonic Widows' and Orphans' and the Old Masons' Homes will be the biggest ever given in Louisville. He expects the crowd will approximate 30,000 people and that the results to the league will be larger than any other preceding celebration. Inasmuch as no intoxicants or drinks of any objectionable nature will sold or served in White City, makes it an appropriate and desirable place for Masons to take their families and friends. The children from the Home are just as free from contaminating influences in White City as they are in the Widows' and Orphans' Home. Tickets for this occasion will soon be on sale by members of the League.

For Benefit of Missions.

The Young People's Missionary Society of the Second English Lutheran church, will give a musical and literary entertainment in the parlors of the church, 2115 West Jefferson street, next Monday night, May 13, at 8 o'clock.

The committee on programme has been fortunate in securing the services of some of the leading singers and entertainers of the city and promises an evening of pleasure to all who attend.

Inspecting Government Craft.

Inspectors Abraham and Greenwood, of the Supervising Inspector's office, are in Frankfort, where they have been for two days inspecting a fleet of boats and barges belonging to the Government. The fleet of boats has been at work in the Kentucky river for some time. While there is no law for the inspecting of boats belonging to the Government like that for the inspection of merchant marine vessels, yet Uncle Sam has to have his craft inspected occasionally, for the safety of the men employed on them. The inspectors will probably return from Frankfort to-day.

A Curious Food

Elijah's Manna

It's Choice, Too.

Easily the most delicious flavour of any flake food known.

Made by Postum Cereal Co., Ltd., Battle Creek, Mich.

Grocers sell at 5 and 15 cts.

The 15-cent pkg. contains double the quantity of any ordinary 10-cent pkg.

FROM OWENSBORO TO JEFFERSONVILLE TO WED.

Alvis C. Kincaid and Miss Laura E. Morefield, of Owensboro, Ky., went to Jeffersonville yesterday afternoon and were married by a magistrate. The groom is a clerk and was born at Nashville, Tenn., on July 24, 1882. The bride was born at Nancy, Pulaski county, Ky., on October 17, 1881. They were accompanied by Mrs. A. J. Kluth, of Louisville, who made the affidavit the two were of legal age to marry.

JOCKEY GADDY AGAIN RULED OFF THE TURF

Steeplechase Rider Incurs the Displeasure of Judges and Is Suspended For Remainder of Meeting.

WEBBERFIELDS RUNS OUT OF THE COURSE.

Honest and Gauze the Only Favorites To Win.

TOM DOLAN TAKES HANDICAP.

BEATS HEAVILY-BACKED PASADENA, THE MINKS AND OTHERS IN FEATURE EVENT.

NARAN WINS STEEPLECHASE.

TO-DAY'S SELECTIONS.

First Race—Zick Abrams, McAllister, Anna Ruskin.
Second Race—Waterlock, Merrifield, Cheswardine.
Third Race—Dr. Lee Huffman, Western, Monere.
Fourth Race—Mike Sutton, Beau Brummel, Ralbert.
Fifth Race—Ida May, Judge Dundon, Geneva S.
Sixth Race—Attila, Belden, Scalplock.
Two Best Bets—Mike Sutton and Ida May.

BRIGHT weather and a prospect of improved track conditions were responsible for the fact that a large crowd went out to Churchill Downs yesterday afternoon to witness the running of the six races. Usually the crowd which attends the races the day after the Derby or the day after any big race is run is very small by comparison, but the local management must have been pleased with the throng which gathered at the famous old course yesterday. It is estimated that 5,000 people attended the races, the features of the card being a handicap at a mile and a steeplechase handicap over the short course.

The feature of the afternoon, however, wa sthe suspension of Jockey Gaddy, a steeplechase rider, by Presiding Judge Charles F. Price. Last fall during the meeting at Churchill Downs Judge Price ruled Gaddy off for life because of a very bad ride of which Gaddy was guilty over the jumps. During the past winter, however, a great deal of powerful influence was brought to bear on behalf of Gaddy, and in defiance of Judge Price's written objection the boy was deinstated by the governing body.

Judge Price, before the action was taken, gave a written opinion of what he judged to be Gaddy's failings, but this opinion had little weight. Gaddy was reinstated. Yesterday afternoon Gaddy had the mount on Webberfields, the heavily-backed favorite in the steeplechase race and Webberfields ran out out the course early in the action.

Immediately after the boys had ridden to the stand and dismounted Judge Price suspended Gaddy for the remainder of the meeting, and he will certainly again recommend that the steeplechase jockey be ruled off for life. What action the powers that be in the racing circles of the West will take on Judge Price's recommendation remains to be seen.

Only two favorites rewarded the players of form yesterday. These were Honest, in the second race, and Gauze, in the closing event. Both were heavily played and both won easily. Lady Carol, however, which won the third race, was heavily played and her victory did the bookmakers no good, though in the same event Excitement was backed from 5 to 1 to 3½ to 1 at post time.

Tom Dolan won the handicap, which was at ane mile, and while he was not the favorite, he was backed from 4 to 1 to 7 to 2, and won in a terrific drive by a neck from Pasadena, which was also well played. Naran took the steeplechase handicap and Col. Jim William won the first race with his good three-year-old Sister Polly. This filly was at a long price, but a few people who believed in her chances wagered on her with confidence, while the talent backed Our Anna from 8 to 1 to 3 to 1. It was an afternoon of splendid sport and far above the average for the next day after a big event. King Leopold finished third in the last race but was disqualified for cutting across the field at the start.

* * *

Sister Polly First.

Sister Polly easily won the first race yesterday from Our Anna and Algelone. Our Anna was made the choice at 16 to 5, and looked like the real goods. She forced a stiff pace down the back stretch and had nothing left when the real race began. Sister Polly was slow to get away from the post, but Lee, who had the mount, watched his chance for an opening, and when he got straightened out gradually wore down the leaders, and came home to easy victory. The Bute filly was much the best, but was practically overlooked in the betting, going from 8 to 12 to 1 post call. Algelone, on which a lot of money had been wagered, ran forwardly throughout the journey, but did not respond to punishment in the final drive, and just barely outlasted Mary Buchanan by a head for the show.

* * *

Honest An Easy Winner.

Honest was returned an easy winner in a field of thirteen youngsters that faced the starter in the second number on the card. The colt was much the best, and with the aid of Dave Nicol, the premier jockey of the West, he romped home under the wire in easy fashion. Nicol was alert at the post and rushed into a commanding lead in the first few strides, and held his field safe by a comfortable margin for the balance of the journey and was never extended. Lady Flora followed in close pursuit of the leader until the last sixteenth, but had to give way to Bucket Brigade for place honors. Uncle Tim had some early speed, but could not negotiate the heavy going, and dropped out of contention after going the first quarter.

* * *

Big Field In Third.

The third event was a selling affair at six furlongs, in which the biggest field of the day took issue. Starter Holtman experienced some difficulty in getting this bunch in proper alignment, and when the barrier finally sprung it was only to a fair start, and in the scramble for positions, Excitement, the favorite, was relegated to the rear ranks. Lady Carol was returned the winner, although off none too well. Moriarity forced his way to the front and outgamed Potter in the final strides. The latter showed the way from the quarter pole, but weakened at the critical moment, the daughter of McNeil getting the decision by a neck. Investor started out at a merry clip, but blew up before half the distance had been covered. Nicol, on Airship, was unable to bring his charge to the front, and had to be satisfied with the short end of the purse.

* * *

Tom Dolan's Handicap.

The fourth race, the main attraction on the card, was won by Tom Dolan, the three-legged son of Jean Beraud, from the Cook stable, which has given a good account of himself in nearly all of his starts as a three-year-old. It was not an easy victory by any means; although having an advantage of two lengths at the half mile pole, he had a dangerous contender in Pasadena. The latter was coming fast in the stretch and would have won in another stride. The Minks ran a good race, but the going was not exactly to his liking. The son of Top Gallant is a good, consistent colt, and should do well in future races at a mile or over.

* * *

Naran Over the Sticks.

The Steeplechase Handicap over the short course supplied the spectacular end of the sport. Weberfields and Lights Out were installed favorites at 5 to 2. The latter, however, was not much in demand and his price receded to 5 to 1, while Weberfields was quoted at 7 to 5 at post time. The race looked very much like a cut and dried affair. Weberfields, which was running in a good position with the leaders, ran out at the fifth obstacle. Gaddy, who was piloting the favorite, was sharply criticised for his ride, as he did not seem to exert himself to keep his charge in the course. Lights Out made most of the running, but was caught in the stretch by Naran and the pair fought it out to the wire, the latter winning by a nose. While Peter Becker fenced well he lost ground in the final drive, but was able to hold out long enough to beat Saul for third place.

* * *

Gauze Easily Best.

Gauze was easily the best in the last number on the card and was first to come home under the wire, a length and a half in front of Fonsoluca. Brandt, who had the leg up on the son of Rensselaer, handled him like a veteran and at no part of the race was he in serious danger of defeat. J. H. Baker, who has a contract on the boy, says that he thinks Brandt will outshine the present day pigskin stars long before his apprentice allowance shall have expired. Fonsoluca easily held the others safe for the place. King Leopold, which finished third, was disqualified for cutting across the field right after the start, which nearly knocked several of the others off their feet. Bottles was given third honors.

* * *

Well-Balanced Card To-day.

The presence of Phil Finch in the fifth race to-day should add considerably to the interest in that event. The son of Goldfinch has not been to the races since last January when he met Glorifier and Orbicular in a three-horse race at a mile and one-eighth at City Park. Unfortunately, however, Phil Finch broke down, and had to be given a long rest, but he is one of the kind that comes back after he seems to be down and out. "Wink" Williams, who is training Phil Finch, has succeeded in getting the horse in fine shape again, and he will go to the post fit and ready. The other races on the card are all evenly balanced and should prove good sport and lively contests. The indexed entries follow:

FIRST—RACE—One mile; selling:

Indx.	Horse.	Wt.	Indx.	Horse.	Wt.
1442..	*Anna Ruskin	93	1935..	Ouardi	106
1952..	Monvina	101	[1918]	McAllister	106
[1901]	Zick Abrams	103	1906..	Kaiserhoff	109
1942..	Quagga	103	1897..	Little Lighter	109
1747..	Druien	103	1099..	San Ardo	112
			[1942]	Della Thorpe	98

SECOND RACE—Four furlongs; selling:

1890..	*Florence Kiel	93	......	Katherine Murphy	100
......	*Margaret Randolph	93	1971..	Waterlock	102
1444..	*Lady Hapsburg	93	1971..	Merrifield	102
......	Sharp Point	98	1941..	Insurgent	101
1955..	Billy Bowlegs	98	1971..	Calvin	101
1885..	Gremse	98	1946..	Lady Handsel	104
......	Merry Touch	98	[1955]	Cheswardine	105
1850..	Caucus	98	1949..	Vansel	105

THIRD RACE—Six furlongs; selling:

1969..	*Demo	84	1943..	Silvercrest	98
1917..	Little George	89	1969..	Western	98
1950..	Nedra	90	1958..	Geo. C. Graddy	100
1969..	*Monere	90	1969..	Refined	101
......	Dr. Lee Huffman	92	1954..	Imboden	103
......	Dr. Wentker	92	1969..	*Flip	102
1950..	Marmorean	93	204..	Dr. McCarty	104
			1936..	Happy Jack	106

FOURTH RACE—Seven furlongs; purse:

1967..	Beau Brummel	99	1112..	Miltiades	101
1871..	Light Note	105	1078..	Lieut. Rice	103
[1967]	Mike Sutton	102	[1969]	Ralbert	109
			1410..	Phil Finch	105
			1303..	Harry Scott	106

FIFTH RACE—Four furlongs; purse:

1968..	Esther Brown	97	1968..	Geneva S.	104
1971..	Wine Merchant	100	1949..	Gilvedear	107
1971..	Tim Keily	100	......	Col. Faverdale	107
......	Palamon	100	1931..	Judge Dundon	107
......	The Yamisel	100	......	Lawrence P. Daley	107
1951..	Moquette	100	[1933]	Ida May	112

SIXTH RACE—Mile and one-eighth; selling:

1913..	*Lady Goodrich	98	1954..	Fonsoluca	105
[1971]	Tinker	102	......	Attila	105
......	Neva Welch	103	437..	Mr. Farnum	105
1954..	Louise Macfarlan	103	1960..	Belden	107
1848..	Goldway	104	1914..	Rebounder	108
			1766..	Bellindian	108
			1972..	Scalplock	110

*Apprentice allowance claimed.

LOUISVILLE FORM CHART.

LOUISVILLE, Ky., May 7.—Second day Louisville New Jockey Club Spring Meeting. Weather clear; track heavy.

Presiding Judge, Charles F. Price; Associate Judge, Charles F. Grainger; Associate Judge, William F. Shelley; Secretary and Handicapper, Lyman H. Davis; Starter, Jacob Holtman.

1973—FIRST RACE—Six furlongs; purse $400; for maiden three-year-old fillies. Start good. Won easily; place same. Winner, W. S. Williams & Co.'s b. f., by Bute—Michigan; trained by W. S. Williams. Value to winner, $300. Fractional time: :24 4-5, :50 3-5, 1:19 1-5.

Indx.	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockey.	Opg	Clos	Pl'e
1862	Sister Polly	110	9	......	5..h	4..2	3..½	1..2	J. Lee	8-1	12-1	5-1
1816	Our Anna	110	5	......	2..½	1..½	1..½	2.1½	D. Austin	8-1	16-5	3-2
......	Algelone	110	4	......	3..5	3.1½	2..1	3.nk	Troxler	5-2	7-2	8-5
1820	Mary Buchanan	110	3	......	1..1	2.1½	4..1	4..h	G. Swain	20-1	25-1	10-1
990	Sanderson	110	11	......	8.nk	5..½	5..2	5..h	Hennessy	8-1	9-1	3-2
1938	Wild Violet	110	2	......	6.1½	9..1	6..4	6..4	Bilac	10-1	15-1	6-1
27	Minniqua	110	1	......	4..½	7.nk	7..½	7..½	D. Boland	30-1	20-1	8-1
1862	Lady Cecilia	110	10	......	9..4	8.nk	8..1	8..3	Walker	20-1	40-1	15-1
990	Calita	110	6	......	7..1	6..2	9..2	9..4	Nicol	5-2	4-1	8-5
1073	Mary Orr	110	12	......	11..2	10..2	10..2	10..2	Moriarity	15-1	12-1	5-1
......	Alice King	110	8	......	10..3	11..5	11..5	11..10	O'Mahon'y	30-1	50-1	20-1
......	Dulcie	110	7	......	12	12	12	12	T. Taylor	30-1	50-1	20-1

Sister Polly avoided the early pace, moved up strong entering the stretch, caught Our Anna, raced her into defeat and drew away in the run home. Our Anna tired in the run home. Algeline was a keen contender all the way; outgamed Mary Buchanan for third place.

1974—SECOND RACE—Four furlongs; purse $400; for two-year-olds. Start good. Won easily; place same. Winner, M. Young's b. c., by Sorcerer—Priceless; trained by F. Hanlon. Value to winner, $300. Fractional time: :12, :24 3-5, :36 3-5, :49 4-5.

Indx.	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockey.	Opg	Clos	Pl'e
[1951]	Honest	110	4	......	......	1..1	1.1½	1..2	Nicol	1-1	1-1	1-2
1965	Bucket Brigade	108	7	......	......	3.1½	3..1	2..4	Callahan	15-1	25-1	8-1
1920	Lady Flora	104	6	......	......	2..½	2..h	3..½	Moriarity	30-1	30-1	12-1
1933	Hollow	114	2	......	......	5.1½	5..1	4..3	D. Austin	4-1	5-1	8-5
1971	Col. Brady	107	3	......	......	8..1	6..1	5..2	J. Lee	5-1	18-5	6-5
1955	Uncle Tim	99	1	......	......	4..1	4..½	6..½	G. Swain	15-1	2.-1	8-1
1904	Donna H	105	12	......	......	11..1	7..h	7.nk	Gaugel	20-1	25-1	10-1
......	Bill Herron	102	11	......	......	10..6	9..1	8..h	Hennessy	30-1	40-1	15-1
......	Dunvegan	102	8	......	......	7..2	8..h	9..h	J. Butler	30-1	50-1	20-1
1904	Ben Sand	102	5	......	......	9..4	10..1	10..1	Sheridan	30-1	50-1	20-1
......	Halket	102	10	......	......	6..h	11..1	11..2	T. Taylor	8-1	20-1	8-1
......	Flora Ray	99	13	......	......	12..5	12..4	12..3	B. Wood	30-1	30-1	12-1
......	Little Jennie	103	9	......	......	13	13	13	B. Davis	40-1	50-1	20-1

Honest, much the best, went to the front at the first turn and won as his rider pleased. Bucket Brigade ran a good race; was a keen contender at all stages. Lady Flora hung in the closing strides. Hollow could not concede the weight.

1975—THIRD RACE—Six furlongs; purse $400; for four-year-olds and upward; selling. Start fair. Won driving; place same. Winner, G. H. Holle's b. f., 4, by McNeil—Canella; trained by W. L. Lewis. Value to winner, $300. Fractional time: :24 3-5, :50 1-5, 1:18.

Indx.	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockey.	Opg	Clos	Pl'e
1902	Lady Carol	107	12	......	5..½	3..h	2..½	1.nk	Moriarity	5-1	5-1	2-1
1019	Potter	112	5	......	1..3	1..2	1..1	2.1½	J. Lee	5-1	10-1	4-1
1903	Airship	113	1	......	3..1	4..h	4..1	3..h	Nicol	3-1	9-2	2-1
1910	Lidwina	107	8	......	4..½	5..h	3..h	4..1	Moreland	15-1	15-1	6-1
1062	Prince of Pless	110	10	......	8..½	8..2	5.nk	5..½	Helgersen	30-1	50-1	20-1
1264	Woodclaim	102	7	......	6..h	6..1	7..2	6..2	Skirvin	20-1	40-1	15-1
[845]	Redwood II	112	6	......	7..1	7..1	6..1	7..2	J. Conway	20-1	30-1	12-1
1959	Omah J	109	9	......	13..2	9..½	8..1	8..2	Trueman	20-1	30-1	10-1
1085	Agnes Virginia	109	11	......	8..1	10..2	9..1	9..½	D. Austin	10-1	13-1	5-1
607	Albert Fir	112	2	......	9..h	11..1	10..1	10.nk	O'Mahon'y	20-1	40-1	15-1
1910	Excitement	112	13	......	10.1½	12..2	11..3	11..4	Walker	5-1	7-2	1-1
1903	Bazil	109	14	......	14..1	13..2	12..5	12..6	Troxler	10-1	12-1	5-1
876	Investor	109	3	......	2..h	2..h	13..4	13..6	Dearborn	30-1	60-1	20-1
1959	Optional	107	15	......	15	15	14..2	14..1	Gaugel	20-1	30-1	10-1
817	The Pet	107	4	......	11..1	14..2	15	15	G. Swain	20-1	20-1	8-1

Lady Carol, off none too well, was compelled to go around her field; caught Potter in the run through the stretch and outgamed him in the final strides. Potter had all the speed; too much use was made of him in the early part. Airship had no mishaps. Investor showed a flash of speed, then quit.

1976—FOURTH RACE—One mile; purse $600; handicap; for three-year-olds and upward. Start fair. Won driving; place easily. Winner, F. Cook's b. c., 3, by Jean Beraud—Marshetta; trained by W. E. Phillips. Value to winner, $450. Fractional time: :26, :51 2-5, 1:17 2-5, 1:44 2-5.

Indx.	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockey.	Opg	Clos	Pl'e
1725	Tom Dolan	100	2	1..2	1.1½	1..2	1.1½	1.nk	Gaugel	4-1	7-2	6-5
[1865]	Pasadena	108	3	2.nk	2..1	2..h	2.1½	2..5	T. Taylor	2-1	2-1	9-10
755	The Minks	110	4	4..2	4..½	4..3	3..h	3..h	Moreland	10-1	10-1	4-1
1893	Envoy	102	1	3.nk	3.nk	3..h	4..3	4..2	Hennessy	2-1	18-5	6-5
[374]	Brancas	110	7	6..4	6..5	5..½	5..2	5.nk	J. Lee	6-1	10-1	4-1
[143]	Wing Ting	100	6	5..2	5..h	6..5	6..5	6..5	J. Butler	8-1	10-1	4-1
1314	Charlatan	105	5	7	7	7	7	7	Moriarity	8-1	15-1	5-1

Tom Dolan had the most speed; rushed to the front at the first quarter, forced a fast pace and was doing his best at the end to stall off the rush of Pasadena. The latter had no excuses; was under keen pressure all the way. The Minks, off forwardly, outgamed Envoy for third place. Brancas will improve. Wing Ting was outrun all the way.

1977—FIFTH RACE—Short course; steeplechase; purse $400; for three-year-olds and upward. Start good. Won driving; place same. Winner, E. Corrigan's b. g., 5, by Bathampton—Phidia; trained by J. Collins. Value to winner, $300. Time, 2:58 3-5.

Indx.	Horse.	Wt	S	1st j.	5th j.	9th j.	St'ch	Fin.	Jockey.	Opg.	Clos	Pl'e
1905	Naran	138	5	8..5	6..½	3.1½	2.1½	1.no	Morrison	6-1	7-1	5-2
1919	Lights Out	140	6	1..h	2..h	1..1	1.1½	2..5	Pemberton	5-2	5-1	8-5
1842	Peter Becker	141	4	3.1½	3..5	2..2	3..5	3..1	Yourell	6-1	9-1	3-1
1905	Saul	134	9	5.1½	4..2	6..3	5..2	4..4	McClure	6-1	9-1	3-1
1415	Dawson	139	8	6..h	5..1	4.1½	4..1	5..2	Russell	7-2	10-1	4-1
......	Killdoe	141	1	7..h	7..8	7..10	7..12	6..6	W. Allen	10-1	15-1	6-1
930	New Amsterdam	141	3	2..1	1..h	5..1	6..4	7..6	Ford	10-1	6-1	2-1
1863	Snowdrift	142	7	9	8	8	8	8	Hughes	20-1	25-1	12-1
1919	Weberfields	143	2	4..2	*				Gaddy	5-2	7-5	4-5

*Ran out.

Naran avoided the early pace, caught Lights Out after going over the last jump, the two fighting it out all the way, Naran getting the decision in the last stride. Lights Out forced the pace, hung slightly in the closing strides. Peter Becker could not improve his position. Weberfields ran out of the course.

1978—SIXTH RACE—One and one-sixteenth miles; purse $400; for three-year-olds and upward; selling. Start good. Won easily; place same. Winner, J. H. Baker's ch. c., 4, by Rensselaer—Grenadine; trained by owner. Value to winner, $300. Fractional time: :25 3-5, :51, 1:18, 1:46, 1:53 4-5.

Indx.	Horse.	Wt	S	¼	½	¾	St'ch	Fin.	Jockey.	Opg	Clos	Pl'e
1954	Gauze	105	6	2..1	1..2	1.1½	1..3	1.1½	Brandt	2-1	3-2	7-10
1954	Fonsoluca	110	1	3.1½	3.1½	2.nk	2..½	2..2	Nicol	5-1	6-1	2-1
1958	*King Leopold	104	5	1..1	2.nk	3.1½	3..4	3..5	Moreland	2-1	3-1	6-5
1063	Bottles	104	4	6..2	5..2	5..6	5..5	4..2	Moriarity	5-1	6-1	2-1
1935	Red Ogden	84	8	4.nk	4..1	4..2	4.1¼	5..5	Steele	50-1	100-1	40-1
1923	Lady Ellison	111	2	5..h	6..4	6..6	6..4	6..3	Troxler	6-1	10-1	3-1
1798	Dromio	112	3	8	8	8	7..½	7..1	Trueman	30-1	30-1	1-1
1956	Goldess	92	7	7..1	7..2	7..2	8	8	Butler	15-1	12-1	5-1

*Disqualified.

Gauze, at home in the going, went to the front at the first turn, raced King Leopold into subjection and shook off Fonsoluca in the run through the stretch and won well in hand. Fonsoluca always held the others safe. King Leopold finished third, but was disqualified for cutting across the field at the start.

CHAT OF THE COURSE.

The American Turf Association has instituted a new rule to amend the clause relative to gentlemen riders. This action was taken at the instance of Dr. Ferguson, of Nashville, who had filed his application to ride at the Downs. The rules of the A. T. A. require every person wishing to ride to take out a license. This has been amended so that gentlemen riders can secure permits which will entitle them to ride in races without placing them in the professional class. The same rule is in vogue in the East and also applies to gentlemen riders of hunt clubs in the East and Canada who wish to ride here. Dr. W. B. Ferguson was granted a permit yesterday, and he will ride here in the gentlemen's cup race. Jockey Hill, who was suspended two years ago by Judge Murphy, was restored to good standing.

* * *

Auditor, which ran at the Downs last fall and was several times returned a winner, died at Douglas Park yesterday. He contracted lung fever which terminated his career. Jake Greenburg, the local pawnbroker, purchased Auditor last fall, but later sold him to Bob Tucker, who in turn disposed of him to W. R. Capps, of Union City, Tenn. The horse was valued at $1,000.

While taking his morning gallop Jack Lory, yesterday broke down. He was carded to start in the third race yesterday, but was excused by Judge Price owing to the accident.

* * *

Barney Dreyfuss, president of the Pittsburg National League Baseball Club, who is interested in a stable of horses with Alex Labold, will arrive in the city on Thursday for a brief visit.

* * *

The problem of what riding talent would be present at Louisville has been solved satisfactorily. This was a question that caused no little uneasiness before the meeting began, inasmuch as it avails but little if good horses are entered and run if no skill is shown by the rider. And if a horse loses a race through the manifest incompetency of his jockey it not only detracts from the enjoyment of the sport but it causes many who are not good judges of everything that pertains to good, clean racing to raise the cry of fraud and to indulge in criticism which, though it is unjust, does racing no good.

The jockey talent here is very evenly balanced, and while one or two boys excel the others a little, it is only in a degree and it does not materially affect the general result of the races. There is a sufficient number of good riders here to insure a well-contested and a skillfully-ridden race. This is much more to be desired than to have one rider who far outranks all others.

With Nicol, Troxler, J. Lee, D. Austin, J. Hennessy, D. Boland, Minder, Gaugel and Moriarity on the ground and available there need be no alarm on the jockey question.

In this connection it is desirable to pay a deserved compliment to a comer among the jockeys here, Leo Gaugel. His handride on Tom Dolan from the eighth pole to the wire would have done credit to a first-class rider of many years of riding experience. He furthermore stuck tenaciously to the rail, held Pasadena in there and took pains not to foul him.

Gaugel is a lad of good manners and habits. He is always alert, never gives the starter the least annoyance and tries every inch of the way all the time. He has some skill and is honest. To such a rider after more experience success always comes, and when it comes to Gaugel he will bear his honors modestly.

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W. A. Kirwin, owner of Mary Buchanan, informed Jockey S. Swain before the first race that he would give him $10 if he would get the filly away from the post among the first four. After the race Swain was asked by the owner whether he had earned the money or not. The jockey truthfully replied: "I do not think I did." Owner Kirwin gave the boy the ten-spot, as he stated Swain was the only boy who has ever been able to get the Balgowen filly to the front in any of her races.

* * *

Walter Palmer, general manager of the Canadian tracks at Windsor and Fort Erie, returned to his home in Nashville last night.

* * *

While the crowd was not as large as on Derby day, the twenty-nine layers who volunteered to accept the public's money, had a good day.

* * *

Gaddy, who had the mount on Weberfields in the steeplechase was set down for the meeting. If the bettors had been consulted he would have been set down for life and then some.

* * *

Passengers on the "Minary Special" were amused at the sign on the door of one of the poolrooms in South Louisville, which are not in operation during the races. It read: "If you can't get in slip your change under the door."

* * *

The talent tried to get off with a flying start. The form players sent hook, line and sinker in on Our Anna in the first race, backing her from 10 to 1 to 3 to 1. Austin hustled Our Anna right to the front soon after the start and looked a winner in the stretch until J. Lee "upset the beans" with Sister Polly, who came from nowhere and grabbed the money.

* * *

Ross Beatty is certainly stepping lightly. He landed with a ten-dollar bill and paraleyed it into car fare.

* * *

The bookmakers would have been paying off until Thursday had Gaddy tried to ride Weberfields.

* * *

Col. Screw Sanders was a busy agent about the ring yesterday. His diamond special was Tom Dolan, but he failed to play the bay colt and borrowed car fare.

* * *

Green Jones figured the third race between Lady Carol and Excitement after seeing the kings of the chalk getting groggy from cutting Excitement's price finely set it in on him.

* * *

Jockey E. Morrison after landing Naran a winner in the suicide event by a head was loudly applauded.

* * *

The stable of Buchanan & Co. arrived at Douglas Park yesterday, the string including several crack two-year-olds which they expect to win brackets with.

* * *

Jockey D. Austin drew a $50 fine in the first race for cutting across in front of Algelone soon after the start.

* * *

All the superstitious folk had their money down on Lady Carol, which carried No. 13. They were amply rewarded. She galloped home an easy winner in the third race at 5 to 1. This must be a favorite number with the race-horse gentry, notwithstanding the superstition, as every once in a while they put a good one over with 13 on his back.

* * *

Count Boswell was on hand and as usual got the money. John Weissen played "dog" straight, place and show.

* * *

Patrol Judge Foster looks as wise as a stable rat. He is there with the goods.

* * *

Gaddy got "his'n" in quick order. The steeplechase riders had better take notice for Judge Price is taking a good look at things.

* * *

What happened to Hollow? Dale Austin did not ride one of his usually alert races.

* * *

Hugh Keough, whose fame as a turf writer and a wit is not confined to the West, returned to Chicago last night, after a profitable two days' stay.

* * *

Dan T. Murray, dean of the turf writers in the West and president of the Turf Writers' Association of America, left last night for his home in Chicago, where he will remain until the opening of the Toronto meeting.

* * *

The women were out in force. The grand stand was a mass of bright color. If appearances count for anything they were certainly robbing the bookmakers. The bookmakers, however, did not seem distressed.

* * *

Sister Polly was the first long shot of the day to pass under the wire in time to bring joy to the hearts of the bettors. All the stable boys seemed to be "wise" to this good thing. There was a lively scramble to get down in time.

* * *

The horse with the Chinese name, Wing Ting, was heavily played in the fourth race, but did not justify the confidence placed in her, finishing outside of the money, and running a poor race.

* * *

The jumping race was a prime favorite with the women with the exception of a few—the latter held their breaths every time the horses negotiated the hurdles. One woman furnished considerable amusement for the grand-stand patrons by insisting that "they" should not be allowed to have such a dangerous race. But jumping races are spectacular, and this is what makes them popular. If one figures on accidents in these races the number of injured will be found to be small.

* * *

It is a study of human nature to watch and hear those who have had "sure tips," information from officials, owners, etc. When they fail to win either the race was "fixed" or their horse was fouled.

* * *

Honesty was the best policy in the second race. Honest finding little difficulty in defeating his field.

KILLS WHOLE FAMILY IN INSANE FIT.

San Francisco Carpenter Runs Amuck and Does Fearful Damage.

San Francisco, May 7.—Walter Charley Davis, a carpenter, in a fit of insanity to-day shot and killed a family of six persons with whom he resided at 414 Pierres street, in this city. The dead are: Orson R. Bush, aged fifty-seven; his wife and their young son; W. S. Bard, a carpenter, with relatives in St. Louis and Denver; M. E. Zinton, a surveyor, recently from New York, and Mrs. Lillian D. Carothers, an elderly woman who boarded in the house.

One lodger in the house escaped; she was a girl of seventeen. Davis pointed his gun at her and was preparing to shoot, when he said she resembled his daughter, so he spared her life.

Davis and his victims all resided with the Bush family, who conducted a boarding-house. Davis' home was in Farmersville, near Vizalia, this State, where he has a wife and six children. He has been working here as a carpenter since the fire.

LOUISVILLE SALESMAN HAS NARROW ESCAPE.

Montgomery, Ala., May 7.—Thomas McGough, traveling salesman of Louisville, was knocked down by a car this morning and dragged under the wheels fifty feet, escaping with only painful bruises. He was running for a standing car and dashed into one moving rapidly in another direction.

O'BRIEN AND BURNS ARE CONFIDENT

Heavyweight Candidates In Fine Condition For Their Bout At Los Angeles To-Night.

LOS ANGELES, Cal., May 7.—[Special.]—"When I meet Tommy Burns in the ring to-morrow night it will be a different Jack O'Brien that will face the Canadian. Instead of stalling I will go after him from the start, and I feel certain that before ten rounds have been fought I will have closed his eyes with left jabs and have him bleeding and hanging on. A right to the jaw will lay him low. I will win inside of fifteen rounds. After this battle I will retire. Burns is the biggest cinch I ever saw," said Jack O'Brien to-night. "I am prepared for the toughest fight of my career, and if O'Brien lasts longer than fifteen rounds I will be a greatly surprised fighter. I will keep after him from the tap of the gong until he falls before me. In our last fight he failed to hurt me, and he can do no more this time. I have wagered half of my earnings on the fight, and feel certain that I will come out with flying colors. I'll stop him sure," says Tommy Burns.

Owing to the extraordinarily fine showing made by Tommy Burns in finishing up his training for the championship battle with Jack O'Brien to-morrow night and of the rush of Burns' money, the betting is even money and take your choice. Until last night the odds were 10 to 8 in favor of "Philadelphia Jack," but a great rush of Burns' money materialized, and every cent offered by either side was snapped up until even money was offered by the Canadian's backers that he would take the lanky Quaker into camp. The great amount of money wagered on this fight, coupled with the heavy sale of tickets, especially the higher-priced ones, illustrates the interest taken in it by the fight followers.

Both fighters are in town to-day, and beyond light road work to keep on edge neither will do much.

THREE START IN BIG EVENT

Heavy Track Causes Many Scratches In Races At Jamaica.

BUTTLING TAKES FEATURE.

Odds-On Favorite Beats Philander and Rye In the King's County Handicap.

RESULTS ON OTHER TRACKS.

NEW YORK, May 7.—Trainers were averse to running their horses over the morass into which the heavy rains had turned the Jamaica track and scratches were numerous in all the races to-day. But three starters faced the barrier in the Kings County Handicap. Buttling was made an odds-on favorite and justified the reckoning of the layers by beating out Philander, the second choice, one and a half lengths.

Only one more day of racing remains at the Jamaica course, when, May 9, the real Eastern racing season will be ushered in at the beautiful and historic course at Belmont Park. The Kings County Handicap, with an added value of $1,500, for three-year-olds and upward, at one and one-sixteenth miles, was the chief magnet of attraction this afternoon, and, as the rest of the fields were classy, thousands thronged to the metropolitan track, and as a consequence speculation was brisk.

Eight two-year-old platers faced Mr. Cassidy in the opener, and Thomas Calhoun, the favorite, was returned the winner. Bennie Williams was second and Astana Belle third.

A big bunch of old-timers paraded in the second. The wise money was down on Reidmore and Wes. As the race was run Col. White, at 60 to 1, was best, winning by half a length from Reidmore, with Shenandoah third. Wes ran indifferently.

Handicapper Vosburg put 120 pounds on Oraculum in the third, a three-quarter-mile handicap, in which he started. Off to a good start, Zethus laid in a good position, and when straightened for home came on and won by five lengths, with Tim O'Toole second and Belcast third.

Buttling, the odds-on favorite, won the Kings County Handicap, the feature of the day's card, a mile and a sixteenth handicap for three-year-olds and upward. Philander, the second choice, was second, fifteen lengths in front of Rye, who was the only other starter.

Royal Onyx won the fifth, with Anna May second and Floaway third. Summaries:

First Race—Five furlongs; selling:
Thomas Calhoun, 101 (Musgrove), 9 to 5..1
Bennie Williams, 106 (Mountain), 12 to 1..2
Astoria Belle, 99 (Garner), 6 to 1..3
Time, 1:03 3-5. Acreedor, Shirley R., Inauguration, Glaucus and Marion Moore also ran.

Second Race—Mile and a sixteenth; selling:
Col. White, 109 (W. Doyle), 60 to 1..1
Reidmore, 106 (Lloyd), 5 to 1..2
Shenandoah, 101 (Musgrove), 12 to 1..3
Time, 1:49 1-5. St. Valentine, John Smulski, De Reszke, Contend, Lord Badge, Wes, D'Arkle and Palette also ran.

Third Race—Six furlongs:
Zethus, 107 (Miller), 8 to 5..1
Tim O'Toole, 112 (Martin), 4 to 1..2
Belcast, 115 (Notter), 5 to 1..3
Time, 1:16. Acrobat and Umbrella also ran.

Fourth Race—Mile and a sixteenth; Kings County Handicap:
Buttling, 114 (Notter), 15 to 20..1
Philander, 100 (Miller), 9 to 5..2
Rye, 103 (Finn), 7 to 1..3
Time, 1:48 3-5. Only three starters.

Fifth Race—Five and one-half furlongs; selling:
Royal Onyx, 103 (Lowe), 9 to 20..1
Anna May, 101 (Preston, 5 to 1..2
Flowaway, 102 (Pickett), 15 to 1..3
Time, 1:09. Reside and Ruth Howard also ran.

Sixth Race—Five furlongs:
Ruscimo, 108 (Mountain), 6 to 1..1
Divorcee, 106 (Miller), 7 to 5..2
Spring Heel, 106 (Preston), 5 to 1..3
Time, 1:04. Dottie S., Retrospect, Glorious Betsy, Vilhalla, Tea Leaf, Eruption and Minne G. also ran.

JAMAICA ENTRIES.

FIRST RACE—Two-year-olds; five furlongs:

Sweet Taire	112	Mrs. O'Farrel	104
Honey of Shennamere	107	The Dane	107
Geo. Considine	107	Dorante	107
Sanguine	107	Alauda	107
		Hartford Boy	107

SECOND RACE—Three-year-olds and upwards; selling; one and one-sixteenth miles:

Henry Watterson	106	Lord Badge	104
Delmore	102	John Smulski	105
Tony Bonero	91	*Bizzy Izzy	97
*Azora	92	*Killochan	85
*Mariposa	85	Robador	105
Masinello	102	Flimnap	102
Quinn Brady	102	*Shenandoah	97
*Bonmot	97	*Cloisteress	92
*Lord Stanhope	85	*Lally	84

THIRD RACE—Three-year-olds and upward; handicap; one and one-sixteenth miles:

Tommy Waddell	119	Hyperion II.	119
Shenandoah	106	Dollie Spanker	110
Flip Flap	126	Sir Toddington	105
Lally	96		

FOURTH RACE—The Suffolk Stakes; two-year-olds; selling; five furlongs:

Raimondo	99	Blue Heron	104
Tartar Maid	103	Masks and Faces	99
Thermodir	107	Rifle Range	102
The Dane	105	*Rustle	96
*Ella Onelli	94	*Blue Ban	94
*Tilekilns	96	*Laura Clay	94
*Laughing Eyes	94	*Thomas Calhoun	100

FIFTH RACE—Three-year-olds and upward; selling; six furlongs:

Ballot Box	100	Berkeley	103
Sir Toddington	108	Water Tank	102
Chief Hayes	113	Oyama	113
Commune	108	Cloisteress	108
*Athens	90	*New York	109
*Suffice	104	*L'Amour	90
*Durbar	104	*Marvel P.	103

SIXTH RACE—Three-year-olds and upward handicap; five and a half furlongs:

Halifax	126	Robin Hood	122
Bad News	120	Inquisitor	118
Don Domo	117	Hyperion II.	116
Lady Anne	115	Little Don	114
McCarter	105	Workman	104
Dr. Hollis	93	Glenham	90

*Apprentice allowance.

LONG SHOTS AT OAKLAND.

Sugar Maid Takes Flying Squadron Handicap After Being Well Backed.

San Francisco, May 7.—Long shots were in evidence at Oakland to-day, the first four races going to horses with liberal prices quoted against them. The Flying Squadron Handicap was taken by Sugar Maid, which receded to 7 to 1. Summaries:

First Race—Four and a half furlongs; selling:
Karoda, 112 (Keogh), 12 to 1..1
St. Avon, 112 (A. Williams), 5 to 1..2
Swedesam, 112 (F. Kelly), 8 to 1..3
Time, :55 4-5. Jeremiah, Irish Mike, St. Molan, Sir Wesley, San Ramona, Great Apache, Sandpiper, Alcibiades and Elephant Jack also ran.

Second Race—Six and one-half furlongs; selling:
Ero Pyro, 112 (Keogh), 15 to 1..1
Bonar, 109 (Palms), 16 to 1..2
Dr. Rowell, 104 (Mentry), 12 to 1..3
Time, 1:22 1-5. Sinner Simon, Reality, Dotterel, Little Buttercup, Dora I., Darthula, Wartimes, Elba and Miringue also ran.

Third Race—Seven furlongs; selling:
Col. Jewell, 104 (Buxton), 15 to 1..1
Yellowstone, 107 (F. Wilson), 9 to 2..2
Little Mirthful, 109 (Fischer), 5 to 1..3
Time, 1:28 3-5. Watercure, Black Gem, Santa Ray, Hippocrates, Tiller, Etapa, Mike Jordan and Maud Muller also ran. Blakeley left at post.

Fourth Race—Six and one-half furlongs; Flying Squadron Handicap:
Sugar Maid, 107 (Fischer), 7 to 1..1
Entre Nous, 113 (W. Kelly), 4 to 1..2
Grace G., 91 (Lynch), 10 to 1..3
Time, 1:20. George P. McNear, Judge Nelson, Martinmas, Cloudlight and Dollie Dollars also ran.

Fifth Race—Seven furlongs:
Lem Reed, 109 (Fischer), 3 to 1..1
Croix d'Or, 109 (W. Kelly), 21 to 5..2
Prince Magnet, 112 (Rettig), 11 to 2..3
Time, 1:27. Pacifico, Woodthorpe, Hedgethorn, Rama, Turkeyfoot and Jackful also ran.

Sixth Race—Mile and fifty yards:
Woolma, 94 (A. Walsh), 6 to 1..1
Livius, 98 (W. Kelly), 12 to 1..2
Frank Flittner, 106 (F. Wilson), 8 to 1..3
Time, 1:44 1-5. Lord of the Vale, Ethel Day, Edith James, Sycamore, Bob Ragon, John Lyle, Johnny Lyons and Gold Ledge also ran.

PIONEER PHYSICIAN DIES IN KANSAS CITY.

Kansas City, May 7.—Dr. I. M. Ridge, a pioneer physician, and one of the wealthy men of Kansas City, died at his home here to-day, aged eighty-two years. He came to Missouri from Kentucky in 1834 and was a participant in some of the exciting border episodes before the Civil War.

Southern Track Meet.

Atlanta, Ga., May 7.—The first annual district track meet held by the Georgia-Florida-Alabama division of the Southern Intercollege Athletic Association was won here to-day by the team from the University of Georgia with a score of 70 points. The School of Technology was second with 33 points; Emory College, third, 22 points, and the Alabama Polytechnic Institute, Auburn, was fourth with 18 points.

"THE DRINK FOR EVERYBODY"

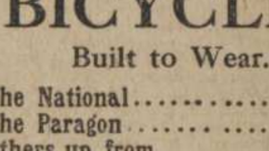


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Good Fishing TACKLE is the cheapest. You will find the best doesn't cost much when you get our prices.
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BICYCLES
Built to Wear.
The National............ $40.00
The Paragon............ $25.00
Others up from........... $15.00
Repairs and Sundries.
Wholesale and Retail.
THE SUTCLIFFE CO.,
(Incorporated.)
225 Fourth Avenue.

Sister Polly, 8-1, Won
Lady Carol, 5-1, Won
Tom Dolan, 4-1, Won
The Above Good Things Won Tuesday.
Wednesday Big Killing
For Lester Clients.

I have "dug up" a "sleeper" for to-day that has been "preped" for a "killing." This "baby" has been "under cover" and only the stable connections, one other and myself are in on this deal. We expect a good, juicy price for our money, and it's only a question of how far this horse will win by. He'll have to break a leg to lose. Take my word for it that (bar accident) he

WILL WIN SURE.

This is one grand opportunity to get a bank roll off a "shoestring." My instructions will be to take first betting, get busy, look "wise" and say nothing. Keep sending it in till the bell rings. The rest is a foregone conclusion.

TERMS $2 DAILY; $10 WEEKLY.
BILL LESTER & CO.
SUITE 22, 3d FLOOR
Courier-Journal Building

THE MOST REFRESHING DRINK IN THE WORLD
Coca-Cola
At all Saloons, Groceries, Cafes and Stands. 5c. a Bottle.
Coca Cola Bottling Works, Louisville, Ky. (Incorporated.)

STUYVESANT PIANOS.
CRIPPEN-ALLEN PIANO CO.
Fourth Ave., Op. Post-office.
(Incorporated.)

JOHN J. WARD
Will arrive and be open for business at Louisville Saturday, May 11, not before. Pay no attention to parties claiming to have my information on sale before next Saturday, the 11th.



PURSE AND TWO RACES AT A MILE AND OVER

GREAT CARD
AT CHURCHILL DOWNS

TO-DAY
FIRST RACE AT 2:30 P. M.
Gentlemen $1.50; Ladies $1.00;
Boxes $5 and $8.
Tickets on sale at Seelbach's, Buschemeyer's, Humler & Nolan's and Boston Cafe.



LET US

fill your order now for Best Pittsburg Coal from the supply just received. It's newly mined, bright and clean, free of impurities and will not clinker.

$3.50 per load; $14.00 per 100 bu., for May delivery.

Eclipse Coal Co.

Lincoln Bldg. **4th and Market.** Second Floor.

PHONES 1821. WM. EVERING, Mgr.



Do you have "too many irons in the fire?" You may sell some of your "irons," or secure help in managing them, through classified advertising in the Courier-Journal and Times.

FOX RIDGE COAL

25 Bushels . $3.50

100 Bushels . 14.00

The Best There Is.

Scanlon Coal Co.

(Incorporated.)

STEAMBOAT TIME TABLES.

STRS. CITY OF CINCINNATI and CITY OF LOUISVILLE

For Madison, Carrollton, Cincinnati and Upper Ohio River points at 5 p. m. daily, except Sunday at 9 a. m., from foot of Third. Phone 141. C. C. FULLER, Supt.

LOUISVILLE and EVANSVILLE PACKET CO. For Owensboro, Evansville and way points. Steamer GLENMORE, Monday and Thursday. Steamer TARASCON, Tuesday and Friday. Steamer TELL CITY, Wednesday and Saturday at 4 p. m. Freight received daily. Wharfboat foot of Fourth. Both phones 495-827.
C. V. WILLIAMS, G. F. and P. A.

LEE LINE STEAMERS

To MEMPHIS Peters Lee leaves May 9, noon. Georgia Lee lvs. May 16, noon.
$9.50 One Way; $16.00 Round Trip. $2.50 to Evansville; $2.50 to Cincinnati.
Through freight and passengers for all Ohio, Cumberland, Tennessee and Mississippi rivers north to St. Louis, south to Vicksburg; Arkansas river points to Pine Bluff. Room 208 Commercial Bldg., Fourth and Main. Phones: Cumb. M. 26; Home 7610.
W. F. BRANDENBURG, A. F. and P. A.

75c TO CINCINNATI
$1 ROUND TRIP

ON STEAMER

CITY OF LOUISVILLE

SATURDAY, MAY 11, AT 5 P. M.

Secure tickets in advance on Wharfboat, foot of Third Street.
Both Phones 141.

RIVER AND WEATHER.

LONGITUDE AND LATITUDE OF LOUISVILLE.

Latitude, 38° 15'. Longitude, 85° 45' West From Greenwich.

Reports of maximum temperature and precipitation for the twenty-four hours ended May 7 at 7 p. m.:

Stations.	Temp.	Pre.	Stations.	Temp.	Pre.
Abilene	64	.60	Marquette	32	T
Amarillo	72	T	Memphis	70	.64
Atlanta	76	.02	Modena	54	.02
Bismarck	40	.06	Montgomery	76	.42
Cairo	70	.94	Nashville	74	.30
Cincinnati	62	.20	New Orleans	82	.01
Charlotte	84	.02	New York	58	T
Chattanooga	78	.16	North Platte	62	.00
Chicago	50	.00	Oklahoma	58	T
Cor's Christi	80	.00	Omaha	64	.00
Davenport	66	.00	Palestine	80	.38
Dodge City	60	.00	Pittsburg	64	.09
El Paso	82	.00	San Antonio	82	T
Fort Smith	66	.12	Shreveport	78	1.98
Galveston	78	.00	St. Louis	62	.02
Indianapolis	60	.28	St. Paul	44	.06
Jacksonville	82	.12	Vicksburg	78	.04
Kansas City	62	.02	Washington	60	T
Little Rock	70	.05	Yello'ne Park	52	.04

T—Trace rainfall.

SEMI-DAILY OBSERVATIONS.

[Official.] Louisville, May 7, 1907.

	7 a. m.	7 p. m.
Barometer	29.88	29.94
Temperature	60	68
Dewpoint	58	63
Relative humidity	93	83
Wind velocity	3	2
State of weather	Cloudy	Clear

TEMPERATURE AND PRECIPITATION.

Constants and Normals.

[Official.] Louisville, May 7, 1907.

Maximum temperature	72
Minimum temperature	57
Mean temperature	64
Normal temperature	64
Departure for day	00
Departure for month	—52
Departure since March 1	+7
Prevailing winds	NW
Mean barometer	29.91
Mean relative humidity	88
Character of day	Pt.cl'y
Total precipitation	.07
Normal precipitation	.12
Departure for day	—.05
Departure for month	+.31
Departure since March 1	—.70

ARRIVALS AND DEPARTURES.

City of Louisville, from and to Cincinnati....Helen M. Gould, from and to Carrollton....Tarascon, from and to Evansville.

BOATS LEAVING THIS DAY.

City of Cincinnati, Capt. Lindenbern, for Cincinnati at 5 p. m....Helen M. Gould, Capt. McIntyre, for Carrollton at 4 p. m....Tell City, Capt. Howard, for Evansville and all way landings at 4 p. m.

RIVER, BUSINESS AND WEATHER.

The river was falling last evening, with 8 feet in the canal; 5 feet 8 inches on the falls and 20 feet at the foot of the locks. Business lively; weather cloudy; threatening more rain.

DRIFTWOOD.

The Tell City leaves for Evansville this afternoon at 4 o'clock....The Tarascon left for Evansville last evening with a good trip....The Peters Lee leaves for Memphis and all way points to-morrow at noon....The Jim Wood goes back to Pittsburg with a tow of empties....The Duquesne left for Pittsburg with the empties brought from the South by the W. W. O'Neill....Several steamboatmen dropped their rolls at the races Monday. Now they are sad....The Iron Age and tow left Pittsburg for this city Monday....The Joe B. Williams passed Cairo going South Monday....Heavy rain at Madison Monday....The board appointed by the Secretary of War to consider the project of establishing a 14-foot channel from St. Louis to the mouth of the Mississippi river, in accordance with an act of Congress approved March 2 last, held its first meeting at St. Louis Monday and organized by electing Col. Clinton B. Sears, United States army Engineers Corps, at St. Louis, president. The other members of the board present were Col. C. M. Townsend, of Cleveland; Col. W. H. Bixby, of Chicago, and Maj. Henry P. Richardson, of Louisiana. The sessions are held behind closed doors....The river will be rising here to-night....The Pittsburg and Cincinnati Packet Line has not been sold as reported to Rowe & Noll, of Pt. Pleasant....Capt. Paris Brown, of Cincinnati, has returned home from West Baden Springs....The Jim Wood got here with her tow from Pittsburg and goes back with a tow of empties....The body of John Klein, who fell overboard off the Virginia at Parkersburg a few weeks ago and was drowned, was found in the river at Longbottom Monday....The Ironsides and Sam Brown with tows left Pittsburg yesterday for this city....The Ohio is rising from Cincinnati to Pittsburg....The Oakland passed Memphis with a tow going South Monday....The S. S. Brown went through to Little Rock last trip, meeting with a big reception....The City of Memphis leaves St. Louis Saturday in the Kansas City trade....The St. James goes on the Paducah ways in a few days. ....The Diamond Joe line opens on the 13th inst....Uncle Sam is "making fish of one and fowl of another." He has changed the names of a number of boats, but the Gen. O'McPoe has had her name remain unchanged....A favorite song sung by the deck hands on big fine New Orleans packets in ante-bellum days was:

De captain's in a hurry, an' I know what dat means,
He's gwine ter beat de Tom Sherlock down to New Orleans,
Den roll out, heave dat cotton,
Roll out, heave dat cotton,
Roll out, heave dat cotton,
For we ain't got long to stay.

"Good-bye, Liza Jane," was another popular favorite among the negro deck-hands when the boat was leaving port.... Col. Will S. Hays, of this city, wrote both songs, nearly forty years ago....The W. W. O'Neill left for New Orleans last night with a big tow of coal....The J. B. Finley will be up from New Orleans Thursday and return to New Orleans with a tow of coal....Capt. Arthur Moren left for Pittsburg yesterday....The Mabel brought up a barge of stone yesterday....Among the visitors to the races are Capt. James H. Rees, of the Memphis and Arkansas River Packet Company; Col. J. M. Fowlkes, of Memphis; Mr. J. S. Denyvan, and A. S. Calwell. They are stopping at The Seelbach and will be here for a few days. Few men come to this city who have more friends here than Capt. Jim Rees. He is always a welcome visitor.

RIVER TELEGRAMS.

Pittsburg, May 7.—[Special.]—Two tows of coal left the harbor to-day, and two more are scheduled to leave to-morrow. The Ironsides with four boats and eight barges and the George W. Thomas with fifteen barges. The A. R. Budd with twelve barges and a tow of the River Coal Company with more barges for Midland will leave to-morroy morning. The water was falling this evening. There was 9.2 feet at Davis Island Dam, and the short shipping stage is nearly over. The stage is excellent for the packets which are making good time and with big trips. The Clara Rames will start her long voyage to Mexico.

Wheeling, May 7.—River 11 feet 5 inches, slowly rising.

Cincinnati, May 7.—[Special.]—At 6 p. m. to-day the Ohio river at Cincinnati was 21 feet 9 inches and rising. The departures of packets to-day were: Virginia, for Pittsburg; Courier, for Maysville; Tacoma, for Pomeroy; Lizzie Bay, for Madison, and City of Cincinnati, for Louisville. The H. M. Stanley leaves Wednesday for Pomeroy. The Peters Lee leaves Wednesday for Memphis. The Courier leaves Wednesday for Maysville. There were no towboat movements in this port to-day. Weather, cloudy and cool.

Madison, Ind., May 7.—[Special.]—River 26.1, a rise of one foot in twenty-four hours. Georgia Lee departed for Cincinnati, and Lucille Nowland for Arkansas river. The Mississippi river commission steamer Mississippi departed for St. Louis and will come South next week with the Inland Waterways Commission aboard. The Chaperon, towing the houseboat Summer Girl, arrived from Clinton, Iowa, and will remain here several days.

* * *

Evansville, May 7.—River falling, 21.2. Weather, clear and warmer.

Cairo, Ill., May 7.—River 34.3 and rising. Weather, cloudy and warm. Departed: Fred Hartweg, lower Mississippi, 4 p. m.

St. Louis, May 7.—River 17.8, a fall of 0.1 in twenty-four hours. Weather, cloudy and cool.

MOVEMENTS OF OCEAN STEAMSHIPS.

New York, May 7.—Arrived: Steamers Kaiser Wilhelm II, Bremen, Southampton and Cherbourg.

Sailed: Steamers Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, Bremen via Plymouth and Cherbourg; Caronia, Liverpool via Queenstown; Hamburg, Naples, Genoa, etc.

Sable Island, N. S., May 7.—Steamer Majestic, Liverpool and Queenstown for New York in communication with Marconi station 190 miles east at 11:20 a. m. Will probably dock 8 a. m. Thursday.

Naples, May 6, 3:07 p. m.—Arrived: Steamer Moltke, New York.

Hamburg, May 7, 2 a. m.—Sailed: Steamer Sicilia, New York and Philadelphia.

Copenhagen, May 3.—Arrived. Steamer Republic, New York via Madeira and Gibraltar.

Plymouth, May 7, 4 p. m.—Arrived: Steamer Dutschland, New York for Cherbourg and Hamburg and proceeded.

Cadiz, April 30.—Sailed: Steamer Antonio Lopez, from Genoa and Barcelona, New York.

Internal Revenue Collections.

The internal revenue collections yesterday were as follows: Beer, $40.85; whisky, $43,315.14; cigars, $893.25; tobacco, $8,541.30; special tax stamps, $8.34; case stamps, $130; total, $56,973.03.

DEATH BLOW

To Be Dealt the So-Called "Drug Trust" In Indiana.

AGREEMENT REACHED TO ENTER DECREE.

BILL OF COMPLAINT CHARGED RESTRAINT OF COMPETITION.

WILL END THE LITIGATION.

Indianapolis, Ind., May 7.—The hearing of testimony in the suit brought by the Government in the Circuit Court of the United States for the District of Indiana against the members of the so-called "drug trust" was to-day postponed until to-morrow at 10 o'clock by Noble C. Butler, who was selected as Master to hear the evidence.

Following a consultation to-day between Joseph B. Kealing, United States District Attorney and counsel for the defendants, it was agreed that a decree will be entered to-morrow morning against all of the ninety-two defendants granting the perpetual injunction asked by the Government.

This will, if entered, end the litigation, and the Government, according to the terms of the decree agreed upon, will have accomplished all that it sought in the bill of complaint.

The defendants named in the bill of complaint are the officers, directors, members, agents and attorneys of the National Association of Retail Druggists, the National Wholesale Druggists' Association, Tri-Partite Proprietors, "blacklist manufacturers," Charles C. Bombaugh, "direct contract proprietors," and "wholesale contract proprietors."

The bill of complaint charged a combination for the purpose of restraining and preventing competition in interstate commerce by manufacturers and dealers in proprietary articles and medicines and fixing and regulating prices for which these articles and medicines should be sold.

Indicted For Rebating.

New York, May 7.—A Federal grand jury which has been investigating rebate cases to-day indicted the Chicago, Rock Island and Pacific Railway Company; Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul Railway Company; New York, Ontario and Western Railway Company, and the Western Transit Company, on charges of granting rebates to the American Sugar Refining Company.

To Argue Kentucky Case.

Washington City, May 7.—[Special.]—C. C. McChord, Col. Bennett H. Young and former Senator Lindsay are here to argue before the Interstate Commerce Commission to-morrow the side of the Commonwealth in the case involving the equalization of freight rates for Owensboro and Henderson in relation to Evansville.

Arguments Closed.

Chicago, May 7.—The arguments for a new trial in the case of the Government against the Standard Oil Company, in which that corporation was recently convicted in the Federal Court of accepting illegal rebates, were concluded to-day. Judge Landis announced that he would not give his decision for several days.

WANTS TO CHARGE HIGHER RATES

FIRST STEP IN JEFFERSONVILLE FERRY REORGANIZATION.

CLARK COUNTY COMMISSIONERS GRANT REQUEST.

PASSENGERS AT SAME PRICE.

As a part of the reorganization plan of the Louisville and Jeffersonville Ferry Company, which recently held a meeting to discuss the question of going into liquidation, it has been decided to increase the rates for carrying vehicles and animals. As a representative of the company, M. Z. Stannard yesterday went before the Board of Commissioners of Clark county, Ind., during the monthly meeting in Jeffersonville, and asked that an order be made increasing the rates. Mr. Stannard said that unless this was done it might be possible that the company would have to go out of existence.

He said the cost of operating the boats was considerably more than it had been a few years ago and the income was correspondingly less. He said it was out of the question to talk about keeping the steamers in repair at the present income and the boats were needing overhauling. Some of them, he told the board, should be replaced with new ones. It was not believed to be absolutely certain that the company could be operated at a profit, Mr. Stannard asserted, after permission had been granted to increase the rates, but there would be an attempt to do so. Mr. Stannard said that if the order was made a license would be applied for at once.

The company operates under a Clark county franchise and for this reason the application was made to the Board of Commissioners. At a pervious meeting, J. E. Glossbrenner, superintendent of the line, went before the board and asked for an order making an increase in the rates on animals and vehicles, and was told the board had nothing to do with it. Mr. Stannard insisted it did, and quoted the law on the subject. There was no one present to object to the change, and the board finally made the order which will permit of the increase in rates. Under the order the changes will be as follows:

For each two or four-wheeled vehicle drawn by one horse, including man in charge, 25 cents instead of 20 cents; for each two or four-wheeled vehicle drawn by two horses, 35 cents instead of 25 cents; for each two or four-wheeled vehicle drawn by three horses, including man in charge, 60 cents instead of 40 cents; for each two or four-wheleed vehicle drawn by four horses, including man in charge, $1 instead of 50 cents; each wagon loaded with hay drawn by two horses, 50 cents instead of 25 cents, under the present two-horse wagon rate; automobiles, 75 cents, there being no old rate; horses and cattle in lots of five or under, 10 cents each, same as present rate; horses and cattle in lots of six or more, 8 cents each, as at present; hogs or sheep in lots of ten or less, 5 cents each, as at present; hogs and sheep in lots of eleven or more, 4 cents each, as at present.

It is also specified in the order that the company can charge foot passengers five cents and no more per crossing, but Mr. Stannard said he did not believe the present rate of two cents, where 100 trips are purchased, would be changed on account of the interurban competition. The order permits the company to charge less than five cents, but not more. It was stated by Mr. Stannard that in case the company was justified at any time in doing so the old rates would be restored for animals and vehicles.

LECTURE FOR STUDENTS' AID SOCIETY.

The Students' Aid Society is arranging for an interesting talk on Japan, to be given Friday afternoon at 3 o'clock, in the lecture room of the First Christian church by Mrs. Fannie Coldwell Maccauley. The money from the lecture is to be used to defray the expenses of poor girls who have been sent to college by the society and the society is really in need of money at this time. Those who are interested in the success of the lecture are as follows:

Mesdames Patty Semple, Letchworth, Smith, Evarts Speed, Charles Todd Wolfe, Forbes Hawks, W. B. Yust, Leo Bloch, Albert Bigelow, Hueling Davis, W. W. Davies, Austin Hyde, Walker Hines, Boneycastle Robinson, Lewis Humphrey; Misses Bonner Semple, Ellen Semple, Mary Verhoeff, Carolyn Verhoeff, Persis Breed, Carry Fink, Marian Green, Rosalie Munford, Annie Dietsman, Mildred Anderson, Mary Belknap, Grace Kennedy, Roberta McCampbell, Alice Parker and Elizabeth Parker.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS REPORTED YESTERDAY.

Activity In Market Shown By Deeds Recorded In Courthouse.

Henry Scheirech to Charles Lee, Jr., lot 40, block 5, D. H. Meriwether subdivision.. ..$ 450
John Schweirmann to William Hinkle, lots 11 and 12, block 1, Schweirmann's subdivision 215
A. A. Muenneghausen to Columbia Trust Co., 50 feet southeast corner Madison and Clay 6,065
Ben O. Ford to W. C. Barrickman, 36 feet east side of Park avenue, 360 feet south of Frankfort 1
John H. Stavig to Jennie Duncan, ½ acre Jefferson county 1
West Moreland Land Co. to Ed H. Pulford, east 20-foot lot 12 and west 10-foot lot 13, block B, West Moreland 330
Aaron Kohn to Sophia Duerr, 35 feet west side of Third, 250 feet south of Breckinridge .... 1, etc.
Daniel Quill to Venable & Kennedy, 25 feet west side of Short street and Jacob's subdivision 1
Elizabeth M. Reynolds to Ellen Caveney, 30 feet north side of Maple, 61 feet west of Sixteenth 1,670
German Insurance Bank to Nicholas Durand, 33 feet south side of Broadway, 30 feet west of Dearborn 907
W. C. Barrickman to Sallie B. Rutherford, 36 feet east side of Park avenue, 360 feet south of Frankfort 1
Lindenberger Land Co. to W. C. Williams, 55 feet west side of Peterson, 370 feet south of Frankfort ....1,032, etc.
Edith Ramser to William F. Smith, 30 feet south side of Kentucky, 225 feet east of Brook .... 1, etc.
Rosa H. Burkley to William A. Eubank, 60 feet west side of Brook, 30 feet south of Avery 1
West Moreland Land Co. to Caroline A. Heinig, 35 feet south side of Broadway, 65 feet east of Thirty-fourth.. 175, etc.
John Schweirmann to D. S. Childs, lot 14, block 2, Schweirmann's subdivision.. 192
John Schweirmann to J. B. Shacklette, lots 6 and 7, block 1, Schweirmann's subdivision 200
City of Louisville to Henry P. Speed, 30 feet north side of Madison, 150 feet east of Fifteenth 166
A. A. Hill to J. V. Dwyer, 29 feet north side of Bank, 147 feet east of Twenty-sixth 675
George W. McGilien to C. J. Kolb, 27 9-12 feet south side of Jefferson, 353 feet west of Shippingport road 1

FONTAINE FERRY DRAWING RECORD-BREAKING CROWDS.

Congratulations are being showered upon the Fontaine Ferry Park management for the auspicious opening of the third season of the big resort. With a record-breaking crowd on Sunday afternoon, as a starter, goodly-sized crowds have been in attendance ever since in spite of the inclement weather.

Aside fom the excellent vaudeville bill being presented at the park, which looks better than ever with its new scenery and other equipment, main interest centers around the new band pavilion. Illuminated with hundreds of incandescent lamps and surrounded on all sides by the countless shady trees, the stand presents a most striking appearance at night.

Col. Hopkins has secured a great opening week attraction for the concerts in the famous Trio DeLaur. Both the man and the two women have exceptionally fine voices and with the accompaniment of Cook's Military Band, some fine music is being rendered.

The concerts are free to the public and will be given twice daily throughout the week.

PALATIAL PIG PEN.

FRED KINZLER WILL BUILD ONE TO COST $800.

Porkers' Hotel Will Occupy Ground On Story Avenue, East of Adams Street—Concrete Construction.

Fred Kinzler, who lives on Story avenue, east of Adams street, yesterday took out a permit for the erection of an $800 pig pen. The floor and sides of the structure will be of concrete, and the floor will be elevated from the ground eleven feet. The concrete sides of the pen will be nine feet high.

Mr. Kinzler, when asked why he intended to build such an expensive pen for his pigs, replied that recently a representative of the State Pure Food Commission called at his place and complained of the pen now doing service. He said that he wanted to comply with the law and for that reason determined to have erected a pen that will meet every requirement of the pure food officials. He explained that he will flush out his new pen, when completed, twice a day.

The dimensions of the pig pen will be twenty by thirty feet, and work on it will be started immediately.

CONVICTED BANK EMPLOYE CALLS SENTENCE JUST.

Birmingham, Ala., May 7.—After having been out since 6 o'clock last evening, the jury in the case of Alex. R. Chisolm, former paying teller, charged with having embezzled $100,000 from the First National Bank of Birmingham, which sum, it is alleged, he lost in cotton speculations, brought in a verdict of guilty shortly after 10 o'clock to-day and fixed punishment at six years in the Federal prison at Atlanta.

When asked if he had anything to say as to why sentence should not be pronounced, Chisolm arose and said that he regarded the verdict as a just one, that he was not crazy and never had been insane, but he regretted the affair very much. Sentence was then pronounced.

AGED MAN ENDS LIFE BY PLUNGE IN WATER.

Vevay, Ind., May 7.—[Special.]—William Weaver, aged seventy-two years, committed suicide by plunging into a shallow pond of water at his home near Braytown last night. His body was recovered within thirty minutes after his death. He left a note for his sister in which he said: "I have prayed to the Lord all life long and believe He has mercy on my poor soul. Don't grieve, dear sister. Good-bye."

Weaver had been ill for some time and had grown despondent. He was well known in this section of the country.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—
TYPOGRAPHICAL ERROR.
Owing to error of stenographer, property advertised in yesterday's paper should have read 602 E. Burnett ave., instead of 302, and we repeat the same:
BARGAIN EXTRAORDINARY.
If on the market to invest in a swell little home, or a good and safe investment, don't fail to examine that beautiful 6-room 2-story rear cottage at 602 E. Burnett ave. This cottage is comparatively new, and located on a tract of land 25 feet wide and a depth of 210 feet to an alley, with a good stable facing same. We are instructed to sell this cottage on or before 12 a. m. this coming Thursday. Price asked is $1,500, and maybe a little less will get it.
ALBERT T. SCHRANZ & CO., Room 1 Law bldg. Cumberland Phone Main 27-Y.
Money to loan on real estate and mortgages.

FOR SALE—Reservoir Park lots: We offer the following lots for this week's bargains in this desirable Crescent Hill addition:
200x175 feet, suitable for one house only, for $4 per foot, or $800. Would make a fine place for poultry.
30x175-foot corner for $360.
Two 35x175-foot lots at $350 each.
A very desirable 50x175 corner for $500.
A beautiful high-terraced lot 50x175 feet for $600.
For a summer home or bungalow: An odd-shaped lot of about one-half acre, on which there are 10 old apple trees. Price $500.
Will show these lots on Sunday morning if you will call at W. S. Adams' home in Reservoir Park.
WALTER S. ADAMS & CO., Phone 1729. 508 Columbia bldg. •

FOR SALE—HAVING MOVED TO THE country I offer for sale my residence, 1631 First st., near Oak. Lot 80x200 feet, handsome shade trees. Large colonial porch; hot-air furnace; registers all rooms first and second floors; natural and illuminating gas, electric lights; modern plumbing, handsome chandeliers and mantels. Large reception hall, parlor, library, dining-room, pantry, kitchen and laundry on first floor. Six bedrooms, bath and linen rooms on second floor. Two bedrooms and storeroom on third floor. A beautiful and comfortable home. In first-class order, has just been repainted and papered. Will sell at a bargain. Apply L. R. ATWOOD, 417 West Main st. Telephone Main 1916. •

FOR SALE—DWELLING BARGAINS:
ST. CATHERINE, NEAR FOURTH, 10 good rooms, furnace and electricity; about 4 years old; $7,000.
BURNETT, NEAR SECOND, 9-room pressed brick and stable; $5,500.
FIRST, NEAR ORMSBY, 9-room pressed brick; $5,500.
OAK, NEAR SECOND, 8-room pressed brick; $5,500.
SECOND, NEAR OAK, 9-room pressed brick; $6,750.
We have other larger and smaller houses that cannot be built for the price; the lot costs you nothing. BUCHANAN & SON, 235 Fifth st. •

FOR SALE—We are advised to sell, as soon as possible, property at Eleventh and Madison, also 4-room cottage on Eddy street, near Twentieth st. One a corner; other good renter. Will bear close investigation for speculator. Proposition better than average.
O. S. KLINE, BASYE & CO., 516 W. Jefferson st.

FOR SALE—On Preston, near Broadway, 75x150 ft. to alley, with 5 splendidly-built brick houses on lot, renting for $1,032 per year; this is first-class property and has baths, toilets, etc.; stable, good foundation and a dandy for investment and always salable. Price $10,000 and no less. Address YY 18, this office. •

FOR SALE—W. Jefferson-st. property at a bargain; one two-story brick, 8 rooms, large halls, bath, attic, lot 35x200 feet. One 8-room cottage, lot 60x194, with 3-room cottage on the rear. Apply D. P. CURRY, 135 Sixth st.

FOR SALE—Nice country property; improved and building lots; has every city convenience; every country pleasure; ask W. E. GRANT, Lyndon.

FOR SALE—NR. FIFTH AND BROADWAY, 8-room brick; large, deep lot; rents for $300; price $2,750. BUCHANAN & SON, 235 Fifth st. •

FOR SALE—LOT BARGAIN; $12 a foot, on corner of two brick streets in Highlands. BUCHANAN & SON, 235 Fifth. •

FOR SALE—TYPEWRITERS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—Latest model visible writing and tabulating Underwood typewriter; 10 days' trial free. Call or write UNDERWOOD TYPEWRITER CO., n. e. cor. Fourth and Main. •

THE BLICKENSDERFER TYPEWRITER CO. is located at 343 Fifth st.•

FOR LEASE.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR LEASE—On railroad and canal, near Eighteenth st.; lots for coal or lumber yard, or small factory; above highest floods. ROWAN BUCHANAN, 518 W. Jefferson st., 2d floor. •

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR SALE—A 7-seated 1907 Packard automobile with complete appliances; the machine has only been used for a very short time and is as good as new, and we are prepared to make a concession in price. Apply at once to FABACHER, CASTELL & TREFNY, 633 Gravier st., New Orleans, La.

FOR SALE—HIGGIN ALL-METAL WINDOW SCREENS are light, strong, artistic and economical; will not stick, swell or warp; best for new or old houses. Phone for estimates. E. F. SWINDLER, room 900 Lincoln Bank bldg. Home 8381; Cumb. Main 83—A.

FOR SALE—Furniture of all kinds, including a handsome hand-made mahogany bookcase and other household goods at immediate private sale. S. e. cor. Fourth and Chestnut sts. ••

FOR SALE—Have a seven-seated 1907 Packard automobile, with complete appliances, which has been used but a few times. Apply FABACHER, CASTELL & TREFNY, 633 Gravier, New Orleans, La. •

FOR SALE—Horses, Mares and Mules; also auction sales every Monday morning at 10 o'clock at Bourbon Stockyard stables, 509 Johnston st., Home phone 6096. J. W. WATSON, Prop. COCHRAN CO., Auctioneers. •

FOR SALE—Route of 1,600 on a leading newspaper of this city. Good hustling man with a little capital can secure a good business with sure profits. Apply Z 49, this office.

FOR SALE AND HIRE—Horses and mules; also first-class livery. 316 Twelfth st. Home phone 5230. Cumb. Main 895—A. •

FOR SALE—Elegant hand-carved mahogany dresser and wardrobe; for less than half value; must be sold. Apply 2217 W. Jefferson st.

FOR SALE—Six young ice wagon horses, three grocery wagon horses, four young driving horses, at 2423 Griffiths ave. Home phone 6787.

FOR SALE—Remodeling, 50 slightly used BICYCLES, $10, $12.50, $15, $17.50. SMITH BICYCLE CO. Home phone 5614. •

FOR SALE—Pianola, 65 rolls of music, for sale or exchange for pier or mantel mirrors. Address X Y Z, this office. ••

FOR SALE—Grocery and meat store, South Louisville. Address P. WINKLER & SONS, Floyd and Market.

FOR SALE—5,000 red cedar fence posts and 5,000 locust fence posts. WILL JACOBS, Mauckport, Ind.

FOR SALE—Davenports and box couches. KING SANITARY UPHOLSTERING CO., 543 First st.

FOR SALE—Depot wagon, practically new. Phone S. 2866. Home phone 3737. •

FOR SALE—A1 wines and liquors. AUGUST HOLLENBACH, 248 Third st. •

FOR SALE—Buggy and harness. 905 Third st. ••

FOR RENT—HOUSES.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—By W. C. PRIEST & CO.
DWELLINGS.
223 E. Breckinridge, 2½ story; newly painted and papered; stable......$35 00
1603 First st.; nice 2½ story, 6 rooms and bath; newly papered...... 30 00
439 E. Gray; 2-story brick, 6 rooms; newly painted and papered...... 25 00
1025 Fourth st.; 2-story, 10 rooms; bath, gas; open for inspection.. 40 00
APARTMENTS.
102 E. Oak, 4 rooms, bath, gas, natural gas, separate entrance......$27 50
730 Second st.; 6 rooms, bath, gas, natural gas, gas range...... 25 00
118 E. St. Catherine, 5 rooms, bath, gas, natural gas, large porch.... 30 00
118 E. Lee, 6 rooms, bath, gas, natural gas, separate entrance...... 22 50
828 Second st., 7 rooms, bath, gas, natural gas, electric lights, reception hall; water, janitor and screens furnished 35 00
1607 First st., 4 rooms, bath, gas, natural gas; vacant May 12...... 17 00
620 W. Breckinridge, 4 rooms and bath 18 50
730 Second st., 5 rooms; newly papered; water and gas range furnished 22 00
W. C. PRIEST & CO., 351 Fifth. •

FOR RENT—
629 E. Chestnut st.; 6-room, two-story brick; bath, gas, water....$18 00
2231 W. Main st.; 9-room 2-story frame; bath and gas...... 30 00
1032 Sixth st.; 1st floor flat...... 15 00
743 W. Market st.; store and two rooms 35 00
RECK & RIEHL, 504 W. Jefferson st. •

FOR RENT—PEWEE VALLEY—Unfurnished "STONEHURST;" 6 rooms and kitchen; MONTROSE, 4 rooms; beautifully renovated. Apply HARRY C. WARREN, 1060 Third ave.

FOR RENT—Three-story storehouse at 411 W. Market, 3 doors west of new 15-story Lincoln Savings Bank bldg. Apply to present occupant, LINCOLN SAVINGS BANK.

FOR RENT—Country place, for summer; 10-room house; large yard; fine shade and water; Brownsboro road and Crescent ave.; on electric line. Home 'phone 3832.

FOR RENT—Handsome 2-story modern home, 4000 Grand boulevard; $30. TERRY & TICE, 833 Paul Jones. •

FOR RENT—House; usually rents for $45; will rent till Sept. 20 at $30. 1959 First st. Home 'phone 6546. •

FOR RENT—APARTMENTS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—Country life, with city comforts; a delightfully situated 6-room apartment in the exclusive "Belvoir," in Cherokee Park; 17 minutes from Fourth and Walnut; $62.50. Tel 2287. ••

FOR RENT WEISSINGER-GAULBERT Apartment; 7 rooms, furnished; to Nov. 1. BUCHANAN & SON, 235 Fifth st. •

FOR RENT — 5-room flat. CENTRAL APARTMENT, flat 4. Phone 4621 Home.•

FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—Large, attractively-furnished room; boarding convenient. 1212 4th.•

FOR RENT—Majestic apartment, 4 rooms and bath, $30. Apply 1200 Fourth. S. 256. •

FOR RENT—Nicely furnished front room. 623 W. Chestnut. Home phone 6699. •

FOR RENT—First-class furnished room. 733 Third st. Phone 4621. •

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT — Rooms for young men, unfurnished, at 817 Fourth avenue, just south of Broadway, the handsome home of the late Capt. W. F. Norton. The State Committee of the Young Men's Christian Association have offices in this building, and have reserved a number of choice rooms, with all conveniences, especially suitable for young men. For further information apply on the premises or telephone South 1308. •

FOR RENT—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOR RENT—CORNER OFFICES—N. e. corner Main and Fourth (basement), with large vault; plenty of light; newly painted and papered; $780 a year.
BUCHANAN & SON, 235 Fifth st.

FOR RENT—92-acre farm, on Shelbyville pike, 6 miles from city; well watered and improved; $500 per annum. O. S. KLINE, BASYE & CO., 516 W. Jefferson.

SECOND-HAND DEALERS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—I pay highest prices for feathers, furniture, carpets, stoves. W. SMITH, 103 E. Market. Phones: Main 2056-A. Home 6037. •

PERSONAL.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

PERSONAL—MME. BABEY'S NEW CURTAIN LAUNDRY, formerly 625 Second; hand work exclusively; family washing and ironing. Both phones 2631.•

PERSONAL—Massage and baths MISS McCLELLAN, 634 4th Tel. Main 3539. •

BOARDING.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

BOARDING—Furnished room, with board. Best of references. 1114 Second st. •

LOST.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

LOST—Left at the corner of Sixth and Main, about 9 p. m. Tuesday, a silk umbrella, carved handle tipped with silver, marked "Class 1907." Finder please return to the office Old Inn. Reward. •

LOST—$5 reward for return of bundle of lady's clothing left interurban station, Jeffersonville, May 6; no questions asked. T. S. J., 715 W. Main st., city.

LOST—Package containing four new watch charms and three pairs new cuff buttons. Liberal reward if returned to office, 835 W. Main st. •

FOUND.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

FOUND—A set of harness suitable for any vehicle. JOHN BEHA, Market, nr. 1st. •

WANTED—TEACHERS.

Advertisements under this head 12c a line. Nothing taken for less than 25c

WANTED—Teachers, send 15 teachers' names and addresses; get free combination card case pocketbook; 500 vacancies, $30—$2.50 open. SOUTHERN TEACHERS' AGENCY, Columbia, S. C.

WANTED—SITUATIONS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Situation as nurse, 2 years' experience, or to cook. 733 W. Walnut. •

MOVING AND PACKING.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

RAPLEE MOVING CO., 416 W. Jefferson; expert PACKERS and MOVERS of household goods and PIANOS. Home 3445 or Cumb. Main 1874—A.

BUSINESS CHANGES.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

IF you have some idle capital to invest in a paying proposition—one which will prove of great magnitude—with no competition; will stand a thorough investigation, no agency, call 620 W. Walnut. •

If taken on the first signs of a cold, Wintersmith's Tonic rarely fails to check and prevent a bad cold or la grippe.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

We make loans on HOUSEHOLD GOODS, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS OR ON YOUR PLAIN NOTE.
We offer all of the inducements advertised in this paper and GUARANTEE YOU FAIR, HONEST TREATMENT AND A SQUARE DEAL.
UNION LOAN AND SECURITY CO., 413 W. Market st., second oor. Call Home 1516 for our agent.

ARE YOU IN NEED OF MONEY?
If you are
Patronize the "OLD RELIABLE"
KENTUCKY LOAN CO.
All we ask is that you give us an opportunity to compare our rates and methods of doing business with that of other companies.
423 Fourth, cor. Green. Over jewelry store. Call, write or phone 2495.

LOANS ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES AND WAGONS, AND SALARY.
LOWEST RATES.
EASIEST PAYMENTS.
502 FOURTH ST.,
OVER
KIRBY'S 10c STORE.

$5.00 TO $200.
WE LOAN ON FURNITURE, PIANOS, HORSES, WAGONS, ETC., Without Removal.
LONGEST TIME——LOWEST RATES
Easy Payments—Strictly Private.
AMERICAN LOAN CO.,
421 W. Jefferson st., second floor.

MONEY LOANED SALARIED PEOPLE and others upon their own names, without security; cheapest rates; easiest payments; offices in 60 principal cities; save yourself money by getting our terms first. TOLMAN, Room 319 Equitable bldg.

MONEY FOR HIRE.
Use our money; it will cost less,
From the oldest, biggest and best.
Loans on furniture. Loans on salary.
FALLS CITY LOAN CO.,
Entrance 407 Fourth ave., cor. Jefferson.

MONEY loaned on furniture or any securities. GLOBE SECURITY AND TRUST CO., 309 Fourth st. •

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—The public to know that we supply messengers promptly. In buying suits, hats, etc., it is not necessary to wait for a wagon trip to your neighborhood. Have the dealer call for an A. D. T. messenger, and the delivery will be effected at once. AMERICAN DISTRICT TELEGRAPH CO. Both telephones, or use messenger call box. •

WANTED—You to make a noise like a curtain; all work done by hand. Both phones 598. GEM LACE CURTAIN LAUNDRY.

WANTED—At once, small furnished apartment until July 1, for gentleman and wife; references. Address D 148, this office.

WANTED—Second-hand furniture and carpets; highest price paid for feathers. J. COHEN, phone 7927. 259 E. Market. •

WANTED—Party with $5,000, man or woman; can realize 10 per cent. monthly. Address N 99, this office. •

WANTED — Second - hand automobile; must be in good condition. Address Lock Box 171, Rockport, Ind. •

WANTED—Cash for old gold, silver and diamonds. VIC LORCH, 256 E. Market, bet. Brook and Floyd. •

WANTED—To buy old BICYCLES. SMITH BICYCLE CO. Home phone 5614•

WANTED—SALESMEN.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—2 more salesmen. Good proposition with advancement. 707 W. Jefferson. •

WANTED—MALE HELP.

Rates 10 cents a line. Advertisements under this head are repeated same day in The Times Free.

WANTED—Railroad clerks; limited number experienced waybill revisers and interline account clerks, between ages of 25 and 45 years, with acceptable records, can secure good positions in Southern Pacific Assistant Freight Auditor's office at San Francisco by addressing the undersigned under personal cover. GEO. D. SMITH, Assistant Freight Auditor, Southern Pacific Co., Pacific System, San Francisco, Cal. •

WANTED—White man and wife to work on small farm near Louisville, man to look after the garden, fruit, milk, etc. Woman to cook for small family. Will furnish board and good house to live in. This is a nice home for the right people, and will pay good wages the year around. In making application give reference. Address O O 3, this office. ••

WANTED—For U. S. Army, able-bodied unmarried men between ages of 21 and 35; citizens of United States, of good character and temperate habits, who can speak, read and write English. For information apply to RECRUITING OFFICER, 514 W. Jefferson, Louisville, Ky. •

WANTED—An office lawyer for a local corporation; must be familiar with bookkeeping; salary $1,200, with prospects of yearly advancement; only men of ability and of undoubted good standing will be considered. Apply Q 54, this office. ••

WANTED—5,000 PEOPLE—All good persons get places at once free of charge at LOUISVILLE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 226 Third st. Small cost for necessary record only; no charge for places. Wise ones accept the best they can satisfy. •

WANTED—Men to learn barber trade; short time required; money earned while learning; positions waiting; more calls for barbers than can be supplied; special inducements. Write nearest branch, MOLER BARBER COLLEGE, St. Louis, Mo., or Cincinnati, O. •

WANTED—Man thoroughly experienced in freight and refrigerator car construction to take charge erecting shop; give age, experience, references, salary expected. Apply to MT. VERNON CAR MFG. CO., Mt. Vernon, Ill. •

WANTED—Responsible young man, who has ability to sell goods and take charge of local business for a prosperous, growing firm. Must be a hustler and show record. Address E 89, this office. ••

WANTED—I MADE $50,000 IN FIVE YEARS in the mail order business; began with $5. I will show you how to do the work. Send for free booklet. Tells how to get started. MANAGER, Box 841, Lockport, N. Y. •

WANTED—GO TO SEA! If you are between 17 and 25 years of age, or a mechanic under 35, call at the Recruiting Office in the Federal building, and investigate positions in the navy. •

WANTED—High-grade advertising men to handle a line of unique and attractive specialties; nothing like it on the market. RAND, McNALLY & COMPANY, Chicago, Ill.

WANTED—Salesman to call on physicians; also one for Central Ky.; exceptional opportunity for intelligent man; state age, experience. Lock Box 121, Philadelphia.

WANTED—A good white boy over 16 years to work as gardener, etc. Apply FITCH, Cumb. phone 23, Anchorage, or 310 Keller bldg., Louisville.

WANTED—$100 per week and traveling expenses paid salesmen to sell goods to dealers; new plan; experience unnecessary. PURITY CO., Chicago. •

WANTED—Good weavers; steady work; good wages. JOHN RILEY, Supt. La Porte Woolen Mills, La Porte, Ind. •

WANTED—First-class brass polishers and buffers; open shop only. Address with reference K 153, this office. •

WANTED—Houseman; references required. Apply immediately. 825 Second st. •

WANTED—Boy, 16 to 17 years old, to drive grocery wagon. 600 E. Jacob. ••

WANTED—Two boys and two girls. HARCOURT & CO., 529 Third.

WANTED—Shoemaker. 505 Seventh st. •

WANTED—FEMALE HELP.

WANTED—1,000 NICE GIRLS—All good ones get in at once; fine places, high wages; city, country and abroad. LOUISVILLE EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 226 Third st. Cooks, waitresses, maids, nurses, housekeepers, etc. Come ready. Open 9 till 4. •

WANTED—White girl to cook and do light housework for family of two; wages $5 per week. Apply Flat "J," Belvoir Apartments, Cherokee boulevard. Telephone East 698—Y. •

WANTED—Ladies to take orders for well-known household necessity; permanent position. Apply after 5 p. m., O. W. PICKRELL & CO., U. S. Trust bldg.•

WANTED—Any intelligent person may earn good income corresponding for newspapers; experience unnecessary. Send for particulars. Press Syndicate, Lockport, N. Y. •

WANTED—Waist and skirt hands and apprentice. Address P. O. box 341.

WANTED—25 salesladies. Apply to HUSCH BROS., 326 Fourth ave. •

WANTED—Girl for small family; good wages. Apply 1468 Second st.

WANTED—Laundress. Apply at 1629 Fourth. ••

AMUSEMENTS.

Mary Anderson Theatre SHUBERT THEATRICAL CO. DIRECTORS

Thursday, May 9 Three Nights, Sat. Mat.

Evenings sharp 8:15. Matinee 2:15.
Seats on sale now. Mrs. FISKE—
The New York Idea. Prices 50c to $2.

MONDAY TWO Nights and Tuesday Matinee.
Seats on sale Thursday Morning.
HENRY WOODRUFF IN BROWN OF HARVARD.
With Original Cast and Production.
Prices—Evening 25c to $1.50; Matinee 25c to $1.00.

MACAULEY'S Three Nights, Beginning Thursday, May 16.
Saturday Matinee.
Charles Frohman Presents
MAUDE ADAMS
In Her Successful Play,
PETER PAN.
SALE OF SEATS STARTS MONDAY.
Applications for seats will be filled in order in which they are received when accompanied with money order.
Prices $2, $1.50, $1, 75c, 50c.

White City
Greenwood ave. and Ohio River.
FREE FEATURES—SECOND WEEK
Creatore and His Band
Afternoon and Evening.
Granada and His Elephant
Afternoon and Evening.
ADMISSION...... ......10 CENTS.
Broadway or Walnut-street Cars Direct to White City.
Week of May 12—John C. Weber and His Prize Band.

SCHUMANN-HEINK
MAUD POWELL.
Box Office Sale now on at Smith & Nixon's new quarters, 650 Fourth Avenue.

Matinee TO-DAY EVERY DAY AVENUE
Prices 10c, 15c, 25c. To-night 15c, 25c, 50c
COLE and JOHNSON "The Shoo-Fly Regiment" THE BEST EVER.
Next Week—"James Boys in Missouri."

Illustrated Lecture on Japan
By MRS. MACAULEY
for the benefit of
VASSAR STUDENTS AID SOCIETY
to be given in
Lecture Room First Christian Church
Fourth and Walnut Sts.
Friday Afternoon, May 10, 1907, at 3 o'clock
ADMISSION 50 CENTS.
School Children and Teachers 25 Cents

RAILROAD TIME TABLES.

LOUISVILLE & NASHVILLE R. R.

Stations, Tenth and Broadway and First and Water streets. City ticket office corner Main and Fourth streets. Both 'Phones 258.
*Daily. †Daily, except Sunday. S, Sunday.
a Stops at Fourth street on signal.
x Stops at Baxter Avenue.
This Company reserves the right to vary from the time shown herein without notice to the public, and does not guarantee schedules.

Union Station, Tenth and Broadway.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati	* 3:15am	a* 2:28am
Cincinnati	a* 8:50am	a* 9:20pm
Cincinnati	a* 1:00pm	a* 2:30pm
Cincinnati	x a* 5:05pm	xa*11:40am
Mobile and New Orleans	* 9:30pm	* 8:40am
Memphis and Hot Springs	* 9:30pm	* 8:40am
New Orleans and Memphis	* 2:45am	* 2:10am
Nashville and Atlanta	* 3:00pm	*12:50pm
Nashville and Chattanooga	* 8:00am	* 7:10pm
Bowling Green Accommo.	† 5:00pm	†10:00am
Knoxville and Atlanta	* 8:00pm	* 7:30am
Knoxville Mail	* 8:10am	* 6:10pm
Cincinnati, Frankfort and Lexington xa	† 7:25am	xa †12:20pm
Frankfort and Lexington xa	† 2:00pm	xa † 6:00pm
Bardstown and Springfield	† 4:30pm	† 7:40am
Bardstown and Springfield	† 6:20am	† 5:45pm
Lebanon and Greensburg	† 3:00pm	†10:00am

Sunday Trains.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Frankfort and Lexington	xa 6:00pm	xa 10:25am
Bowling Green Accommo.	6:10pm	10:55am
Bardstown and Springfield	6:00pm	9:35am
Lebanon and Greensburg	6:50pm	10:00am

From First and Water-Street Station.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Cincinnati and East	....	† 7:45pm
Frankfort Accommodation	† 3:50pm	† 6:00am
Shelbyville and Bloomfield	* 3:00pm	* 8:20am
Shelbyville and Bloomfield	† 8:00am	† 5:35pm
La Grange Accommodation	† 5:40pm	† [illegible]

Through Pullman sleeping car on the 2:45 a. m. train to New Orleans and Memphis, and on the 8 p. m. train to Knoxville and Bristol, and on the 9:30 p. m. train to Memphis and New Orleans.

SUBURBAN LINES TIME TABLES—In effect April 27, 1907.

Pewee Valley Line ....To Beard, Ky.

From Fifth and Green—First car leaves 6 a. m. Every half hour thereafter until 7 p. m.; then on the hour.

Prospect Division—Cars leave for Prospect at 5:36 a. m. and on the hour and half hour thereafter from 6 a. m. to 9 p. m., daily; last car Sunday at 10 p. m. Extra cars on Saturday night at 10 and 11 and on Monday night at 11 o'clock. Cars leave Prospect for Louisville at 6:20 a. m. and ten minutes before and twenty minutes after each hour between the hours of 6:50 a. m. and 9:50 p. m., daily. Last car Sunday night at 10:50. Extra cars Saturday night at 10:50 and 11:50 and Monday night at 11:50.

Jeffersontown Division—Cars for Jeffersontown leave Baxter and Highland avenues at 5:15 a. m. daily, and thereafter leave Terminal Station at 6 and 7 a. m., and fifteen minutes after each hour between the hours of 8:15 a. m. and 9:15 p. m. Last car Sunday night at 10:15 and Saturday night at 11:15. Cars leave Jeffersontown for Louisville at 6 and 7 a. m. and fifteen minutes after each hour between the hours of 8:15 a. m. and 10:15 p. m., and at 11:15 Sunday night and 12:15 Saturday night, to Highland ave. only.

Salt River Division—Cars leave for Orell forty-five minutes after each hour between the hours of 4:45 a. m. and 7:45 p. m., daily. Last car leaves for Orell at 9 p. m., daily except Saturday, when last car leaves at 11:10 p. m. Cars leave Orell for Louisville forty-five minutes after each hour, between the hours of 5:45 a. m. and 8:45 p. m., daily. Last car for Louisville leaves Orell at 10 p. m., daily except Saturday, when it leaves at 12 midnight.

Okolona Division—Cars leave for Okolona thirty-five minutes after each hour between the hours of 5:35 a. m. and 7:35 p. m., daily. Last car for Okolona at 9 p. m., daily. Cars leave Okolona for Louisville fifteen minutes after each hour between the hours of 6:15 a. m. and 8:15 p. m., daily. Last car for Louisville leaves Okolona at 9:45 p. m. daily.

SOUTHERN RAILWAY IN KENTUCKY (Incorporated.)—Seventh Street Station; City Ticket Office 234 Fourth avenue.

N. B.—Following schedule figures published only as information and are not guaranteed.

7:30 a. m. daily—Evansville Express—Evansville, Huntingburg, Rockport, Cannelton and way stations.

10 a. m. daily—St. Louis Special—Evansville, Princeton, Mt. Vernon, Centralia and St. Louis.

5 p. m. daily—Evansville Limited—Huntingburg, Rockport, Cannelton, Evansville and way stations.

10:15 p. m. daily—St. Louis Limited—Princeton, Mt. Vernon, Centralia and St. Louis.

Trains from St. Louis arrive 7:10 a. m. and 6:10 p. m. Trains from Evansville and local stations arrive 12:35 p. m., 6:10 p. m. and 10:58 p. m. daily.

TO FLORIDA AND THE SOUTHEAST.

Trains leave Fourth avenue crossing twenty minutes later.

6:30 a. m. daily—Local for Lexington and way stations.

7:50 a. m. daily—Florida Limited—Lexington, Danville, Knoxville, Chattanooga, Atlanta, Southeast and Florida.

4:25 p. m. daily—Lexington, Danville, Georgetown and way stations.

7:45 p. m.—Florida Special—Lawrenceburg, Danville, Chattanooga, Knoxville, Asheville, Atlanta and Southeast.

Trains from Lexington and local stations arrive 9:40 a. m., 6:25 p. m. and 9:25 p. m. Trains from Danville arrive 9:40 a. m., 11:40 a. m. and 9:25 p. m. Trains from the Southeast arrive 9:40 a. m. and 9:25 p. m.

ILLINOIS CENTRAL—Seventh St. Depot, Seventh and river. City ticket office, Fourth and Market. Effective Sunday, May 5, 1907.

	Leave.	Arrive.
Memphis and New Orleans.	9:40pm	7:50am
Memphis and New Orleans.	12:01pm	5:35pm
Paducah and Fulton	7:31am	4:50pm
Central City Accom.	5:30pm	8:20am
Elizabethtown and Hodgenville	7:31am	4:50pm
Elizabethtown and Hodgenville	5:30pm	8:20am
Owensboro	12:01pm	4:50pm
Hopkinsville	12:01pm	5:35pm
California points, through car Tuesdays	9:40pm	5:35pm

All trains run daily, except no Sunday service to Elizabethtown, Hodgenville or Owensboro.

LOUISVILLE AND ATLANTIC RAILROAD CO.—

	East.		West.
Lv. Louisville (Sou. Ry.).	7:50am	Arr.	9:00pm
Lv. Versailles (L. & A.).	12:00m	Arr.	5:30pm
Lv. Nicholasville.	12:45pm	Arr.	4:45pm
Lv. Richmond.	1:40pm	Arr.	3:50pm
Lv. Irvine.	2:50pm	Arr.	2:40pm
Arr. Beattyville.	4:30pm	Lv.	1:00pm

All trains daily except Sunday.

A reliable remedy for the malaria—Wintersmith's Tonic. Get it.

COLONELS WIN ANOTHER GAME

Kenna Has Best of Schnieberg in Pitcher's Battle At Milwaukee.

RALLY IN THE EIGHTH INNING.

Louisville Outfielders Surprise Brewer Fans By Brilliant Work In the Cold.

CLARK MAKES A BAD ERROR.

YESTERDAY'S RESULTS.

American Association.

LOUISVILLE ....4 ST. PAUL 6
MILWAUKEE ....1 TOLEDO 3

KANSAS CITY ....6 Minneapolis-Columbus
INDIANAPOLIS ....2 (Snow).

National League.

PHILADELPHIA ..3 NEW YORK 2
BOSTON ....1 BROOKLYN 1

Pittsburg-Chicago (Wet grounds.)

American League.

DETROIT ....4 CHICAGO 9
ST. LOUIS ....3 CLEVELAND 1

Washington-Boston (Rain). Philadelphia-N. Y. (Rain).

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

American Association.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Columbus	12	4	.750	Milwaukee	9	11	.450
Louisville	10	4	.714	Indianap.	8	10	.444
Kansas City	6	6	.500	St. Paul	8	10	.444
Toledo	8	9	.471	Minneap.	4	11	.267

National League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
New York	16	3	.842	Boston	7	10	.412
Chicago	15	3	.833	Cincinnati	7	10	.412
Pittsburg	9	5	.643	St. Louis	3	16	.158
Philadel.	10	6	.625	Brooklyn	1	15	.063

American League.

	W.	L.	P.C.		W.	L.	P.C.
Chicago	14	6	.700	Cleveland	9	10	.474
New York	11	6	.647	Boston	8	10	.444
Philadel.	10	7	.588	Wash'gton	5	10	.323
Detroit	10	8	.558	St. Louis	5	15	.250

SCHEDULE FOR TO-DAY.

American Association.

Louisville at Milwau. Toledo at St. Paul.
Columbus at Minneap. Indianapolis at K. City.

National League.

St. Louis at Philadel. Cincinnati at Boston.
Pittsb'rg at New York. Chicago at Brooklyn.

American League.

Detroit at St. Louis. Cleveland at Chicago.

MILWAUKEE, Wis., May 7.—[Special.]—After battling along for seven innings with the Brewers in the lead 1 to 0, Doyle's outfit of ball tossers went completely to pieces in the eighth inning today and presented Tom Chivington's remodeled bunch of Colonels with a game by a score of 4 to 1.

For seven rounds the game was a beauty. The Brewers had scored one in the sixth and were going along in such flippant style that with two men out in the eighth, there was not a person in the park who did not think the contest would go to Milwaukee 1 to 0.

Ed Kenna, who was on the firing mound for the visitors, opened the eventful inning by hoisting one to Green. Stovall followed by pasting one to center for a base, taking second on some bum fielding on the part of Hemphill. Stanley was an easy out to Bateman, but Brashear was patient and was rewarded with a gift. Sullivan then lined one to Clark, which the Brewer very accommodatingly allowed to get away from him, and both Stovall and Brashear tallied. Brashear could have been held on third, but Roth failed to stop the throw to the plate to catch Stovall. Sullivan advanced to third on the error, from where he scored on a slashing double by Neal. Not to be outdone, Henie Peitz followed with a single and Neal also passed the counting place. The slaughter was ended by Quinlan, who flew out to Green.

The Brewers' tally came in the sixth when Green led off with a double and scored on McChesney's single. Opposed to Kenna on the pitching slab was big Schnieberg. Both men were in magnificent form, and, outside of two scoring innings, it was a pitchers' battle in every sense of the word.

The weather was beastly cold and the crowd was less than 300. Kenna's support was a marvel considering the weather, the Colonels' outfielders pulling several flies out of the atmosphere that were labeled safe. The score:

Milwau.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	L'ville.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Robinson ss	4	0	1	1	Stovall rf	4	1	0	1
Green rf	3	2	5	0	Stanley cf	4	1	3	0
M'Chesny lf	4	1	1	0	Brashear 2b	2	0	2	
Bateman 1b	3	0	11	0	Sullivan 1b	4	0	11	1
Clark 3b	4	0	1	1	Neal lf	4	2	5	0
Roth c	4	3	5	0	Peitz c	4	1	3	0
Hemphill cf	4	0	1	1	Quinlan ss	4	0	3	3
McCor'k 2b	3	1	2	6	Woodruff 3b	4	0	0	3
Sch'eiberg p	3	0	0	0	Kenna p	4	0	0	2
Totals	32	7	27	9	Totals	34	5	27	13

Innings ....1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9—T.
Milwaukee ....0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—1
Louisville ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 4 0—4

Errors—Robinson, Clark, Roth 2, Hemphill 2. Two-base Hits—Green, Neal. Stolen Bases—McChesney 2, Roth, Stanley, Brashear, Woodruff. Double Plays—Hemphill to Bateman; Brashear to Sullivan. Left on Bases—Milwaukee 6, Louisville 6. Bases on Balls—Off Schneiberg 2; off Kenna 2. Hit by Pitcher—Stovall. Struck Out—By Schneiberg 4; by Kenna 2. Time—One hour and thirty-five minutes. Umpire—Kerin.

* * *

Kansas City 6, Indianapolis 2.

Kansas City, May 7.—Singles by Kerwin and Lindsay followed by Huelsman's triple in the third and McBride's triple which cleared the bases in the fifth, defeated Indianapolis. Fast fielding and base running was impossible, as the field was ankle deep in mud. Score:

K. City.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Indianap.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Kerwin rf	3	1	2	0	Williams ss	4	0	0	1
Lindsay 1b	3	1	9	0	Coulter lf	4	1	3	0
Hill cf	3	1	4	0	Himes rf	3	1	2	1
Huelsman lf	2	2	6	0	Carr 1b	4	1	10	1
Kruger 2b	3	1	2	5	Krug 2b	3	1	1	1
Burke 3b	3	1	1	2	Siegle cf	4	0	3	0
McBride ss	3	1	0	5	Livingston c	2	0	3	4
Sullivan c	4	0	3	1	Hopke 3b	3	0	1	4
Frantz p	4	0	0	1	Kellum p	3	0	1	1
Totals	28	9	27	14	Totals	30	4	24	13

Innings ....1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9—T.
Kansas City ..0 0 2 1 3 0 0 0 *—6
Indianapolis ..0 0 0 0 0 0 2 0 0—2

Errors—Kruger, Williams. Struck Out—By Frantz 3; by Kellum 1. Bases on Balls—Off Frantz 1; off Kellum 5. Hit by Pitcher—By Kellum, Burke and Lindsay; by Frantz, Krug and Livingston. Three-base Hits—Huelsman, Hill. Double Plays—Hopke to Krug to Carr; Himes to Carr; Livingston to Carr; McBride to Krueger to Lindsay. Left on Bases—Kansas City 6, Indianapolis 4. Time—One hour and thirty-four minutes. Umpires—Sullivan and Hayes.

* * *

St. Paul 6, Toledo 3.

St. Paul, May 7.—St. Paul won from Toledo by bunching their hits. It snowed during the entire game. Score:

St. Paul.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Toledo.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Dunleavy lf	4	2	0	0	Ar'bruster rf	3	1	2	3
Koehler cf	3	2	5	0	Clarke lf	5	0	1	2
Frisk lf	1	1	0	0	Demont 2b	5	0	3	3
Nordyke 1b	4	2	11	1	Smoot cf	4	3	0	0
Geier ss	2	1	2	2	Perring 3b	2	2	0	1
Padden 2b	3	0	3	3	Pokorney 3b	2	0	0	1
Tiemeyer 3b	2	0	3	3	Barbeau ss	2	2	1	1
Sugden c	2	1	2	1	W. Clark 1b	4	1	12	1
Adams p	3	0	0	4	Abbott c	4	0	4	2
					Gillen p	1	0	1	2
Totals	27	9	27	14	Eels p	1	1	0	1
					*Reagan	1	1	0	0
					†Land	1	1	0	0
					Totals	35	12	24	17

*Batted for Gillen in the fifth.
†Batted for Eeels in the ninth.

Innings ....1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9—T.
St. Paul ....2 0 0 1 0 0 3 0 *—6
Toledo ....0 1 0 2 0 0 0 0 0—3

Errors—Padden 2, Barbeau 2, Abbatt. Two-base Hits—Nordyke, Smott 2, Barbeau. Sacrifice Hits—Armbruster 2, Geier, Tiemeyer, Sugden, Barbeau. Stolen Base—Dunleavy. Bases on Balls—Gillen 1, Eeels 2. Hits—Off Gillen 6 in 5 innings; Eels 3 in 4 innings. Hit by Pitched Ball—By Adams, Barbeau. Struck Out—By Adams 2; by Gilleen 1; by Eels 2. Left on Bases—St. Paul 4, Toledo 9. Double Plays—Nordyke to Geier; Padden to Nordyke; Gillen to Clarke. Time—One hour and fifty-five minutes. Umpire—Kane.

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

New York 2, Brooklyn.

New York, May 7.—New York defeated the Brooklyns in the final game of the series, a passed ball and a wild pitch being responsible for the victory. Score:

Brook.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	N. Y.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Lumley rf	4	1	1	0	Shannon lf	3	0	1	0
McCarthy lf	3	0	1	0	Strang rf	4	2	0	0
Casey 3b	4	0	1	1	Devlin 3b	2	1	1	2
Jordan 1b	4	2	14	0	Seymour cf	3	0	1	0
Maloney cf	3	0	0	0	Bresnahan c	3	1	10	3
Lewis ss	4	1	2	3	Bowerm'n 1b	3	1	10	0
Alperman 2b	3	1	1	5	Dahlen ss	3	0	3	2
Butler c	3	0	4	2	Corcoran 3b	3	0	1	2
Bell p	1	0	0	5	Ames p	3	1	0	4
*Batch	1	0	0	0					
Totals	30	5	24	16	Totals	27	6	27	13

*Batted for Bell in the ninth.

Innings ....1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9—T.
Brooklyn ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—1
New York ....0 0 0 1 0 0 0 1 *—2

Sacrifice Hits—Shannon, Devlin. Stolen Bases—Bowerman, Dahlen. Left on Bases—Brooklyn 9, New York 3. Bases on Balls—Off Ames 7. Struck Out—By Ames 10; by ffBeliff 4. Passed Ball—Butler 1. Wild Pitch—Bell 1. Time—One hour and fiffty-four minutes. Umpires—Emslie and Kiffem.

* * *

Philadelphia 3, Boston 1.

Boston, May 7.—Magee'ffs superb fielding enabled Corridon to hold the local players to a single hit to-day, and his three-base hit in the tenth brought in two runs, Philadelphia winning by 3 to 1. Score:

Philadel.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Boston.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Thomas cf	3	3	3	0	Bates rf	4	0	2	1
Gleason 2b	5	1	4	0	Tenney 1b	3	0	12	2
Titus rf	5	1	2	1	Beaumont cf	3	0	1	0
Magee lf	5	3	4	0	Howard 2b	4	0	4	4
B'nsfield 1b	4	0	9	0	Bridwell ss	3	0	3	2
Courtney 3b	4	0	1	4	Burke lf	4	1	1	0
Doolin ss	4	2	1	2	Brain 3b	2	0	0	2
Jacklitsch c	4	1	6	2	Brown c	3	0	5	0
Corridon p	4	0	0	3	Young p	3	0	2	5
Totals	38	11	30	12	Totals	29	1	30	16

Innings ....1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10—T.
Philadelphia ....1 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 2—3
Boston ....0 0 0 1 0 0 0 0 0 0—1

Errors—Gleason, Bransfield, Courtney, Bridwell. Two-base Hit—Jacklitsch. Three-base Hit—Magee. Sacrifice Hits—Tenney, Beaumont. Double Plays—Howard, Bridwell and Tenney; Young, Howard and Tenney; Bridwell, Howard and Tenney; Titus and Bransfield; Jacklitsch and Gleason. Left on Bases—Philadelphia 8, Boston 2. Bases on Balls—Off Young 2; off Corridon 1. Hit by Pitched Ball—Thomas, Brain. Struck Out—By Young 2; by Corridon 5. Time—One and fifty-eight minutes. Umpire—Rigler.

No Game At Pittsburg.

National League—At Pittsburg: Chicago game postponed; wet grounds.

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Detroit 4, St. Louis 3.

St. Louis, May 7.—The Detroits won a good game on wet grounds to-day from the St. Louis Americans by a score of 4 to 3. Score:

St. L.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Detroit.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Stone lf	4	1	4	0	McIntyre lf	5	0	2	1
Hemphill rf	5	1	1	0	Coughlin 3b	4	1	0	1
Pickering cf	4	1	1	0	Crawford cf	4	0	4	1
Wallace ss	3	2	3	4	Cobb rf	4	2	3	0
Yeager 2b	4	0	1	5	Rossman 1b	4	2	9	1
Jones 1b	4	0	11	0	Schaefer 2b	3	1	4	2
Delhanty 3b	4	2	2	1	Payne c	4	0	1	1
Spencer c	3	1	4	1	O'Leary ss	3	1	1	2
Jacobson p	3	1	0	1	Sievers p	3	1	1	3
*Niles	1	0	0	0					
Totals	35	9	27	12	Totals	34	8	27	11

*Batted for Jacobson in the ninth.

Innings ....1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9—T.
St. Louis ....2 0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0—3
Detroit ....0 0 0 0 0 0 3 1 0—4

Errors—Spencer, Jacobson, Sievers. Two-base Hits—Coughlin, Hemphill, Schaefer, Rossman, O'Leary. Sacrifice Hits—Sievers, Niles. Stolen Base—Sievers. Double Play—McIntyre and Payne. Left on Bases—St. Louis 9, Detroit 6. First Base on Balls—Off Jacobson 2; off Sievers 2. Struck Out—By Jacobson 3. Time—One hour and forty-five minutes. Umpire—Sheridan.

* * *

Chicago 9, Cleveland 1.

Chicago, May 7.—Chicago had no trouble in defeating Cleveland to-day 9 to 1. Sullivan's hitting and a fine catch by Birmingham were the features. Score:

Chicago.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.	Cleve.	ab.	bh.	po.	a.
Hahn rf	4	3	4	0	Hinchman lf	3	0	2	0
Jones cf	4	1	1	0	Stovall 1b	3	0	8	0
Isbell 2b	4	2	2	4	Flick rf	3	0	4	1
Donohue 1b	4	1	15	4	Lajoie 2b	4	0	0	2
Rohe ss	4	1	0	2	Clarke c	2	0	6	0
Dougherty lf	3	1	4	0	Bradley 3b	3	0	0	3
Quillin 3b	4	1	0	2	Birming'm cf	3	2	1	1
Sullivan c	3	3	0	0	Turner ss	3	1	1	1
White p	2	0	0	5	Rhoades p	1	0	0	1
Hart c	1	1	0	0	Bernhard p	2	0	1	1
					Wakefield c	2	0	1	0
Totals	33	14	*26	16	Totals	29	3	24	11

*Hinchman out, hit by batted ball.

Innings ....1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9—T.
Chicago ....2 0 0 3 1 5 2 1 *—9
Cleveland ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 1 0—1

Errors—Rohe, Quillin, Flick, Bernhard. Two-base Hits—Sullivan, Isbell, Turner. Hits—Off Rhoades 7 in 4 innings; off Bernhard 7 in 4 innings. Sacrifice Hits—Stovall, Jones, White 2, Flick, Sullivan. Stolen Bases—Isbell, Sullivan, Hahn. Left on Bases—Cleveland 4, Chicago 12. Bases on Balls—Off White 1; off Rhoades 2; off Bernhard 5. Hit by Pitcher—By Rhoades 2. Struck Out—By White 2; by Rhoades 2; by Bernhard 2. Wild Pitch—Rhoades. Time—One hour and thirty-eight minutes. Umpires—O'Lougalin and Stafford.

SOUTHERN LEAGUE.

Birmingham 11, Montgomery 7.

Birmingham, Ala., May 7.—It was a slugging match in which the Barons nosed out. Score:

Innings ....1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9—T
Birmingham ....2 1 0 1 2 1 4 0 *—11
Montgomery ....0 3 0 1 0 3 0 0 0—7

Two-base Hits—Smith, McCann, Walters. Three-base Hit—Molesworth. Sacrifice Hits—Ball, Molesworth, Gardner 2, Meek, Oyler, Walters. Stolen Bases—Alcock, Houtz. Innings Pitched—Ragan 1 2-3; Turner, 5 2-3; Clark, 3; Walker, 3; Walsh 5. Hits—Ragan, 9; Turner, 8; Clark, 0; Walker, 3; Walsh, 8. Bases on Balls—Off Ragan, 1; off Turner, 1; off Clark, 1; off Walker, 2; off Walsh, 3. Struck Out—By Turner, 7; by Clark, 4; by Walker, 1; by Walsh 3. Hit by Pitched Ball—By Ragan, Perry, McCrossin; by Walker, Smith, Oyler. Wild Pitch—Turner. Time of Game—Two hours and thirty-two minutes. Umpire—Rinn.

Atlanta 3, Nashville 2.

Nashville, Tenn., May 7.—Persons' error in the eighth inning to-day gave Atlanta the deciding run in a stubbornly-contested game. Score:

Innings ....1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9—T
Atlanta ....0 0 0 2 0 0 0 1 0—3
Nashville ....2 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—2

Earned Runs—Nashville, 1; Atlanta, 2. Sacrifice Hit—Smith. Stolen Bases—Persons, Morse, Hardy. Two-base Hit—Dobbs. Bases on Balls—Off Mills, 5; off Spade, 3. Struck Out—By Mills, 3; by Spade, 1. Left on Bases—Nashville, 8; Atlanta, 4. Passed Balls—Hardy, 2; Smith, 1. First on Errors—Atlanta, 1; Nashville, 1. Time—One hour and thirty-five minutes. Umpire—Rudderham.

Central League Results.

South Bend, Ind., May 7.—Evansville batted Ferris hard in the opening inning, scoring enough runs to win the game. Ferris then settled down and allowed but one hit. Wacker strained his back and was replaced by Hults. Score:

Innings ....1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9—R. H. E.
Evansville ....4 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—4 5 3
South Bend ....0 0 2 0 0 0 0 0 1—3 6 3

Batteries—Wacker, Hultz and Knoll; Ferris and Johnson.

Grand Rapids, Mich., May 7.—Grand Rapids defeated Terre Haute to-day, 3 to 1. Manager McConnell, of the visitors, was ordered off the grounds by Umpire Dugan for disputing a decision. Score:

Innings ....1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9—R. H. E.
Grand Rapids ....0 1 0 0 0 1 0 1 *—3 6 2
Terre Haute ....0 0 0 0 0 1 0 0 0—1 8 1

Batteries—Warner and Moran; Martin, Schaefer and Freese.

Dayton, O., May 7.—Canton-Dayton game postponed on account of rain.

Springfield, O., May 7.—Springfield-Wheeling game postponed on account rain.

MANUAL HIGH SCHOOL SENIORS WILL HOLD NATIONAL REPUBLICAN CONVENTION TO-DAY

Civil Government Class Adopts Unique Way of Studying This Subject—Some Shrewd Politics Played.

Seniors at the Manual Training High School to-day will hold a national Republican convention for the nomination of President and Vice President of the United States, and for the past week different factions of the class have been engaged in some shrewd politics with the hope that their several candidates will be nominated. President Roosevelt, Vice President Fairbanks, Gov. Hughes, Speaker Cannon, Senator La Follette and Gov. Cummins will probably be nominated for the presidency, while ex-Secretary Shaw and ex-Gov. Bradley, of Kentucky, will be the contestants for the vice presidency. Nominating speeches will be made by those members of the class who have made the higher grades in the Civil Government, and the convention is held for the purpose of demonstrating some of the principles which have been taught during the study of Civil Government.

The holding of the convention is the idea of Prof. G. T. Ragsdale, who has been instructing the seniors in Civil Government during the past semester. The plan has been taken hold of by the boys of the class with much enthusiasm, and the convention promises to be a great success.

Each senior will be the committeeman from one of the States and will have the casting of the ballots from that State. The rules governing the National Republican Conventions will be carried out. It is probable that the Committee on Credentials will recommend fourteen votes from Oklahoma and six votes from each of the Territories, but a minority report will recommend six votes for Oklahoma and one from each of the Territories. It is expected that a fight will be made on these reports and the adoption of the one or the other will have its effect on the balloting of the convention.

The nominations to be made by the convention of the seniors are very much in doubt. Each senior who represents a State is supposed to vote for the candidate who is now favored by the people of that State, but the boys are playing a political game of their own, too, and this makes the nominations doubly uncertain. It is probable that the name of Theodore Roosevelt will be presented and withdrawn. At present the favorites for the presidency are Taft, Fairbanks and La Follette, although the backers of Hughes are said to be strengthening their ranks.

To each senior the number of ballots cast by the State he represents in the last Republican national convention will be allotted and the votes will be cast by States. The nominations are to be made by States also, the States being called alphabetically. From present indications the South and West will be arrayed against the East, and the selection of a President will have its influence on the selection of his running mate.

Everything about the convention will be according to the rules carried out by the last Republican convention. Next year the rules governing the Democratic national convention will govern that held by the Manual seniors and the holding of the convention will be an annual affair.

NATIONAL TROTTING ASSOCIATION MEETS

Board Renders Decisions In Many Well-Known Cases, and Takes Others Under Advisement.

NEW YORK, May 7.—Pleading against expulsion, suspension, fines and other penalties imposed on them, half a hundred litigants of the professional trotting turf appeared before the Board of Review of the National Trotting Association at its spring meeting here to-day. The first case taken up was that of Charles Stapf, of Wampum, Pa., who applied for reinstatement following the penalty of expulsion imposed on him at the Greenburg, Pa., track in 1905. The application was the second made by him. The first, made last year, was denied. The board took his application under advisement to-day.

Mr. Stapf admited on the stand that he entered the horse Palm Leaf, with a record of 2:11¼, as Prince Edward, 2:27¼, and also that he made a wrongful entry.

The board also took under advisement the case of C. L. Schears, who declared that the time of his entered in a race at Cobleskill, N. Y., on September 22, 1906, should be 2:21¼ and not 2:20 and a fraction. He asked that the change be made.

Sensational charges against officials at a special free-for-all pace, arranged in connection with the meeting of the Lehigh Valley, Pa., Agricultural Society, on September 19, 1906, next were heard. Suppression of time of two horses was charged in two fast heats. The two cases were heard as one. The charges were contained in an affidavit sworn to by Eben Clark, a trainer. The affidavit charged that the horses Judex, then owned by W. E. Smith, of Coatesville, Pa., and Harry L., owned by Charles Longbottom, of Chester, Pa., made faster time than was recorded. Clark appeared on the stand to substantiate the charges in the affidavit. He was followed by the owners of the horses, who made a flat denial of the charges, and by H. B. Shall, secretary of the Lehigh Agricultural Society, who declared that the charges resulted from spite. The case will be further considered in executive session.

Clark was also complainant in a similar case, where he alleged another suppression of time in a race. This meeting was held under the auspices of the Northampton County Agricultural Society. He charged that the time of the mare Miss Rosedale was altered at the close of a heat in a trotting race from 2:15½ to 2:16¼. A witness for the defense testified that the posting of the time, 2:15½, was due to an error in operating the electric annunciator. When the error was discovered a correction was made.

At the conclusion of the session the board announced the following decisions:

Reinstated, Al Thomas, Benson, Neb.; J. Hooker Wilson, Woodbury, N. Y.; P. P. Wingart, St. Croix Falls, Wis.

Temporarily reinstated, Frank Shank, Litchfield, O.

Temporarily reinstated continued, J. P. Brennan, Braddock, Pa., and George McWelliver, Lockhaven, Pa.

Expelled, S. C. Burpee and George Burpee, of Roanoke, Ala.

Cases dismissed, against Horce Stokes, Hackettstown, Pa.; W. E. Smith, Coatesville, Pa., and Charles Longbottom, Chester.

Thomas was reinstated with qualification.

Wilson got into trouble over the false entry of a mare named Ruby Electrite, who was entered in a trot at Bath, N. Y., on September 7, 1905, under the name Blanche K.

The mare was owned by Dr. McComas, of Frederick, Md., for whom Wilson drove that season. Wilson claimed that the false entry was the unwilling work of himself and the physician.

S. C. Burpee was involved in charges last fall when his case was continued. Subsequent investigations resulted in the expulsion to-day of both Burpees. It was charged that the Burpees in the season of 1906 raced in the Mohawk Valley, N. Y., two horses under the names of Belle o. Roanoke and Jean de Reszke, when in reality the first animal was the bay mare Ellen with a record of 2:19¾ and the other the bay gelding Cyclone, who had a mark of 2:15¼. The board will continue its session to-morrow.

New Orleans 0, Memphis 0.

Memphis, May 7.—To-day's game between New Orleans and Memphis went twelve innings without a score being made. Both Manuel and Bills had perfect control at critical periods. There was considerable wrangling with the umpire. Brouthers, of the New Orleans team, was ordered from the game in the first inning. Score:

Innings ....1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12—T.
New Orleans ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0
Memphis ....0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0—0

Two-base Hit—Gatins. Stolen Bases—Rickert, Gatins, Henline. Base on Balls—Off Manuel, 1; off Bills, 2. Struck Out—By Manuel, 10; by Bills, 4. Hit by Pitcher—Thiel. Sacrifice Hits—Beecher, Babb. Double Plays—Plass, unassisted; Thiel to Bills; Manuel to Beecher to Sabrie. Time—Two hours and fifteen minutes. Umpire—Pfenninger.

Grosier Out of a Job.

Evansville, Ind., May 7.—Dick Grosier, outfielder, of this city, who recently secured his release from the Atlanta team, of the Southern League, arrived here to-day and will sign with some Central League team.

South Atlantic League Results.

At Columbia.—Columbia 6; Charleston 0.
At Augusta.—Augusta 3; Savannah 2.
At Jackronville.—Jacksonville 1; Macon 4.

Cotton States League Results.

At Vicksburg.—Gulfport 7; Vicksburg 1.
At Mobile.—Jackson 3; Mobile 0.
At Columbus.—Meridian 1; Columbus 0.

Cincinnati Team Wins.

New Bedford, Mass., May 7.—Cincinnati National, 9; New Bedford, New England, 7.

Louisville Players Go To Jackson.

Kelly, Crimmins, Marmelott and O'Bannon, four stars on the Evers Indians team, left for Jackson, Tenn., last night, where they will play with the team of that city.

High School and Manual.

The betting is still for Manual in the first base ball game between the Reds and the High School team, to be played at 3 o'clock p. m., Saturday, at Manual Park, Brook and Woodbine streets. This is due to several facts. First, the Crimson has lost but one game this year, while High School has lost three. Second, Manual has a team of hard hitters, while the Purple batters are not knocking opposing twirlers off the rubber with any alarming degree of frequency; and third, because in games where the two local rivals played the same teams, manual has apparently done better work, though the showings against K. M. I. were almost identical.

High School supporters take little stock in these facts, as predicting defeat for the Purple, since the case was almost the same last year. Then, as now, High School was weak at the bat and strong in the field; then, as now, the dope was against her, yet she reversed all predictions and accomplished a feat never before accomplished in the baseball history of the two schools—shut out her opponents, 3 to 0. The Reds were then known as a heavy-hitting team, but three hits was all they could make off Pinson, the High School pitcher. And this year, according to the Purple rooters, the team has a twirler with more curves and shoots than Pinson and a better knowledge of the Crimson batters.

A consideration of these facts makes High School supporters confident, in spite of the good showing Manual has made this year. Whether or not this confidence is misplaced the game itself must show. But one thing is quite certain, the people who go to Brook and Woodbine Saturday will see a close and exciting game of baseball, for in the last three years all six games have been intensely interesting and remarkably well played.

SECOND KRUPP HEIRESS WEDS AT ESSEN.

Essen, Germany, May 7.—Barbara Krupp, second daughter of the late Herr Krupp, the steel magnate, was married to-day at the Villa Huegel, near here, to Baron Tite von Wilmowski. The couple will live at Bonn, where the Baron is a Government official.

FATHER PROMISES THAT HE'LL SUPPORT CHILDREN.

Frank Harp's Fine Suspended After His Trial For Neglect of His Little Ones.

Frank Harp, of Poular street, was fined $50 and put under bond of $1,000 for one year, yesterday in Police Court on a charge of neglect of children, and his two children, aged seven months and five respectively, were given to the Board of Children's Guardians to be cared for. Harp's fine was suspended on his promise to pay for the support of his two children.

Last Thursday Mrs. Harp died after a short illness. During her illness, it was testified in court yesterday, Harp failed to provide for either his wife or children, and when his wife died he refused to pay the burial expenses. On Harp's promise to go to work Judge Edwards suspended his fine yesterday. The two children were placed in care of J. P. Hild, of the Board of Children's Guardians, and one of them was sent to the City Hospital by him. It is probable that the other one will be sent to the hospital to-day as it is ill.

BUCKET SHOPS TO CROSS THE LINE.

Kansas City, May 7.—Bucket-shop concerns in Kansas City, Mo., affected by the law recently passed by the Missouri Legislature placing a tax of two cents on every grain deal made within the State, have decided to move their offices across the line into Kansas City, Kan., when the statute goes into effect on July 12 next.

Vestrymen For Cathedral.

At the annual election of Calvary Episcopal church held Monday, the following were elected vestrymen to serve the ensuing year: A. L. Terry, A. M. Robinson, Charles G. Strater, A. B. W. Allen, Worthington Robinson, Claude R. Barnes, John C. Hughes, Judge C. S. Grubbs, Charles L. Robinson, E. H. Bowen, Alex. A. Bullitt, Charles D. Campbell.

The officers elected for the year were: A. L. Terry, senior warden; John C. Hughes, Junior warden; E. H. Bowen, registrar; A. A. Bullitt, treasurer.

Dunn—Burke.

Cloverport, Ky., May 7.—[Special.]—The marriage of Miss Rosa Burk and Ivory Dunn took place at 11 o'clock this morning at the residence of Father Celestine Brey, who officiated at the ceremony. The guests included a number of visiting clergy who are here attending the services being held this week at the St. Rose Catholic church.

A VALUABLE PRESCRIPTION.

The average person does not realize how much the bodily health depends upon the proper action of the kidneys and bladder, nor how widespread disorders of those organs are. It is quite safe to say that they give physicians as many sleepless nights on account of their patients as do any of the others, and perhaps it would not be too much to say that, directly and indirectly, they are chargeable with as much sickness as all the other organs of the human body combined. As a result of a vast amount of careful study many physicians are now using with great success in the treatment of disorders traceable to the kidneys and bladder a prescription composed of ¼ oz. Fluid Extract of Buchu, ¼ oz. Fluid Extract of Uva Ursi, 1 oz. Amet Cordial, ¼ oz. Fluid Extract of Liverwert and 15 ozs. water. This is administered in doses of a tablespoonful three times a day and while the treatment is continued, which, in order that all impurities may be eliminated from the system, should be for a month, the patient is advised to drink large quantities of water. The materials called for by the prescription are carried in stock by every first-class pharmacy.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

MONETARY.

Tuesday Evening, May 7.—No changes of consequence were reported in the New York money market to-day. Conditions in the local money market were practically unchanged. Rates were firm at 6 per cent., with a moderately active demand.

Exchange on New York was quoted at par.

The report of the Clearing-house to-day was as follows:

Day's clearing $2,040,971
Balance 219,909

The local stock market was very quiet today. No sales were recorded at the Stock Exchange and but few were made on the curb. Louisville Traction common was easy, being offered at 103¾, with par bid. Kansas City Railway and Light common was the feature of the outside market. It was reported that the Missouri Legislature will adjourn to-morrow and that the laws passed governing public utilities are not very drastic. St. Louis United Railways common was steady.

At the Stock Exchange $2,000 East St. Louis and Suburban 5s were offered at 98¾ and interest and 98 was bid. For $1,000 Louisville Railway 5s 106¼ and interest was bid. Par was bid for $3,000 Nashville 5s and 101 was asked. Louisville Home Telephone 5s were 77 and interest bid for $2,000 and $1,000 offered at 79¼. Five shares of Central Home Telephone were offered at 13. Thirty-seven shares of Louisville Bridge were offered at 141 and 138 was bid for ten. For ten shares of Louisville Home Telephone 40 was bid. For ten shares of Louisville Tobacco Warehouse common 61½ was bid. East St. Louis and Suburban preferred was 80¾ bid for twenty-five shares and fifty offered at 81. Lexington and Interurban Railways was 9 bid and 12 asked for fifty shares. Louisville Traction common was fifty shares offered at 104, par bid for twelve and ten offered at 103¾. Rochester Railway preferred was 97½ bid for fifteen shares and ten offered at 97¾. Springfield was 75 bid for twenty-five shares and twenty-five offered at 76 and twenty-five at 77. St. Joe common was offered at 44.

Kansas City Railway and Light common opened in Chicago at 55 and sold up to 56 and closed at 55⅞ bid and 56 asked. St. Louis United Railways common closed in St. Louis at 32¼ bid and 34 asked, the preferred at 70¼ to 70½ and the 4s at 81⅜ to 81½. United Railways Investment common sold in New York at 32 and closed at 32 bid and 36 asked. The preferred was 51½ bid and 53 asked. Detroit United was quoted at 70 to 74; L. and N. unified 4s at 101 to 101½, and the collateral trust 4s at 95 to 96. New Orleans common was quoted in New Orleans at 22¾ to 23½, the preferred at 72 to 73 and the 4½s at 84 to 84½. Subway closed in New York at 16¾ to 17½, Giroux at 8¾ to 9 and Crucible Steel common at 9 to 9½.

The following are the latest bid and asked prices made for securities on the Stock Exchange:

Bonds.

	Bid.	Asked.
Birmingham Ry. and Light 4½s	88½	89
Chattanooga Railway 5s	99	100
City 4s, 1910	*100	101
City 5s, old L., 1911	*104	105
City 4s, Mun. imp., 1923	*102½	102¾
City 4s, Mun., 1928	*103½	104
City 4s, Parks, 1936	...	...
City 4s, refunding, 1937	*103½	104½
City 3½s, refunding, 1940	*96	98½
City 3½s, refunding, 1941	*96	98½
City 3½s, refunding, 1943	*96	98½
City 3s, sewer and parks, 1941	*86½	87
Dallas Electric 5s	...	*97½
East St. Louis and Suburban 5s	*98	98¾
Louisville Home Telephone 5s	*77	79¼
Houston Electric 5s	...	*99
Knoxville Ry. and Light 5s	...	*93¼
Louisville St. Ry. 5s	*106¼	106½
Louisville St. Ry. 4½s	*103	104½
Louisville Home Telephone 5s	*77	79½
L., H. and St. L. first mor. 5s	*106½	107
Memphis St. Ry. 5s	*95¾	96½
Nashville Ry. and Light 5s	*100	101
New Orleans Ry. and Light 4½s	83½	85
New Albany St. Ry. 5s	...	*99
Pascagoula St. Ry. and P. 5s	*94	...
Paducah Trac. and Light 5s	...	*95
Peoria Light 5s	...	*93
Rochester Ry. and Light 5s	*98½	99¼
Springfield Ry. and Light 5s	*93¾	94½
St. Joseph Ry., L., H. and P. 5s	*99½	100¾
Seattle Electric Ry. 5s	*104¾	107
Savannah Electric 5s	...	*99
Wash., Alex. and Mt. Vernon 5s	*89	100
West Penn Rys. 5s	...	*100

*Sells with interest.

Stocks.

American National Bank	147	...
Bank of Commerce	...	197½
B. F. Avery & Sons com	100	102
B. F. Avery & Sons pref	...	102
Birmingham Ry. and Light com.	97½	98¾
Birmingham Ry. and Light pref.	102¾	104¼
Bourbon Stock Yards	...	98
Citizens' National Bank	210	220
Columbia Trust Co	132	139
Central Home Telephone	12	†13
Chattanooga Railway com	35	40
Chattanooga Railway pref	77¼	80
Col'bus, Delaware & Marion Ry.	...	43
Dallas Electric com	35	45
Dallas Electric pref	...	75
E. St. Louis and Suburban com.	50½	50¾
E. St. Louis and Suburban pref.	80½	81
Evansville Light com	45	46½
Evansville Light pref	87	89½
First National Bank	...	158
Fayette Home Telephone	27	28½
Federal Chemical com	50	55
Federal Chemical pref	...	100
Fidelity Trust Co	...	358
German Bank	385	...
German Insurance Bank	385	425
German Security Bank	174	176½
Grand Rapids Ry. com	...	74
Grand Rapids Ry. pref	...	84¼
Houston Electric com	...	43½
Houston Electric pref	...	92½
Kentucky Wagon Works	148	152
Knoxville Ry. and Light com	54	57½
Knoxville Ry. and Light pref	95	97
Louisville and Eastern com	20¾	†22
Louisville and Eastern pref	74¾	75
Louisville National Banking Co.	148	149
Louisville Title Co	99	100
Louisville Bridge stock	136	141
Louisville Gas stock	125	129
Louisville Heating com	56	57
Louisville Heating pref	86	88
Louisville Home Telephone	40	48¼
Louisville Tob. W. H. Co. com.	61½	65
Louisville Tob. W. H. Co. pref.	121	125¼
Louisville Traction com	100	103⅝
Louisville Traction pref	115	116
Lexington and Interurban Rys.	9	12
Louisville Trust Co	170	185
Mayfield Woolen Mills com	...	...
Mayfield Woolen Mills pref	...	103
Michigan Light com	...	84¾
Michigan Light pref	...	101
Merchants' Ice and Cold Storage	97	98
Memphis St. Ry. com	68	75
Memphis St. Ry. pref	80	82¼
National Bank of Kentucky	198	199¼
Nashville Ry. and Light com	36	40
Nashville Ry. and Light pref	75	78
New Albany St. Ry. pref	85	...
New Galt House com	40	46
New Galt House pref	95	†98
New Orleans Ry. and Light com.	23	24¼
New Orleans Ry. and Light pref.	72	73¼
Northern Texas Electric com	39	39¼
Northern Texas Electric pref	80	82½
Norfolk Ry. and Light	17	...
Paducah Trac. and Light com	19½	22
Paducah Trac. and Light pref	...	75
Peoria Light com	...	45
Peoria Light pref	...	90¼
Rochester Ry. and Light pref	89	92
Rochester Railway pref	97½	97¾
Rehm-Zeiher Co. pref	100	...
Springfield Ry. and Light	75	76
St. Joseph L., H. and P. com	40	44
St. Joseph L., H. and P. pref	...	88
Southern National Bank	...	148
Stock Yards Bank	125	127
Seelbach Realty pref	...	...
Seelbach Realty com	...	...
Seattle Electric pref	...	97
Seattle Electric com	80	80¼
Savannah Electric com	14	15½
Savannah Electric pref	87	87¾
Third National Bank	108	109
Turner, Day & Woolworth com.	...	108¾
Turner, Day & Woolworth pref.	123	125½
Toledo Railways and Light	25	28
Union National Bank	229	232
United States Trust Co	...	130
United Railways Invest. com	30	33
United Railways Invest. pref	55½	57¼
Wash., Alex. and Mt. Vernon	57	60
Western National Bank	85	90
West Penn Rys. com	33¼	35¼
West Penn Rys. pref	72	73

†Less than ten shares.

Mr. William Dean, of Cobalt, Ont., who is in the city for a few days, is very enthusiastic over the prospects of that now famous mining district. "Never before in the history of silver mining has ore been found in quantities yielding from 1,000 to 5,000 and 9,000 ounces to the ton," says Mr. Dean. "When ore will run from $100 to $150 to the ton it is considered high grade. From a population of 200 scattered through the rugged woods in the spring of 1905, the town of Cobalt has grown in one year to a hustling city of 10,000, with a floating population of twice that number. It has four standard Canadian banks, fair hotel accommodations and every line of trade is well represented. While mining operations have been carried on in a more or less crude way, yet the increase in the value of stocks of some of the producing mines has been enormous. During the last year rich discoveries were made at considerable distance from what is known as the Cobalt district, viz.: In the townships of Bucke and Lorrain, and in what is known as the Montreal district in Smythe township, Windigo Lake, Boston and Larder Lake. These discoveries not only show rich silver values equal to Cobalt, but in some instances, more particularly at Larder Lake, show very rich value in gold, and at the present time people are rushing to Larder Lake at the rate of 500 a day. It is estimated by the best authorities that the output of the Cobalt district will exceed $50,000,000 in silver this year. The rush to Cobalt has been so great this spring that the Grand Trunk Railway has put on special service from Toronto."

It is estimated that the United States Steel Corporation now has more than 100,000 shareholders of record. The number of dividend checks to be sent out on May 31 will be fully 10,000 more than for the previous dividend period. German and British investors are estimated to hold 1,000,000 shares and more than 150,000 shares are held by employes of the concern.

"Persons who are criticising our action in increasing our dividend and then issuing $25,000,000 of 5 per cent. bonds seem to forget that about all issues now being put out are on a 5 per cent. basis," said an official of the Atchison. "They also lose sight of the fact that there are $50,000,000 of convertible bonds which might be turned into 6 per cent. stock if the stockholders should elect. If the Atchison stock is not good for 6 per cent. when it is earning 15 per cent. it is not worth anything.

The question has been brought up as to whether or not the unfilled orders reported by the United States Steel Corporation for March 31—a little over 8,000,000 tons—represent to a great extent orders between subsidiary companies of the corporation. On the authority of an officer of one of the subsidiary companies, it can be said, says a Pittsburg Dispatch, that the unfilled orders reported at the end of each quarter by the Steel Corporation cover only finished products, and that all orders between subsidiary companies are eliminated before the figures are given out.

The Philadelphia Company, of Pittsburg, is preparing to do a vast amount of development work in its gas fields this summer, to meet the enormous increase in consumption in the Pittsburg district, which has been increasing so rapidly, especially by manufacturing plants, as to seriously cripple the gas companies. The Philadelphia Company will put in new pipe lines to its gas properties in Washington and Greene counties and will drill sixteen wells in Greene county and three in Washington county. The locations for these nineteen have already been made. Others will follow when these are completed.

Reports from Seattle, Wash., state that the street railway and gas companies are finding it difficult to keep pace with the rapid growth of the city and the consequent demands upon the public utility purveyors. The Seattle Electric Company, which operates the street car service, reports an increase of 20 per cent. in the number of passengers carried last year and the present indications are that the increase for 1907 will be even larger. The line from Seattle to Tacoma is being double tracked, and it is expected at least twenty miles of track will be added to the city system during this year. The State of Washington is being rapidly exploited by the railroads. In addition to the transcontinental lines, which are heading toward Seattle, there is being constructed within the State 1,783 miles of new railroad at an estimated cost of more than $107,000,000.

The president of the United States Express Company has sent a circular letter to stockholders who want increased dividends, in which he points out that hostile laws are hurting the express business. The increased payments to railroads, higher labor costs and advance in the prices of supplies have kept net earnings down to 5 per cent. of the present gross receipts. In 1906 the company paid the railroads $1,661,000 more than in 1904, and it paid for labor in 1906 $860,000 more than in 1904, while the increase in earnings over 1906 was but $1,552,000. In twelve of the States in which the company does business, laws have been passed enlarging the powers of the railroad commissions.

According to Davenport, Ia., advices, President J. F. Porter and Manager J. F. Lardner, of the Tri-City Railway Company, have made a compromise with the City Council whereby an ordinance will be introduced permitting the sale of the Davenport and Suburban Railway to the Tri-City Company, releasing the company from building certain extensions required by the D. and S. ordinance, and giving the company the right to do away with the six tickets for 25c on the D. and S. line. In return the company is to extend the D. and S. line from Eleventh and Le Claire streets to Eastern avenue and provide increased service in several particulars.

The surplus of the United States Steel Corporation and its subsidiaries for December, 1906, stood at $97,720,714. Adding the surplus of $3,684,576 reported by the Steel Corporation itself for the quarter ended March 31 gives a total surplus of $101,405,290, the first time this item has exceeded one hundred million dollars. On June 30, 1901, the surplus of the Steel Corporation and its subsidiaries stood at $30,956,349. The surplus on September 30, 1903, was given as $99,809,836. But this large total was brought about by artificial means, as nothing was written off on account of capital expenditures, etc., until December 31, 1903, when $29,461,668 was deducted, which brought the surplus down to $66,006,682. The Steel Corporation since December 31, 1903, has been writing off capital expenditures each quarter. The present surplus of the Steel Corporation is equal to about 20 per cent. on the common stock.

The pronounced strength of the Steel Corporation from the standpoint of quick assets is shown by the fact that its unexpended balance to the credits of sinking, depreciation, replacement, etc., funds, at the close of last year, was $38,665,489. There was an unexpended balance for new construction at the close of the year of about $30,000,000, making a total of $68,665,489. This does not include any of the $14,500,000 appropriated for new construction in the first quarter of this year. It is safe to assume that the unexpended balance on account of new construction, sinking and depreciation funds, etc., and the surplus, total close to $180,000,000 at the present time. This sum is almost equal to the market valuation of the common stock.

At the close of last year the Steel Corporation reported a working capital of approximately $223,000,000, a sum $33,000,000 in excess of the present market valuation of the common stock. The actual cash holdings of the corporation at present are close to $75,000,000. The increase in the earning power of the Steel Corporation is shown by the fact that the balance of earnings applicable to dividends in the first quarter of this year was 4 per cent.; in the corresponding quarter of last year 3.16 per cent., and in the corresponding quarter of 1905 1.15 per cent.

WALL STREET BRIEFS.

Longshoremen's strike in New York spreading.

Adjournment of Albany Legislature not yet in sight.

Clearings of country banks keeping up to large volume of last year.

Prospects in winter wheat belt improving, in spite of adverse factors.

Twin City voluntarily advances wages.

Movement of exchange tending toward gold-export point.

President E. T. Bedford, of Corn Products, says Standard Oil interests never owned more than 10 per cent. of its stock.

Clover Leaf earning for the fourth week of April increased $18,849.

Twelve Industrial stocks declined Monday .19 per cent.

Twenty active Railroads declined Monday .77 per cent.

MARKET LETTERS.

New York.—The railroads just now are in a very peculiar dilemma, for traffic continues so heavy that they are unable to handle it scientifically and economically, and to do this require the expenditure of further large sums of money. Unfortunately, owing to the antagonism of the State Legislatures, under the initiative of our Chief Executive, the credit of the railroad companies is greatly impaired and they are unable to raise this new capital except by issuing short-time obligations on very onerous interest charges, so that these corporations are really between the devil and the deep sea for the time being. The present range of prices discounts a great deal of trouble, and we see reason for the indiscriminate throwing over of securities at the present level, but there is sufficient in the situation to deter any extended bullish enthusiasm for the time being anyway, and it looks to us as if we should have a narrow, trading market for some time.—(Post & Flagg to John W. & D. S. Green.

New York.—The action of the market during the past few days indicates disposition amongst traders to discount the Government monthly crop report to be issued next Friday noon. There is no question that the report will be unfavorable, but it looks now as if the market would be well sold out before that time and the publication is likely to be followed by good rally. Meanwhile prices may sag somewhat further with occasional recoveries.—(A. O. Brown & Co. to Hunt, Bridgeford & Co.

New York.—Liquidation had about run its course in the stock market before the last hour and prices rallied on light transactions. The market will be two sided until we see how the Government crop report is on Friday. We believe it will be better than many are prepared to admit. That Atchison held so firmly all day testified to two things; that many believed the damage to winter wheat in Kansas, Atchison's principal State, is not so much as alleged; secondly, that there is a large short interest in this stock and the pool intends to hold it. It was the bear party that did most of the selling of the general market to-day. The outstanding short account is much increased. We believe good stocks may be bought on drives from now on. The chances are that crop damage has about been discounted in the stock market, so far as injury to date is concerned.—(C. I. Hudson & Co. to S. C. Henning & Co.

New York.—The principal selling of Union Pacific was attributed to expectation that a plan for financing requirements will soon be made public. The discounting of an unfavorable Government crop report has proceeded rapidly, and we think that purchases on soft spots around current levels should prove profitable.—(Ennis & Stoppani to E. H. Morgan & Co.

New York.—It was a traders' market again with very little feature. The decline in New York Central had a bad effect on the general list.—(Kelley, Miller & Co. to Almstedt Bros.

New York.—Nearly all the business in the first hour on the exchange was by room traders. Prices after a slight improvement in the first few minutes generally declined 1 to 2 points. London sold 10,000 shares on balance.—(Ex. Norton & Co. to J. J. B. Hilliard & Son.

New York.—Probably the best reason the bears had to-day was the belief that the Interstate Commerce Commission would refuse to allow the increase of five cents per ton on soft coal as notified by the Norfolk and Western to take place on the first. This would really be the most serious thing that the market has to confront, as then a decision by the Supreme Court would be absolutely necessary before we could be practically sure of justice to railroads. The legislative attitude toward corporate interests is practically so near actual confiscation that the layman cannot see otherwise but that the Supreme Court will certainly decide against this form of insanity. Pending that time it makes it rather uncomfortable, as this legislative mania seems to crop out at every little stage of the advance.—(Miller & Co. to John L. Dunlap.

New York.—There were one or two rallies in the afternoon which carried stocks up quite sharply a point or more, but the rallies failed to hold and although the closing was above the lowest prices, good net gains were recorded in stocks like Smelters, Union Pacific, Reading New York Central, Atchison and Pennsylvania. Crop damage reports continued to come in from the Southwest and Northwest, but as neither grain nor cotton showed any further tendency to advance these reports were very generally ignored by Wall street. Sentiment, however, was adversely affected by the easy way in which stocks like Union Pacific and Reading, which led the upward movement last week, declined and much bearish talk was heard from the same people who were bulls only a few days ago.—(E. & C. Randolph to E. E. Paine & Co.

New York.—Prices opened better, but there was not much buying power on the advances, and after the first few dealings the general list became heavy, led by marked activity and weakness in New York Central and D. and H. There seemed the same pressure to sell New York Central on the unfavorable report of earnings while the selling in D. and H. was said to be due to liquidation of an interest which was not in harmony with the management. The active list sold off sharply and Smelters lost about 3 per cent., while Union declined about 2 per cent. There was not much increase in activity in spite of the weakness and the general market became dull after the decline. Prices rallied in the last hour on covering.—(J. S. Bache & Co. to Washington Flexner & Co.

New York.—The heavy selling of New York Central and Delaware and Hudson was the feature of to-day's operations. Large blocks of the above-named stocks were thrown on the market with such force that their effect was felt throughout the general list. Amalgamated was heavily traded in professionally. Additional crop damage reports helped to cause weakness in the list. Part of the weakness was shaded later on. The market closed irregular and would indicate that we shall have nothing better than a scalping market for the present.—(W. L. Lyons & Co.

STOCK MARKET REVIEW.

New York, May 7.—Money on call steady at 2½@3½ per cent.; ruling rate 2¾; closing bid 2¾; offered at 3; time loans stronger; 60 days 3½@4 per cent.; 90 days 4; six months 4½; prime mercantile paper 5½@6. Sterling exchange easier, with actual business in bankers' bills at \$4.8640@4.8645 for demand and at \$4.8360@4.8365 for 60-day bills; posted rates \$4.84 and \$4.87; commercial bills \$4.83⅝@4.83½. Bar silver 65⅝c. Mexican dollars 50¼c. Government bonds steady. Railroad bonds irregular.

The professional operators in stocks had the market much to themselves to-day. They found the line of least resistance to be downward and accordingly sold stocks and offered prices down to seek a profit on the short side of the market. The sentiment of the day was one of depression, fostered by several considerations. Probably the most effective of these was the abandonment of the recent operations for the rise in a handful of stocks which have made up the largest proportion of the dealings for a considerable time past. The perception of the fact that profits were being taken in these stocks and the running out of the demand for them aroused the suspicion of a manipulative origin for the extensive advances which have occurred and affected the tone of the whole market in consequence.

Union Pacific and Reading have made up the bulk of the recent market and their relapse to-day did not leave room for the escape of the general list. The check to the rise in Reading was re-enforced by the marked weakness of Delaware and Hudson which developed yesterday and continued to-day. The pressure on this stock had the appearance of liquidation. Reports of new financing involving an issue of new securities were amongst the attempted explanations. Union Pacific also was the subject of recurrent rumors of an issue of new securities to finance its requirements. New York Central was under some degree of positive pressure which was attributed to the disappointment felt by shareholders over the large deficit below the dividend requirement shown by the earnings for the March quarter. This showing, in fact, has proved a factor of depression in the whole market and its influence has not subsided at the interval elapsed since its publication.

Crop prospects continued to be a disturbing influence in the stock market, in spite of the published views of a number of competent authorities in a tone of warning against exaggerated fears for the crops at the present stage. The weekly bulletin of the Weather Bureau gave concise information, however, of "decidedly unfavorable" conditions over a large part of the winter wheat region. Traders in stocks were inclined to discount an unfavorable report from the Agricultural Department on Friday.

There was some discussion of possible unfavorable developments in the money situation prompted by the suggestion of an early outgo of gold from here to Paris and by rumors that the Secretary of the Treasury was about to withdraw part of the Government deposits with the banks. There was a decline in sterling exchange here and a rise at Paris during the day, both of these movements widening the margin which still exists before gold shipments to Paris would become profitable. The alleged intention to withdraw Government deposits was denied. Transfers of $2,000,000 to San Francisco yesterday and to-day were said to be induced by the progress of reconstruction work in that city. The movement is a factor in the diminishing bank reserves in New York.

Some depression was traceable to the opinion of the revived chances of the enactment of the Public Utilities Bill at Albany. The longshoremen's strike was regarded as an unpleasant incident in its possible effects on railroad traffic centering here. Covering by shorts caused a recovery of part of the day's declines. Atchison developed some positive strength, attributable to more favorable views of the convertible bond issues.

Bank Clearings.

St. Louis, May 7.—(Special.)—Clearings $10,354,456; balances $960,222. Call money 5½ per cent. New York exchange 10c premium bid, 20c premium asked.

Boston, May 7.—(Special.)—Clearing-house exchanges: In Boston $28,195,221; in New York $336,914,016. New York funds sold at par.

Cincinnati, May 7.—(Special.)—Clearings $4,181,250. Collateral loans 5@5½ per cent. New York exchange par and 10c premium.

Chicago, May 7.—(Special.)—Clearings $46,412,734; balances $4,695,216. New York exchange 5c premium.

Memphis, May 7.—(Special.)—Clearings $701,861.98. Exchange par selling, $1 discount buying.

New Orleans, May 7.—Clearings $3,563,923. New York exchange 50c discount; commercial paper 7@8 per cent.

STOCK QUOTATIONS.

	Sales.	Highest.	Lowest.	Cl's'g Bid.
Adams Express	...	...	...	280
Amal. Copper	40,400	95¼	93⅞	94⅞
Am. Car & F'dry.	1,100	37¾	37	37⅝
Do preferred	...	...	...	99¾
Am'n Cotton Oil	300	30¾	30¼	30¾
Do preferred	...	...	...	90
American Express	100	212	212	205
Am. H. and L. pf.	10	21	21	20¾
Am. Ice Securities	100	73¾	73¾	68-73¾
Am'n Linseed Oil	100	12¾	12¾	12½
Do preferred	...	...	...	27
Am'n Locomotive	200	63½	63	63
Do preferred	...	...	...	108
Am. Smelt. & Ref.	43,700	134	131	131¼
Do preferred	200	108¾	108¾	108¼
Am. Sugar Ref'g.	600	125	124¼	124¼
Am. Tob. pf. ctfs.	...	...	...	92½
Ana. Mining Co.	5,700	63½	62⅝	63¼
Atchison	11,100	96	94⅞	95⅞
Do preferred	...	...	...	95⅞
Atl. Coast Line	200	102	102	102
B. and O.	4,300	99	98¼	98⅞
Do preferred	100	89½	89½	89
Brooklyn Rapid T.	10,000	60⅝	58⅞	60⅜
Canadian Pacific	4,600	176¾	175⅜	176¼
Central of N. J.	300	186	182	180
C. and O.	1,900	41⅝	40¾	41¼
Chicago Gt. West.	1,000	11⅝	11¼	11⅛
C. and N. W.	2,000	151½	149½	150
C., M. and St. P.	11,600	136	134½	134⅝
Chicago T. and T.	...	...	...	5
Do preferred	...	...	...	18
C., C., C. and St. L.	700	70⅝	70	70¼
Col. Fuel and I.	1,000	35¾	35¼	35¼
Col. and Southern.	1,300	25¼	25	25
Do 1st pref.	...	...	...	59
Do 2d pref.	200	46½	46¼	45½
Consolidated Gas	500	132	132	132
Corn Prod. Ref'g.	400	19	19	18⅞
Do preferred	...	...	...	76½
Central Leather	100	27⅛	27⅛	27½
Do preferred	...	...	...	96
Del. and Hudson	4,500	184	178⅛	179
D., L. and W.	100	470	470	470
D. and R. G.	100	28¾	28¾	28¾
Do preferred	...	...	...	74
Dist. Securities	1,000	69⅜	68½	69
Erie	4,700	24⅝	24	24⅛
Do 1st pref.	300	55⅝	55⅜	55⅝
Do 2d pref.	100	38½	38½	38
Gen. Electric	300	147¾	147½	147
Gt. Northern pref.	4,500	136½	135	136¼
Illinois Central	200	145	145	145
Internat'l Paper	...	...	...	13½
Do preferred	400	74	73½	73
Internat'l Pump	...	...	...	27
Do preferred	...	...	...	76¾
Iowa Central	...	...	...	18½
Do preferred	...	...	...	37
Interboro-Met.	1,400	25¼	24	24½
Do preferred	3,200	60	57	58½
K. C. Southern	...	...	...	24¼
Do preferred	500	59⅝	59⅝	59⅝
L. and N.	300	118½	117¾	118
Mexican Central	100	21¾	21¾	21½
Minn. and St. L.	...	...	...	48½
M., St. P. & Sault Ste. Marie	...	...	...	100
Do preferred	100	131	131	130
Missouri Pacific	300	75½	75¼	75⅝
M., K. and T.	2,200	36⅝	36⅛	36⅝
Do preferred	100	65½	65½	65
National Lead	800	64¼	63¾	63½
Nat. Ry. Mex. pf.	...	...	...	55½
N. Y. Central	22,000	116½	114⅛	114½
N. Y., O. and W.	400	38	37¾	37¾
Norfolk and West.	7,300	77¾	76½	76¾
Do preferred	...	...	...	81
North American	500	73⅝	72½	72½
Northern Pacific	6,200	134⅝	133¼	134¼
Pacific Mail	200	26½	26½	26½
Pennsylvania	28,700	123⅝	122¼	122¾
People's Gas	1,100	93	92¼	92¼
P., C., C. and St. L.	...	...	...	70
Pressed Steel Car.	400	35½	35¼	35¼
Do preferred	...	...	...	91½
Pullman Pal. Car.	200	166½	166½	165
Reading	106,400	113½	111¼	111⅞
Do 1st pref.	...	...	...	83⅞
Do 2d pref.	...	...	...	82
Republic Steel	200	27¾	27¼	27⅜
Do preferred	100	84⅛	84	81⅝
Rock Island Co.	700	21⅞	21½	21½
Do preferred	200	49	49	48½
Rubber Goods pfd.	...	...	...	95
St. L. & S. F. 2d pf	400	35	34	34
St. L. Southwest.	...	...	...	21
Do preferred	...	...	...	55⅜
Southern Pacific	21,300	85⅛	84	84⅞
Do preferred	300	117	116⅝	116
Southern Railway.	400	21⅝	21¼	21¼
Do preferred	100	66¼	66¼	65⅝
Sloss-Sh'ff'ld Steel	200	53¼	56⅛	56
Tenn. Coal and I.	...	...	...	145
Texas and Pacific.	...	...	...	20
T., St. L. and W.	100	29½	29½	29½
Do preferred	400	53½	53½	53½
Union Pacific	160,700	147⅜	144⅝	145⅝
Do preferred	100	93½	93½	92
U. S. Express	...	...	...	95
U. S. Realty	...	...	...	70
U. S. Rubber	1,500	40	38½	39¼
Do preferred	100	101¼	100½	100¼
U. S. Steel	38,100	37⅝	37	37¼
Do preferred	3,200	102⅛	101⅝	102
Va.-Car. Chemical	...	...	...	27
Do preferred	100	103⅝	103⅝	102⅝
Wabash	10	13½	13½	13½
Do preferred	100	26	25¾	25
Wells-Fargo Exp.	100	250	250	230
West'house Elec.	200	145½	144⅝	143⅝
Western Union	...	...	...	82½
W. and L. E.	...	...	...	11
Wisconsin Central.	...	...	...	17
Do preferred	500	40	40	38½

Total sales for the day, 649,300 shares.

BOND QUOTATIONS.

New York, May 7.—Bonds were irregular. Total sales (par value), $1,564,000. U. S. bonds were unchanged on call.

The following are the closing quotations on Government bonds:

U. S. Bonds.

Refunding 2s, registered	104
Do coupon	104
3s, registered	102¼
Do coupon	102¼
Old 4s, registered	101¼
Do coupon	101¼
New 4s, registered	129½
Do coupon	129½

Miscellaneous Bonds.

American Tobacco 4s	73¼
American Tobacco 6s	107½
Atchison general 4s	98½
Do adjustment 4s	92½
Atlantic Coast Line 4s	95
Baltimore and Ohio 4s	100⅝
Do 3½s	93½
Brooklyn Rapid Transit convertible 4s	84¼
Central of Georgia 5s	105½
Do first income	85
Do second income	72
Do third income	*61⅛
Chesapeake and Ohio 4½s	102
Chicago and Alton 3½s	*69¼
Chicago, Burlington and Quincy new 4s	95½
Chicago, Rock Island and Pac. R. R. 4s	70½
Do collateral 5s	*87
C., C., C. and St. Louis general 4s	102
Colorado Industrial 5s, series A	*63½
Colorado Midland 4s	68
Colorado and Southern 4s	90⅝
Cuba 5s	102½
Denver and Rio Grande 4s	94
Distillers' Securities 5s	83⅞
Erie prior lien 4s	*96⅝
Do general 4s	81¼
Hocking Valley 4½s	106
Japan 6s	98⅝
Japan 6s, 2d series	98⅝
Japan 4½s	91⅞
Japan 4½s, 2d series	91⅝
Japan 4s	84
Louisville and Nashville unified 4s	101
Manhattan consol. gold 4s	99½
Mexican Central 4s	81½
Do first income	22
Minneapolis and St. Louis 4s	87
Missouri, Kansas and Texas 4s	98
Do seconds	84
National Railway of Mexico consol. 4s	82
New York Central general 3½s	94
New Jersey Central general 5s	124⅝
Northern Pacific 4s	101¼
Do 3s	71¼
Norfolk and Western consol. 4s	98
Oregon Short Line refunding 4s	92¼
Pennsylvania convertible 3½s	94½
Reading general 4s	97¼
St. Louis and Iron Mountain consol. 5s	110
St. Louis and San Francisco fdg. 4s	81½
St. Louis Southwestern con. 4s	76
Seaboard Air Line 4s	*75
Southern Pacific 4s	89¾
Do first 4s, certificates	93¼
Southern Railway 5s	110¼
Texas and Pacific firsts	115½
Toledo, St. Louis and Western 4s	80
Union Pacific 4s	101⅝
United States Steel second 5s	97
Wabash firsts	*100¼
Do debenture Bs	67
Western Maryland 4s	76⅝
Wheeling and Lake Erie 4s	81¼
Wisconsin Central 4s	85

*Offered.

Treasury Statement.

Washington, May 7.—To-day's statement of the Treasury balances in the general fund, exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve, shows:

Available cash balance $254,713,454
Gold coin and bullion 99,680,745
Gold certificates 43,768,000

Board of Trade Statement.

London, May 7.—The April statement of the Board of Trade shows increases of $48,634,000 in imports and $36,923,000 in exports. The principal increases in imports were: Food, $8,750,000; raw materials, $32,500,000, of which $8,750,000 was cotton from the United States, and wools, $5,000,000. The principal increases in exports were manufactures of iron or steel, $5,000,000, and cotton textiles, $8,750,000.

FOREIGN FINANCIAL.

London, May 7.—The rates for money in the market to-day were extremely easy. Discounts were easy and weak. Trading on the Stock Exchange developed irregularly, with an easy tendency, and the unfavorable foreign exchanges had a dampening effect on the hopes of an early reduction of the Bank of England's

NEW YORK BOND SALES.

(Reported by John L. Dunlap.)

Am. H. and L. 6s.
$5,000 88
American Tobacco 4s.
$1,000 .... 73¼
$4,000 .... 73⅝
American Tobacco 6s.
$13,000 ....107¼
$1,000 ....106¾
Ann Arbor 4s.
$3,000 86
Atchison conv. 4s.
$27,000 99
$115,000 98
Atchison gen. 4s.
$7,000 .... 98⅜
$19,000 .... 98¼
B. and O. 3½s.
$1,000 .... 93¼
B. and O. 4s.
$3,000 ....100⅝
B. and O. S-W. 3½s.
$1,000 .... 89⅝
B. R. T. 4s.
$1,000 .... 84¼
$5,000 .... 83½
Buffalo Gas 5s.
$1,000 .... 67¼
Can. Southern 1st 5s.
$51,000 ....101⅜
Cen. Ga. 1st income.
$10,000 85
C. L. 20-year 5s.
$7,000 .... 96⅜
$1,000 .... 96½
C. and O. 4½s.
$3,000 102
$24,000 ....101⅜
C. and O. 5s.
$2,000 ....111¼
$1,000 ....111⅜
C., B. and Q. joint 4s.
$2,000 .... 95½
C., B. and Q. 2d 4s.
$5,000 ....102⅞
C. and E. I. 1st 5s.
$1,000 115
C., M. and St. P. 4s.
$4,000 104
C., R. I. and P. gen. 4s
$11,000 102
C., R. I. and P. 4s.
$1,000 .... 70¼
C. F. and I. gen. 5s.
$2,000 91
Col. and Southern 4s.
$5,000 .... 90⅜
$2,000 .... 90¼
Con. Gas conv. 6s.
$10,000 ....132¼
Cuban 5s.
$6,000 ....102½
D. and H. conv. 4s.
$5,000 101
$41,000 100
Detroit City Gas 5s.
$4,000 100
Dist. Securities 5s.
$3,000 .... 83⅞
Erie conv. 4s, series A.
$5,000 .... 80⅝
Erie gen. 4s.
$46,000 .... 81⅜
$3,000 .... 81¼
Hocking Valley 4½s.
$1,000 105
Int.-Met. col. tr. 4½s.
$8,000 79
$6,000 .... 78⅞
Internat'l Paper 6s.
$1,000 105
Japan 4s.
$7,000 84
Japan 4½s.
$30,000 92
$2,000 .... 91⅞
Japan 4½s, 2d series.
$4,000 .... 91⅜
$1,000 .... 91⅝
Japan 6s.
$2,000 .... 98½
$25,000 .... 98⅝
Japan 6s, 2d series.
$9,000 .... 98⅝
K. C., Ft. S. and M. 4s
$10,000 80
K. C. Southern 3s.
$1,000 70
$5,000 .... 69½
Lackawanna Steel 5s.
$1,000 .... 99⅝
Laclede Gas 5s.
$5,000 90
L. S. and M. S. deb. 4s.
$4,000 .... 93⅞
$1,000 94
Lexington Ave. and P. F. 1st 5s.
$2,000 110
Long Island ref. 4s.
$6,000 .... 96½
$7,000 97
L. and N. col. 4s.
$1,000 96
L. and N. unified 4s.
$5,000 101
Met. El. 1st 6s.
$10,000 103
Met. St. Ry. ref. 4s.
$3,000 80
Mexican Central 4s.
$25,000 .... 81½
M., K. and T. 4s.
$16,000 98
M., K. and T. 4½s.
$7,000 .... 96½
Mo. Pacific 5s, 1917.
$1,000 102
N. Y. C.-L. S. 3½s.
$3,000 84
N. and W. 4s.
$1,000 98
N. and W. Poca. 4s.
$6,000 89
N. P. gen. 3s.
$2,000 .... 71¼
N. P. prior lien 4s.
$2,000 ....101⅜
$2,000 ....101¼
O. S. L. ref. 4s.
$1,000 .... 92¼
$2,000 .... 92½
Penn. conv. 3½s.
$4,000 95
$4,000 .... 94½
Reading gen. 4s.
$10,000 .... 97⅛
$9,000 .... 97⅛
S. A. and A. P. 4s.
$1,000 86
St. L. and S. W. 4s.
$5,000 .... 81¼
$11,000 .... 81½
St. P. and Duluth 2d 5s
$2,000 ....106½
So. Pacific ref. 4s.
$5,000 .... 83¼
Third Avenue 4s.
$1,000 86
Union Pacific 4s.
$23,000 102
$4,000 ....101¾
U. S. Realty C. deb. 5s.
$5,000 84
U. S. Red. and Ref. 6s.
$5,000 96
U. S. Steel 5s.
$93,000 97
$22,000 .... 96⅞
U. S. 3s, coupon.
$2,000 ....102¼
U. S.-Mexico 4s.
$20,000 94
U. S.-Mexico 5s.
$1,000 .... 98⅜
Wabash ref. 4s ctfs
$5,000 .... 66⅝
$10,000 66
Wabash 2d 4s.
$2,000 .... 24⅜
Western Maryland 4s.
$2,000 .... 76⅝
Western Union 4½s.
$5,000 .... 96½
W. E. and M. cv. 5s.
$3,000 94
Wisconsin Central 4s.
$2,000 88

rate of discount, while the imminence of further loans helped in the depression. Consols declined on the cessation of the recent buying, but hardened near the close. Foreigners remained steady, especially Russians and Japanese, on the treaty negotiations. Japanese Imperial 6s of 1904 closed at 101¾. Americans started weak, owing to the disappointing New York advices of last night and the unfavorable crop news, but the lower level of prices attracted moderate buying and prices improved to over parity at about noon. Later the New York advices caused renewed selling and the market closed weak. Closing quotations: Consols for money 85 5-16; do for the account 85⅜; Anaconda 13; Atchison 97⅜; do preferred 99½; Baltimore and Ohio 102; Canadian Pacific 182¼; Chesapeake and Ohio 43; Chicago Great Western 12; Chicago, Milwaukee and St. Paul 143½; De Beers 26⅝; Denver and Rio Grande 29⅝; do preferred 77½; Erie 25; do first preferred 57½; do second preferred 41; Illinois Central 151; Louisville and Nashville 122; Missouri, Kansas and Texas 37¼; New York Central 119½; Norfolk and Western 80; do preferred 86; Ontario and Western 39; Pennsylvania 65½; Rand Mines 6¼; Reading 58; Southern Railway 22⅜; do preferred 68½; Southern Pacific 86⅜; Union Pacific 150½; do preferred 95; United States Steel 38¼; do preferred 105; Wabash 14½; do preferred 27; Spanish fours 95⅝; Grand Trunk 81½. Bar silver dull at 30⅛d per ounce. Money 1¾@2 per cent. The rate of discount in the open market for short bills is 3@3 1-16 per cent.; do three months' bills 3 1-16@3⅛ per cent. Bullion amounting to £45,000 was taken into the Bank of England to-day and £32,000 was withdrawn for shipment to France.

Paris, May 7.—There was a pronounced weakness of prices, led by Rio Tinto, on the Bourse to-day. Spaniards were weak on a report that King Alfonso was ill. Russian Imperial 4s closed at 75.05 and Russian bonds of 1904 at 500. Three per cent. rentes 95f 17½c for checks. Exchange on London 25f 20c for checks.

Berlin, May 7.—Prices on the Boerse to-day were weak. Americans were depressed upon the New York advices. Exchange on London 20 marks 46 pfgs. for checks. Discount rates: Short bills 4⅜ per cent.; three months' bills 4¼ per cent.

MOVEMENT LEADING ARTICLES

Louisville Board of Trade, May 7, 1907.—Movement of leading articles by rail and river during the past twenty-four hours and corresponding time last year:

ARTICLES.	Rec'd 1907.	Ship'd 1907.	Rec'd 1906.	Ship'd 1906.
Ag'l impl'ts, lbs.	29,000	130,050	110,735	193,565
Bagging, lbs.	1,510	420	....	515
Boots and shoes, cases	420	383	842	413
Coffee, lbs.	79,535	38,770	7,495	36,630
Cotton, bales	29	2	....	....
Flour, bbls.	1,241	4,608	650	2,918
Furniture, lbs.	11,020	109,995	22,960	205,250
Barley, bush.	1,500	....	1,200	....
Corn, bush.	27,000	46,150	30,100	20,500
Malt, bush.	1,600	1,925	20	900
Oats, bush.	14,300	8,770	11,900	25,525
Rye, bush.	....	2,000	1,400	....
Wheat, bush.	1,900	2,500	3,100	4,300
Hardware, pkgs.	1,420	6,703	372	8,872
Hay, tons	194	20	114	47
Bacon, lbs.	209,645	113,210	61,875	143,010
Hams, lbs.	....	4,400	27,000	2,150
Lard, lbs.	3,000	94,910	....	62,355
Pig iron, tons	427	....	527	25
Leather, lbs.	....	19,863	552	11,452
Nails, kegs	430	527	410	480
Apples, gr., bbls.	....	39	....	....
Onions, bbls.	....	37	....	....
Potatoes, bbls.	2,730	726	3	407
Seed, grass and clover, lbs.	1,600	50,385	84,275	3,065
Soap, lbs.	1,290	98,500	....	72,245
Sugar, bbls.	200	563	100	285
Tobacco, leaf, hds.	294	332	172	319
Tobacco, mfd., lbs	560	270,430	240	211,445
Whisky, bbls.	600	1,823	491	2,054
Wool, lbs.	7,085	....	6,530	20,560

LOCAL MARKETS.

(Unless otherwise specified, as in the case of produce, etc., handled by commission men or brokers without charge, these quotations represent the prices charged by wholesale dealers of this city. Produce quotations represent the prices charged by shippers.)

CEMENT, LIME AND PLASTER—Portland cement $1.80@3.50 per bbl.; Louisville cement 75@85c per bbl.; lime 85c per bbl.; plaster Paris $1.55@2 per bbl.

CHEESE—New York cheddars 17c; Western cheddars 16c; full cream flats and twins 16½c; full cream dairies 17c; full cream long horns 17c; daisies 18c.

COFFEE—Washed Guatemala 13½@14½c; Maracaibo 11½@13½c; Laguayra 11½@12½c; Mocha 20@24c; Java 25½@26c. Green Rios: Fancy 13½c; choice 12½c; prime 12c; good 11½c; roasting grades 11½@13c; Santos 11½@15½c.

DRIED APPLES AND PEACHES—Kentucky and Indiana sun-dried apples (quarters) 7½c; dark and wet 5c; sun-dried peaches (halves) 8c.

FEATHERS—Prime white goose 51@53c per lb.; gray 45@47c; No. 1 old 40@43c; No. 2 old 30@35c; dark and mixed old goose 15@35c; white duck 38@40c; old and mixed dark 25@30c.

FIELD SEED—Selling price from store: Choice timothy $1.90@2.10 per bu.; clover $8@8.30 per bu.; orchard $1.25@1.40; bluegrass, fancy $1.85@1.90; red top, fancy $8.50@8.75; English bluegrass $1.60; Tennessee millet $1.15; home millet $1; rape 6½c per lb.

FLOUR—Jobbing trade quotations are as follows: Minnesota spring patents $4.50@4.75 per bbl.; plain patents $4.50; straights $4.50; family $4.50; low grades $4; winter patents $4.50@5; winter straights $4.25@4.50; low grades $3.75@4; bolted meal $1.25 per 100 lbs.

FOREIGN AND PACIFIC DRIED FRUITS—Currants, per lb. 10@11c; raisins, London layers, per box $1.85; Sultana raisins 12@13c per lb.; loose muscatels, in 50-lb. boxes 9@9½c; prunes, California new 5½@9c; peaches 14c; pears 10@11c; figs, in layers 12@14c, in bags 7c per lb.; apricots 17c; Persian dates 5½c; Fard dates 8@9c; evaporated apples 7½@8½c.

HAY—These quotations are for hay in car lots on track: Choice $21.50; clover hay $19; wheat straw $7@7.50; timothy, No. 1 $21; No. 2 $20. This is for baled hay; hay from store $1.50 per ton higher.

HIDES AND SKINS—These quotations are for Kentucky hides; Southern green hides 1@1¼c lower. We quote assorted lots: No. 1 dry flint hides 22c; No. 2 dry flint 20½c; No. 1 dry salted 20c; No. 2 dry salted 18c; dry kip and calf under 10 lbs. 19@21c; No. 1 G salt hides 10½c; No. 2 G salt hides 9½c; G S kip and calf under 15 lbs. 9½c; uncured stock ½@1c less; No. 1 horse G salted $3.75; No. 2 horse G salted $2.75; sheep wool skins 90c@$1.25; lambskins 40@50c; shearings, G salted 20@35c; shearings, dry 10@20c; goat skins 25@35c.

MILL OFFAL—In car lots: Bran $22.50; shorts $22.50. Prices are $1.50 per ton higher in bags.

MOLASSES AND SYRUPS—Caramels 26c per gallon; New Orleans molasses, open kettle 65c; centrifugals 24@30c; sorghum 37c.

NUTS—Dealers' prices are as follows: Almonds 18c per lb.; filberts 12½c; California walnuts 12@15c; French walnuts 13½c; peanuts, fancy Virginia 8c; choice Virginia 6c; Texas pecans 15@18c; home-grown pecans 12c; cocoanuts $4.50 per 100; mixed nuts 15c per lb.; Brazil nuts 15½c; chestnuts 7@7½c.

OILS—Castor, No. 1 $1.04 per gallon; No. 2 88c; linseed 42c for raw and 43c for boiled, 1c less in 5-bbl. lots; lard oil, winter strained 71c; extra No. 1 63c; No. 1 56c; No. 2 54c; gasoline, 87 degrees 23½c; stove gasoline 18½c; benzine, 63 degrees 16c; straits oil 33c; black oil 9@13c; golden machinery 12c; extra golden lubricator 23c; Corliss cylinder 35c; cotton-seed oil, refined 58c per gallon; Peerless pastry oil 60c; coal oil, Kentucky test 10½c; Indiana 10½c; water white, 150 degrees 12½c; headlight, 175 test 12½c; turpentine 70c; wood alcohol 40c; denatured alcohol 36c in bbls. and 40c in half bbls.

PAINTS AND COLORS—Strictly pure white lead 7½c per lb.; red 7¾c, less 2 per cent. discount for cash. Colors—Venetian red 1@1½c; yellow ochre ¾c.

RICE—Louisiana, broken 4c per lb.; fancy 7c; Japan 5½c; Carolina head 6½c; fancy Patna 6¼c.

ROOTS—Clean ginseng, Kentucky $6@6.25 per lb.; Indiana $6@6.50; Southern ginseng $6@6.25; "Golden Seal" yellow root $1.20; May-apple 2¾c; blood root 5c; Virginia snake root 40c; Seneca snake root 35c; pink root 30@35c; lady slipper 5c. Dealers do not want ginseng split or unstrung and washed before dried.

SALT—Delivered in dray-load lots: 7-bu. bbl. $1.22@1.37; 5-bu. bbl. 98c@$1.10; dairy salt $1.25@1.95 per bbl.; freezing salt in 200-lb. sacks 70c per sack.

TALLOW—No. 1 5½c; No. 2 4½c.

WINDOW GLASS—Discounts are now as follows from list October 1, 1905: Single 90 and 10 per cent.; double 90 and 15 per cent.

WOOL—Quotations are for Kentucky and Indiana wools. Southern wool quotations are from 1c to 2c per lb. lower on grease wool: Burry 15@20c; clear grease 27@28c; medium tub-washed 36@37c; coarse, dingy tub-washed 32@34c; black wool 25c.

REFINED SUGAR PRICES.

The following prices on refined sugars to retail merchants are believed to approximate a fair price in the Louisville market:

Eagle tablets	7.10	No. 3	4.80
Crystal dominoes	7.60	No. 6	4.60
Cut loaf	6.10	No. 7	4.50
Cubes	5.40	No. 8	4.45
XXXX powdered	5.35	No. 9	4.40
Powdered	5.25	No. 12	4.35
Stand. gran. bbls.	5.00	No. 13	4.30
Stand. gran. 2-lb.	5.25	No. 14	4.25

GRAIN.

WHEAT—	
No. 2 red and longberry	$0 80
No. 3 red and longberry	78
Rejected 2@8c less; on levee 1½c less.	
CORN—	
New No. 3 white	56
New No. 3 mixed	55
OATS—	
No. 3 white	46¼
No. 2 mixed	45½
RYE—	
No. 2 Northwestern	78
No. 2 Western	77

The prices for wheat are those paid by dealers; the quotations for corn, oats and rye are selling prices.

PROVISIONS.

HAMS—Choice sugar-cured, light and special cure 14¾c; heavy to medium 14¼@14½c.

BACON—Clear rib sides 11¾c; regular clear sides 11½c; breakfast bacon 17c; sugar-cured shoulders 10¾c; bacon, extra 11¾c; bellies, light 12¼c; heavy 12½c.

LARD—Prime steam in tierces 8⅝c; pure in tierces 10¾c, in tubs 10½c; pure leaf lard in tierces 11½c, in tubs 12c, in firkins 12c.

DRIED BEEF—12c.

IRON AND HARDWARE.

IRON BARS—$2 for base.

TOOL STEEL—9c per lb. for base.

SOFT STEEL—$1.90 for base.

STEEL ROOFING—Corrugated $2.35; V-crimped $2.40 per square.

BLACK SHEETS—No. 10 $2.40; No. 12 $2.45; No. 14 $2.50; No. 16 $2.60; Nos. 18 and 20 $3; Nos. 22 and 24 $3.05; No. 26 $3; No. 28 $3.15 per 100 lbs.

GALVANIZED SHEETS—60, 10 and 5 per cent. discount.

CUT STEEL NAILS—$2.15 base.

WIRE NAILS—$2.20 base.

PLAIN BLACK WIRE—$2 for No. 9 per 100 lbs.

GALVANIZED WIRE—$2.60 for No. 9 per 100 lbs.

BARBED WIRE—Painted $2.30; galvanized $2.60 per 100 lbs.

HORSE SHOES—No. 2 and larger, Juniata $3.95 base; Perkins $4.04½ base; Burden $4 per keg.

HARROW TEETH—$2.65 per 100 lbs.

MACHINE BOLTS—Small sizes 70 per cent. discount.

CARRIAGE BOLTS—Large sizes 60 per cent. discount.

COTTON.

Middling 11c; strict middling 11¼c.

PRODUCE AND FRUITS.

These prices are wholesale:

BUTTER—Packing 15@16c lb.; good country roll 17@18c; Elgin 29c in 60-lb. tubs, 29½c in 30-lb. tubs; Elgin lb. prints 30c; renovated 26c in 60-lb. tubs, 27c in 30-lb. tubs, 26½c in prints.

POULTRY—Hens 10@10½c per lb.; roosters 5½c; young chickens $3@5 per dozen; ducks 10c per lb.; turkeys 9@12c; geese 5c.

EGGS—14@14½c, case count; rehandled 15c.

FRUIT—Baldwin apples $6 bl.; Ben Davis apples $6 per barrel; California navel oranges $2.75@4.00 per box; Messina lemons $4.50@5 per box; fancy red Spanish pineapples $2.50@4 per crate; bananas, fancy, 9 to 10 hands, in lots, bunch $1.75@2.25; fancy, 8 hands, in lots, per bunch, $1.50; fancy 4-bunch case, per case $8; fancy, 2-bunch ¼ case, per case $4.00; fancy, 5 to 6-bunch case, per case $8; fancy, 3-bunch to ¼ case, per case $4; extra large Jumbo, per bunch $2.25@2.50.

VEGETABLES—New Texas onions $2.00 per crate; Northern red and yellow onions $1.25 per bushel; Southern parsley 50c per doz.; Southern radishes 60c per doz. bunches; Southern new cabbage $2.75 per crate; green beans $3 per bu. hamper; new potatoes $3@3.25 per crate; green peppers $3 per crate; Florida tomatoes $3.00@3.25 per crate; home-grown potatoes $2@2.25 per bbl.; Northern potatoes 80c per bushel new potatoes $7.00 per barrel; cucumbers $1.25 per dozen; red peppers 50c per dozen strings; Southern turnips 60c per dozen bunches; Southern beets 50c per dozen bunches; home-grown kale 50@60c per bbl.; home-grown spinach $1.75 per bbl.; Florida strawberries $1.25 per gallon; Alabama strawberries $3.00@3.50 per 6-gal. crate; Tennessee strawberries $3@3.50 per 6-gal. crate.

LEAF TOBACCO.

Tuesday Evening, May 7.—No sales of leaf tobacco were held on the local auction breaks to-day. Unsold stocks are very low and receipts are very light. It will be two or three weeks before summer-keeping tobaccos begin to move, and until they do the promise is for very light offerings.

Cincinnati Market.

Cincinnati, May 7.—(Special.)—The tobacco market was quiet to-day and offerings were taken at the previous figures. Total offerings 34 hhds. New—10: 4 at $8.05@9.20; 2 at $10.25 and $10.75; 2 at $12.50 and $13. Old—24: 1 at $7.50; 1 at $9.15; 10 at $10@11.75; 12 at $12@14.75.

Receipts, Deliveries and Stocks.

The inactivity of the Western markets during April is best attested by the figures here presented, which show that the total receipts for the month reached only 9,825 hogsheads in all the Western markets, as compared with receipts in the same markets during April, 1906, of 20,738 hogsheads, or a decrease of more than 50 per cent. In deliveries the Western markets show 19,712 hogsheads shipped last month, as against 25,610 hogsheads delivered the corresponding month last year. A comparison of the figures representing the stocks on hand May 1, 1907, and May 1, 1906, reveals an increase this year of 7,619 hogsheads, or about 27 per cent. Comparison of receipts, deliveries and stocks in the Western and seaboard tobacco markets of the United States, as compiled by the Western Tobacco Journal, follow:

WESTERN MARKETS.

	Receipts April.	Deliveries April.	Stocks May 1.
Cincinnati	959	3,856	8,110
Louisville	4,810	11,490	17,765
Clarksville	1,372	1,349	4,567
Hopkinsville	695	597	3,203
Paducah	1,250	977	1,591
Mayfield	739	1,443	505
Totals	9,825	19,712	35,741
SEABOARD MARKETS.			
New York	*	*	*
Baltimore	723	1,164	2,579
Richmond	2,099	1,426	12,198
Seaboard markets	2,822	2,590	14,777
Totals U. S.	12,647	22,302	50,518

*Not reported.

Receipts and Stocks.

WESTERN MARKETS.

	Receipts From Jan. 1 to May 1. 1907.	1906.	Stock May 1. 1907.	1906.
Cincinnati	14,040	27,273	8,110	6,761
Louisville	47,509	57,962	17,765	13,981
Clarksville	5,135	3,189	4,567	2,677
Hopkinsville	3,105	3,530	3,203	2,956
Paducah	3,220	1,948	1,591	1,011
Mayfield	3,533	422	505	836
Nashville	.....	.....	.....	.....
Totals	76,641	93,874	35,741	28,122
SEABOARD MARKETS.	1907.	1906.	1907.	1906.
New York	*1,614	2,241	*.....	2,702
Baltimore	2,215	2,719	2,579	2,267
Richmond	6,191	8,700	12,198	14,727
Totals	10,020	13,660	14,777	19,696
Totals U. S.	86,661	107,534	50,518	47,818

*Not reported for April.

Tobacco Manufactures Show Healthy Growth.

With the single exception of snuff all lines of tobacco manufactures show very substantial gains in production during March, 1907, as compared with the corresponding month of 1906, according to the Western Tobacco Journal. The warm, spring-like weather that prevailed all during the month of March perhaps had something to do with the increased trade as experienced by cigar and tobacco factories in the various great producing centers, but the gains made are probably due more to the substantial growth of an ever increasing business. The internal revenue collections from all sources during the month of March amounted to $4,429,607.69, as compared with $4,204,988.23 collected during the corresponding month in 1906. This is an increase of $224,619.46, or 5 per cent.

THE MONTH OF MARCH.

	March, 1907.	Feb., 1907.	March, 1906.
Tobacco, lbs.	32,746,574	29,789,072	32,111,574
Cigars, No.	600,110,307	547,698,393	593,041,649
Small cigars	112,414,408	90,847,611	85,913,000
Small Cigarettes—			
At $1.08	388,169,250	412,976,102	253,975,972
At 54c	81,986,814	53,303,926	57,530,111
Totals	470,156,064	466,280,028	311,506,083
L'ge cig'ettes	1,215,540	1,152,530	769,770
Totals	471,371,604	467,432,558	312,275,853
Snuff, lbs.	2,277,270	2,004,681	2,418,448

The expired three-quarters of the fiscal year reveal very satisfactory growth in all lines of tobacco manufacture. Manufactured tobacco has made the least progress of all, while the output of small cigars and cigarettes, especially the latter, has had very marked increase. The gains in the various lines for the nine months of the fiscal year are as follows: Tobacco, 3 per cent.; cigars, 5 per cent.; small cigars, 26 per cent.; cigarettes, 34 per cent.; snuff, 4 per cent.

NINE MONTHS OF FISCAL YEAR.

	1906-1907.	1905-1906.	Increase.
Tobac., lbs.	275,892,475	267,049,877	8,842,598
Cigars, No.	5,635,294,090	5,380,589,879	254,704,211
Sm'l cig'rs	822,458,962	653,862,798	168,596,164
Small Cigarettes—			
At $1.08	3,259,888,478	2,381,775,766	878,112,712
At 54c	604,553,979	498,523,127	106,030,852
Totals	3,864,442,457	2,880,298,893	984,143,564
L'ge cig'ts	10,426,350	6,524,828	3,901,522
Tot. cig'ts	3,874,868,807	2,886,823,721	988,045,086
Snuff, lbs.	17,639,345	16,916,403	722,942

The first quarter of the calendar year reveals gains in all lines over the first quarter of 1906, with the single exception of snuff, which has suffered a setback. In all other lines the ratio of increase corresponds almost uniformly with the records for the nine months of the fiscal year. The gains in the various manufactures are, respectively: Tobacco, 3 per cent.; cigars, 4 per cent.; small cigars, 30 per cent.; cigarettes, 44 per cent.; snuff lost 4 per cent.

THREE MONTHS OF CALENDAR YEAR.

	1907.	1906.	Increase.
Tobac., lbs.	94,738,428	91,943,609	2,794,819
Cigars, No.	1,747,766,393	1,691,748,881	56,017,452
Sm'l cig'rs	300,017,519	239,315,500	60,702,019
Small Cigarettes—			
At $1.08	1,185,631,555	797,753,091	387,878,464
At 54c	207,478,740	171,938,388	35,540,352
Totals	1,393,110,295	969,691,479	423,418,816
L'ge cig'ts	3,663,010	2,310,980	1,352,030
Tot. cig'ts	1,396,773,305	972,002,459	424,770,846
Snuff, lbs.	6,302,300	6,531,879	*229,579

*Decrease.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Louisville.

(Reported by the Louisville Live Stock Exchange, Bourbon Stock Yards.)

Louisville, May 7.—Cattle—Receipts to-day were 61 head; for the two days this week 1,896. The attendance of buyers was comparatively light and the general tone of the market was rather quiet throughout the day; however, with no material change as to values. Desirable butcher cattle proved to be ready sellers and steady prices maintained with but little effort on the part of the salesmen; the medium and common kinds a trifle slow. Fair inquiry for best feeders and stockers; others somewhat dull. Bulls and canners unchanged. Good to choice milch cows likewise steady; also feeling as regards heavy shippers. Pens well cleared and the trade closed steady as to the best.

Calves—Receipts of calves to-day 91 head; for the week so far 237. The market was mostly unchanged; bulk of best $5.25@5.75; common calves slow sale.

Hogs—Receipts of hogs to-day were light, only 960 head; for the week so far 4,655. The trade was extremely slow in developing, demand being very limited. We quote best, 160 pounds and up, $6.45; 100 to 160 pounds $6.35@6.45; 100 pounds and down $6; roughs $5.90. Pens were well cleared and the general tone was regarded as steady at the close.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts of sheep and lambs light to-day; for the week thus far 545 head. The run being light, hardly enough on sale to make a market, but the general feeling considered fully steady. A good, active demand continues for good, fat sheep; others quite dull. Fair request for choice spring lambs. No inquiry for stock sheep.

Quotations.

CATTLE.	
Light shipping steers	4 50@ 5 00
Choice butcher steers	4 50@ 5 00
Fair to good butcher steers	4 00@ 4 50
Common to medium butcher steers	3 25@ 4 00
Choice butcher heifers	4 25@ 4 75
Fair to good butcher heifers	3 50@ 4 00
Common to medium butcher heifers	3 00@ 3 50
Choice butcher cows	3 50@ 4 25
Fair to good butcher cows	3 00@ 3 50
Common to medium butcher cows	2 50@ 3 00
Canners	1 00@ 2 25
Choice feeders	4 50@ 4 75
Medium to good feeders	4 00@ 4 50
Common and rough feeders	3 25@ 3 75
Good to extra stock steers	4 00@ 4 40
Fair to good stock steers	3 25@ 3 75
Common to medium stock steers	2 75@ 3 25
Good to extra stock heifers	3 25@ 3 50
Common to medium stock heifers	2 75@ 3 25
Good to extra oxen	4 00@ 4 50
Common to medium oxen	3 00@ 4 00
Good to extra bulls	3 50@ 4 00
Fair to good bulls	2 25@ 3 25
Choice veal calves	5 25@ 5 75
Common to medium veal calves	4 50@ 5 50
Coarse, heavy calves	2 50@ 4 00
Choice milch cows	35 00@40 00
Medium to good milch cows	25 00@30 00
Plain, common milch cows	15 00@20 00
HOGS.	
Choice pack. & butch., 200 to 300 lbs.	6 45
Medium packers, 160 to 200 lbs.	6 45
Light shippers, 120 to 160 lbs.	6 35@ 6 45
Choice pigs, 90 to 120 lbs.	6 00@ 6 45
Light pigs, 50 to 90 lbs.	5 50@ 6 00
Roughs, 150 to 400 lbs.	3 50@ 5 90
SHEEP AND LAMBS.	
Good to choice fat sheep	5 25@ 5 50
Fair to good sheep	4 00@ 4 50
Common sheep	2 50@ 3 20
Bucks	2 50@ 4 00
Choice spring lambs	8 00@ 9 00
Good butcher lambs	7 00@ 8 00
Culls and tail-ends	5 00@ 7 00

(Reported by the Central Live Stock Exchange, Central Stock Yards.)

Louisville, May 7.—Cattle—Receipts light. Market active on all kinds of butcher stuff, especially so on the handy-weight heifers. The stocker and feeder trade is quiet and unchanged. The bull, canner and milch cow trade is very active. No heavy shipping cattle here; feeling steady on this kind.

Calves—Receipts heavy. Market a shade higher, best selling at $5@5.75; common kinds $[illegible]4.50.

Hogs—Receipts moderate. Market steady on early sales, 100 lbs. and up selling at $6.45; 100 lbs. and down $6; roughs $6 down. Market closed about steady.

Sheep and Lambs—Receipts light. Market unchanged; best fat sheep $4.50@5.50; best spring lambs $7@9; common stuff hard to disposed of.

New York.

New York, May 7.—Beeves—Receipts 2,213; no trading; feeling weak; dressed beef slow at 7½@9c per pound; exports to-day 920 cattle, 510 sheep and 3,850 quarters of beef; estimated for to-morrow 6,600 quarters of beef. Calves—Receipts none and nothing doing; feeling nominally steady; city dressed veals slow at 8@11½c per pound; country dressed higher, for prime carcasses at 6@10c. Sheep and Lambs—Receipts 4,180; half a car Southern spring lambs on sale; market full, steady; spring lambs sold at $5.85 per head; dressed muttons steady at 9@11½c per pound; dressed lambs firm at 12½@14½c; city dressed spring lambs steady at $4@7 per carcass; country dressed at $8@7. Hogs—Receipts 1,963; none for sale; feeling nominally weak to 10c lower.

Kansas City.

Kansas City, May 7.—Cattle—Receipts 8,000, including 400 Southerns; market steady to 10c higher; choice export and dressed beef steers $5.50@6.20; fair to good $4.60@5.50; Western-fed steers $4.25@5.50; stockers and feeders $4@5.10; Southern steers $4.10@5.50; Southern cows $3@4.35; native cows $3@4.75; native heifers $3.80@5.50; bulls $3.50@4.60; calves $3.50@5.50. Hogs—Receipts 13,000; market 2½@5c higher; top $6.45; bulk of sales $6.35@6.40; heavy $6.27½@6.35; packers $6.35@6.40; light $6.40@6.45; pigs $5.25. Sheep—Receipts 6,500; market steady; lambs $7@8.50; range wethers $5.50@6.60; Western-fed yearlings $6.25@7; Western-fed sheep $5.25@6; stockers and feeders $4@6.

Chicago.

Chicago, May 7.—Cattle—Receipts about 3,500; market steady; common to prime steers $4@6.40; cows $3.25@5; heifers $3@6.50; bulls $3.40@4.60; calves $2.75@5.75; stockers and feeders $3@5.25. Hogs—Receipts about 15,000; market light, strong; others steady; choice to prime heavy $6.42½@6.45; medium to good heavy $6.40@6.42½; butcher weights $6.42½@6.47½; good to prime mixed $6.40@6.42½; packing $6.20@6.40; pigs $5.50@6.40; bulk of sales $6.42½@6.47½. Sheep—Receipts about 13,000; market steady; sheep $4.25@6.10; yearlings $6@6.85; lambs $5.50@8.75.

Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, May 7.—Hogs—Market active; butchers and shippers $6.57½@6.60; common $5.25@6.40. Cattle—Market steady; fair to good shippers $4.75@5.75; common $2.50@3.25. Sheep—Market steady at $3.75@4.85. Lambs—Market steady at $5@7.15.

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COTTON MARKETS.

New York, May 7.—The cotton market was quite active again to-day, sales being estimated at 300,000 bales. Prices made a new high record for the bull movement in the early session, but eased off later and ruled irregular in the last hour, with the close steady at a decline of 4 points to an advance of 5 points. The opening was steady at an advance of 4 to 9 points, with covering active and some buying for fresh account on the higher cables and reports of too much rain in the South. Private cables from Liverpool report that spinners were unwilling to follow the advance and smaller English spot sales promoted some realizing, and a little selling for a turn at the advance, but expectations of a bullish weekly bureau sustained prices pretty well until midday, when offerings increased. The forecast for warmer weather in the South and a rather less bullish weekly report than looked for were selling motives later, but after easing off to a net decline of about one to four points, the near months were steadied by a renewal of bull support, and rumors regarding a possible corner in the July option which closed about five points up from the lowest. Southern spot markets were unchanged to ⅛c higher. Private reports of crop damage continued very numerous, but some wires expressed the opinion that damage reports are exaggerated, and this helped weaken the new crop positions during the afternoon.

Estimated receipts at the ports to-day 12,000 bales, against 22,500 last week and 14,504 last year; for the week 55,000 bales, against 72,826 last week and 68,347 last year; to-day's receipts at New Orleans 1,487 bales, against 2,567 last year, and at Houston 4,972, against 4,006 last year.

Spot cotton opened quiet; middling uplands 11.70c; do gulf 11.95c. Closed steady and 5 points higher; middling uplands 11.75c; do gulf 12c. No sales.

Futures closed steady. Prices ranged as follows:

MONTH.	Opening.	High.	Low.	Clos'g.
May	10.62	10.63	10.51	10.51
June	10.52	10.58	10.52	10.52
July	10.55	10.57	10.45	10.50
August	10.43	10.43	10.36	10.38
September	10.43	10.43	10.36	10.36
October	10.62	10.63	10.53	10.54
November	10.63	10.59	10.59	10.56
December	10.68	10.68	10.59	10.59
January	10.82	10.84	10.75	10.75
February	.....	.....	.....	10.77
March	10.91	10.92	10.84	10.85

New Orleans, March 7.—Spot cotton closed steady and unchanged. Sales were 1,175 bales on the spot and 175 to arrive. Quotations: Low ordinary 6⅞c, nominal; ordinary 7⅞c, nominal; good ordinary 9 3-16c, nominal; low middling 10⅜c; middling 11⅝c; good middling 12⅛c; middling fair 13⅛c; fair 14⅛c, nominal. Receipts 1,487 bales; stock 149,333.

Futures opened steady at an advance of from 3 to 7 points above the close yesterday on the strength of favorable advices from Liverpool. The posting of the Government weekly weather report caused the market to sell off 4 or 5 points, May being the only active month to maintain its advance over yesterday's close. The close to-day was steady, prices ranging from unchanged to 6 points below the close yesterday. The range for the day was as follows:

MONTH.	Opening.	High.	Low.	Clos'g.
January	10.93	10.95	10.84	10.85
May	11.25	11.35	11.20	11.25
June	.....	11.40	11.30	11.32
July	11.66	11.69	11.53	11.54
August	11.36	11.36	11.23	11.31
September	.....	11.23	11.10	11.12
October	10.94	10.96	10.83	10.83
November	.....	10.90	10.82	10.82
December	10.90	10.94	10.80	10.81

Liverpool, May 7.—Spot cotton quiet; prices 4 points higher; American middling fair 7.83d; good middling 7.29d; middling 6.75d; low middling 6.41d; good ordinary 5.75d; ordinary 5.37d. The sales of the day were 6,000 bales, of which 500 were for speculation and export and included 5,500 American; receipts 17,000 bales, including 7,900 American. Futures opened firm and closed steady.

Galveston, May 7.—Cotton firm; middling 12c; net and gross receipts 7,571 bales; sales 805; stock 127,018; shipments coastwise 259.

Savannah, May 7.—Cotton steady; middling 11¼c; net and gross receipts 1,624 bales; sales 562; stock 58,154; shipments coastwise 1,089.

Memphis, May 7.—Cotton steady; middling 11¾c; net receipts 363; gross receipts 670; shipments 3,227; sales 2,200; stock 134,227.

St. Louis, May 7.—Cotton steady; middling 11½c; net receipts 320; gross receipts 820; shipments 937; sales 290; stock 37,747.

Boston, May 7.—Cotton steady; middling 11.75c; net receipts 45 bales; gross receipts 68.

COTTON COMMENT.

New York.—The market has had a good advance and the sentiment is extremely bullish, but the weak short interest has been eliminated and would advise profit-taking and await some reaction.—(Dick Bros. & Co.

We can see nothing ahead just now but bull conditions. Improvements in the crop will be slow.—(J. S. Bache & Co to Washington Flexner & Co.

The bulls are talking 11c for July this week. It will take cold rainy weather to do it. We advise caution, not to get overloaded, watching the hard and soft spots on which to operate.—(A. O. Brown & Co. to Hunt, Bridgeford & Co.

We think cotton a purchase on every setback.—(Hubbard Bros. & Co. to E. E. Paine & Co.

Fourteen new cotton mills, with 424,000 spindles and 7,750 looms, have been started in New Bedford the past year, and several will be added this summer.

We still advise the purchase of cotton on any dull recessions.—(Carpenter, Baggot & Co.

We are strongly in favor of buying the fall and winter months.—(Edw. Moyse & Co.

We think cotton a purchase on every setback.—(Fortson & Garrett.

CHICAGO GRAIN.

Chicago, May 7.—Improved weather conditions both in the Northwest and Southwest caused heavy selling in the local wheat market to-day and produced an easy tone at the close, the July delivery being off ⅛c. Corn was down ⅝@½c. Oats were a shade higher. Provisions were 7½@12½c lower.

Trading in the wheat pit was active all day and prices fluctuated nervously within wide range. Sentiment at the opening was bearish because of reports of additional rains in Kansas and Nebraska and predictions of warmer weather for the Northwest. Crop damage reports, however, were numerous and before the end of the first hour July advanced to 86c, a new high record mark for the season. Higher prices at all European grain centers strengthened the demand. The sharp upturn brought out liberal selling by local and outside holders which soon forced prices down. During the remainder of the day the market was easily affected in either direction, but within the last half hour bearish sentiment seemed to predominate and the market closed rather weak. July opened ⅛c higher to ⅛c lower at 85¼@85½c, sold off to 84⅞c and then advanced to 86c. Final quotations were at 85⅝c. Clearances of wheat and flour were equal to 340,000 bushels. The world's visible supply, as shown by Bradstreet's, increased 400,000 bushels. Primary receipts were 651,000 bushels against 266,000 bushels for the same day last year. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 592 cars against 575 cars last week and 181 cars one year ago.

Warmer weather in the corn belt had a depressing effect on the corn market. Longs were the best sellers and cash interests took the greater part of the offerings. Increased receipts and the easier tone of wheat were minor bearish influences. The market closed weak with prices at the lowest point. July corn opened unchanged to ⅛c lower at 49⅝@49¾c, sold up to 50c and then declined to 49⅝@49½c. Local receipts were 480 cars, with 76 of contract grade.

Oats were inclined to be firm, but prices moved within a narrow range. Despite the more favorable weather for the crop commission houses were active bidders in the belief that the local receipts will be small for the next six weeks. July oats opened unchanged to ⅛c higher at 43@43⅛c, sold between 42⅞@43c and 43⅜c and closed at 43@43⅛c. Local receipts were 488 cars.

Trading in provisions was quiet and the market easy. Offerings were fair, but demand was light. At the close July pork was off 12½c at $16.21½. Lard was down 7½c at $8.95. Ribs were 7½c lower at $8.82½.

Estimated receipts for to-morrow are: Wheat 15 cars; corn 185; oats 164; hogs 29,000 head.

The leading futures ranged as follows:

Articles.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
*WHEAT—				
May	$0 82⅝	$0 83⅜	$0 82⅝	$0 82⅝
July	85⅛	86	84⅞	85⅝
Sept.	86⅞	87⅜	86⅜	86½
Dec.	88⅛	88⅝	87⅝	88
*CORN—				
May	49⅝	49⅝	48⅞	48⅞
July	49⅝	50	49⅝	49⅝
Sept.	50	50¼	49⅞	49⅞
*OATS—				
May	44⅛	44⅝	44¼	44½
July	43⅛	43⅜	42⅞	43
Sept.	36¼	36⅝	36⅛	36⅛
PORK—				
May	16 00	16 00	15 90	15 90
July	16 25	16 25	16 12½	16 12½
Sept.	16 20	16 20	16 20	16 20
LARD—				
May	8 90	8 90	8 80	8 80
July	9 05	9 05	8 95	8 95
Sept.	9 15	9 15	9 07½	9 07½
RIBS—				
May	8 75	8 75	8 67½	8 67½
July	8 90	8 92½	8 82½	8 82½
Sept.	9 00	9 00	8 92½	8 92½

*For the splits on wheat, corn and oats see introduction.

Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour—Winter patents $3.25@3.55; straights $3.05@3.40; spring patents $3.55@3.65; straights $3.15@3.45; bakers' $3.15@3.95. Market firm.

Grain—No. 2 spring wheat 86@89c; No. 3 do 77@88c; No. 2 red 82⅝@83⅝c; No. 2 corn 49⅝c; No. 2 yellow do 50¼c; No. 2 oats 44½c; No. 2 white do 45½@46c; No. 3 white do 41@44½c; No. 2 rye 72c; fair to choice malting barley 73@75½c; No. 1 flax seed $1.18½; No. 1 Northwestern do $1.25½; prime timothy seed $4.30; clover, contract grades $15.25.

Provisions—Short ribs sides, loose $8.50@8.65; mess pork $15.90@16 per bbl.; lard $8.80 per 100 lbs.; short clear sides, boxed $8.87½@9.25.

Whisky—Basis of high wines, $1.29.

On the Produce Exchange to-day the butter market was easy; creameries 18@25c; dairies 18@22c. Eggs firm; at mark, cases included, 16c; firsts 16c; prime firsts 17c. Cheese steady at 14@15c.

Receipts—Flour 59,100 bbls.; wheat 165,000 bu.; corn 410,400; oats 493,500; rye 8,000; barley 61,100. Shipments—Flour 49,900 bbls.; wheat 12,600 bu.; corn 222,900; oats 259,900; rye 900; barley 10,600.

GRAIN LETTERS.

Chicago.—In the Northern and Western wheat States the temperature is about stationary, while in the Southern part of the spring wheat belt it is claimed that much reseeding will be necessary on account of rotting. Rains in the Southwest have not stopped the damage reports from that section. We strongly advise the purchase of wheat on any weak spots. We advise buying corn on any cent break. September oats are a purchase.—(E. E. Paine & Co.

We look for an active scalping wheat market.—(Hunt, Bridgeford & Co.

Wheat.—All the practical grain men who are in the Southwest are reporting prospect of even greater damage from spread of the bugs, with the arrival of milder weather. Looking at both continents, we fail to see any redeeming features for wheat yields of the year, and believe that prices will continue to have these strong swells and moderate setbacks until the market works up easily another 10c a bushel.—(Logan & Bryan.

Bradstreet's Available Supplies.

New York, May 7.—Special cable and telegraphic communications received by Bradstreet's show the following changes in available supplies as compared with previous account:

Wheat—United States east of the Rockies increased 237,000 bu.; Canada decreased 2,372,000; totals United States and Canada decreased 2,135,000; afloat for and in Europe increased 2,600,000; total American and European supply increased 465,000.

Corn—United States and Canada decreased 1,129,000 bu.

Oats—United States and Canada increased 1,157,000 bu.

The leading increases and decreases reported this week are:

Decreases.—Manitoba, 959,000 bu.; Lincoln, Neb., and vicinity, 404,000; Minneapolis private elevators, 50,000.

Increases.—Port Huron, 75,000 bu.; Louisville, 58,000.

Liverpool Grain.

Liverpool, May 7.—Wheat—Spot steady; No. 2 red Western winter 6s 3½d; No. 1 California 6s 5¼d; futures steady; May 6s 7½d; July 6s 6⅛d; September 6s 7⅝d. Corn—Spot steady; American mixed, new 4s 7½d; do old 5s ⅜d; futures quiet; July 4s 7¼d; September 4s 7⅜d.

GENERAL MARKETS.

New York.

New York, May 7.—Butter firm; street price, extra creamery 27@27½c; official prices, creamery, common to extra 21@27c; held, common to firsts 20@25c; State dairy, common to fancy 20@26c; renovated, common to extra 18@25½c; Western factory, common to firsts 19@22c; Western imitation creamery, extras 20@25c; firsts 22@23c. Cheese steady; State full cream, small colored and white, September fancy 15c; do October best 14@14½c; good to prime 13@13½c; do winter average best 12½c; do large September fancy 15¼c; do October best 14¼@14½c; do good to prime 12⅞@13¾c; inferiors 11½@12½c; skims 1½@10⅝c. Eggs firm; receipts 27,552 cases; State, Pennsylvania and near-by fancy selected white 21c; do choice 20c; brown and mixed extra 19½@20c; firsts to extra firsts 18@18½c; Western packing firsts 18c; official prices 17½@18c; seconds 17@17½c; Kentucky and Tennessee 15½@17½c. Sugar—Raw steady; fair refining 3.26c; centrifugal, 96 test, 3.76c; molasses sugar 3.02c; refined steady; crushed 5.50c; powdered 4.90c; granulated 4.80c.

Flour—Receipts 32,802 bbls.; exports 2,644; market firm and higher, with a quiet trade; Minnesota patents $4.35@4.65; Minnesota bakers' $3.50@3.80; winter patents $3.70@4.15; winter straights $3.50@3.70; winter extras $2.90@3.10; winter low grades $2.80@3. Rye flour firm; fair to good $3.70@3.85; choice to fancy $3.90@4.25. Cornmeal steady.

Wheat—Receipts 61,000 bu.; exports 16,717. Spot market steady; No. 2 red 90½c in elevator and 90⅝c f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 Northern 99½c f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 hard winter 93c f. o. b. afloat. Following a lower opening, due in part to rains in the Southwest, wheat turned strong and active on heavy covering of shorts, impelled by further sensational damage news from all parts of the belt and very strong late cables. This was succeeded by a second decline under realizing and the market closed nervous at ½@⅛c net decline. May closed at 92¼c; July 92 1-16@93¼c, closed 92⅝c; September 93@93⅝c, closed 93c; December 94⅛@95⅛c, closed 94⅞c.

Corn—Receipts 111,800 bu.; exports 84,670. Spot market steady; No. 2 59c in elevator and 56½c f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 white 58½c; No. 2 yellow 56½c f. o. b. afloat. Option market was without transactions, closing ⅛@⅜c net lower.

Oats—Receipts 151,500 bu.; exports 1,330. Spot market easy; mixed oats, 26@32 lbs., 47c; natural white, 30@33 lbs., 48@49c; clipped white, 36@40 lbs., 49½@54c.

Hay steady. Hops quiet. Hides dull. Wool and leather steady. Beef and cut meats firm. Lard, pork and tallow steady. Cotton-seed oil firm. Petroleum steady. Rosin firm. Turpentine firm at 67½@68c. Rice and molasses steady.

Metals.—Spot tin was 10s lower at £191 10s in the London market, but futures were unchanged at £187 10s. Locally the market was quiet, with spot at $42@42.40. Copper was lower in the London market, with spot declining £1 6s 9d to £103 9d, and futures lost £1 10s, closing at £102. Locally the market was unchanged, with lake quoted at $25@25.50, electrolytic at $24.37½@24.75 and casting at $23@23.50. Lead was unchanged in both the London and local markets, closing at £19 12s 6d abroad and at $6@6.05 locally. Spelter was unchanged at £26 in London and at $6.50@6.60 in the local market. Iron was higher in the English market, with standard foundry quoted at 60s 3d and Cleveland warrants at 60s 6d. Locally the market was firm, with No. 1 foundry Northern quoted at $25.50@26.75, No. 2 foundry Northern at $25@26.25, No. 1 foundry Southern at $26@26.50 and No. 2 foundry Southern at $25@26.

St. Louis.

St. Louis, May 7.—Wheat weak; on track: No. 2 red cash 82¼@83c; No. 2 hard 80½@81½c; July 82¼c; September 84¼c. Corn weak; on track: No. 2 cash 49@50¼c; July 48⅝@48½c; September 48⅜c; No. 2 white 52@52½c. Oats steady; on track: No. 2 cash 43¼c; July 40c; September 35¼c. Lead quiet at $5.92½. Spelter quiet at $6.42½. Poultry firm; chickens 11c; springs 20@28c; turkeys 11c; ducks 11c; geese 5c. Butter lower; creamery 21@25c. Eggs firm at 14c, case count. Flour steady; red winter patents $3.80; extra fancy and straight $3.25@3.80; clear $2.85@3. Timothy seed steady at $2.40. Bran firm; sacked on east track 95@96c. Hay strong; timothy $15.50@19; prairie $10@13. Whisky steady at $1.33. Iron cotton ties $1.09. Bagging 10¾c. Hemp twine 10c. Pork lower; jobbing $16.40. Lard lower; prime steam $8.52½. Dry salt meats steady; boxed extra shorts $9.87½; clear ribs $9.87½; short clears $10. Bacon steady; boxed extra shorts $10.75; clear ribs $10.87½; short clears $11. Receipts—Flour 8,000 bbls.; wheat 20,000 bu.; corn 88,000; oats 120,000. Shipments—Flour 8,000 bbls.; wheat 43,000 bu.; corn 131,000; oats 54,000.

New Orleans.

New Orleans, May 7.—Hog products: Mess pork $18. Lard—Compound 8⅜@8⅝c; pure 9⅝c. Boxed Meats—Dry salt shoulders 8⅝c; sides 9⅝c. Bacon—Short rib sides 10⅝c. Hams—Skinned 16c. Rice strong; Honduras head 4@5⅜c; straights 2½@4c; screenings 2@2½c; No. 2 1¾c; Japan head 3½@4½c; screenings 2@2½c. Flour—Extra fancy $3.50; patent $4.20@4.55. Cornmeal $2.80@2.85. Bran $1.15. Hay—No. 1 $22@23; No. 2 $20@21; choice $23.50@24. Corn—No. 2 sacked white 65c; mixed 64c; yellow 61c. Oats—No. 2 sacked white 52c; mixed 50½c. Sugar steady; open kettle centrifugal 3½@3⅞c; centrifugal yellow 3⅝@4⅛c; seconds 2¾@3⅝c. Molasses quiet; new syrup 30@34c. Coffee steady; invoices, Rio: No. 8 6⅛c; No. 7 6⅝c; No. 6 7c; No. 4 7½c.

Kansas City.

Kansas City, May 7.—Wheat—May 75½c; July 77⅛c; September 78⅝c; cash: No. 2 hard 78@81½c; No. 2 red 83½@85c. Corn—May 44⅝c; July 45⅛c; September 45⅝c; cash: No. 2 mixed 48½c; No. 2 white 51c. Oats—No. 2 white 44@44½c; No. 2 mixed 43½c. Butter—Creamery 24c; packing 15c. Eggs steady; extra fancy 16c; current receipts, cases included, new cases 14½c; second-hand cases 14c; cases returned 14¼c; Southern cases included 13¼c. Hay steady; choice timothy $15; choice prairie $10@10.50. Rye steady at 60@65c. Receipts—Wheat 37,000 bu.; corn 26,000; oats 15,600. Shipments—Wheat 35,000 bu.; corn 36,000; oats 13,000.

Cincinnati.

Cincinnati, May 7.—Whisky—Distillers' finished goods steady on basis of $1.29. Butter quiet; creamery 27¼@29c; firsts 25@28c; dairy 17c. Eggs higher at 15½c. Poultry firm; springers 14c; hens 11c; turkeys 7@11c. Flour firm. Wheat quiet; No. 2 red 84½@85c. Corn firm; No. 2 mixed 53@53½c. Oats firm; No. 2 mixed 44@44½c. Rye firm; No. 2 75½@76c. Lard steady at $8.50@8.60. Bulk meats quiet at $8.87½. Bacon easy at $10.12½. Sugar firm.

Minneapolis.

Minneapolis, May 7.—Wheat—July 88⅜@88½c; September 88@88¼c; No. 1 hard 90⅝c; No. 1 Northern 89⅜c; No. 2 Northern 87⅜c. Flour—First patents $4.40@4.50; second patents $4.25@4.35; first clears $3.25@3.35; second clears $2.55@2.65. Bran in bulk $16.50@16.75.

Duluth.

Duluth, May 7.—Wheat—On track: No. 1 Northern 89⅝c; No. 2 Northern 88⅝c; May 89¾c; July 89⅞c; September 89⅝c. Flax—On track $1.24; May $1.23¾; July and October $1.25⅜. Oats—On track and May 41c.

Toledo.

Toledo, May 7.—Oil—North Lima 94c; South Lima and Indiana 89c. Clover-seed—Cash $9.10; October $7.65; December $7.67½; March $7.72½; alsike $7.65; timothy $2.20.

Milwaukee.

Milwaukee, May 7.—Barley firm; No. 2 79½c; sample 65@77c.

COFFEE MARKET.

New York, May 7.—The market for coffee futures opened steady at a decline of 5@10 points in response to lower French cables and European selling, which was said to be against lower firm offers from Brazil. There was a little demand from local sources—enough to hold the market around the opening prices, without, however, causing any improvement. The close was steady at a net decline of 5@10 points, all months but May showing the maximum loss. Sales were reported of 27,750 bags, including May at 5.45@5.50c, July at 5.30@5.35c, September at 5.25@5.30c, December at 5.30@5.35c and March at 5.35@5.40c. Spot coffee quiet; No. 7 Rio 6¼c; No. 4 Santos 7½c; mild coffee dull; Cordova 9@12¼c.

New York Dry Goods.

New York, May 7.—A more active trade was reported in drills and sheetings for delivery forward from August in to-day's dry goods market. The demand for print cloths, printed goods and converters' goods is increased. Carpets are being opened and are having a large sale. The export trade is somewhat better. Cotton yarns are steadier. Large sales of linings have been made for fall.

Naval Stores.

Savannah, May 7.—Spirits of turpentine steady at 64c; sales 502 casks; receipts 550; shipments 215. Rosin firm; sales 809 casks; receipts 1,340; shipments 1,364; stock 21,737; A, B and C $4.30; D $4.45; E $4.60; F $4.70@4.72½; G $4.75; H $4.80; I $4.90; K $5.15; M $5.20; N $5.35; window glass $5.45; water white $5.50.

Wilmington, May 7.—Spirits of turpentine, nothing doing; receipts 9 casks. Rosin quiet and unchanged; receipts 380 casks. Tar firm at $2.30; receipts 169 bbls. Crude turpentine firm at $3.50, $4.80 bid and $5.25 bid; receipts 40 bbls.

Oil Quotations.

Oil City, May 7.—Credit balances $1.78; runs 145,517 casks, average 129,527; shipments 160,944, average 162,044.

Boston Wool.

Boston, May 7.—The wool market is steady and moderately active. In Territories trading is confined to small lots, though a fair volume of business has been negotiated. The market for pulled wools is quiet. Foreign grades are firm. Leading domestic quotations follow:

Ohio and Pennsylvania—XX and above 34@34½c; X 32@33c; No. 1 39@40c; No. 2 38@39c; fine unwashed 26@27c; unmerchantable 39c; ½-blood unwashed 33@34c; delaine washed 37@38c; delaine unwashed 30c.

Kentucky and Indiana—Combing ⅜-blood 33@34c; combing ¼-blood 31@33c.

Texas (scoured basis)—Fine 12 months 72@74c; fine 6 to 8 months 68@70c; fine fall clean 58@60c.

New Mexico—Spring scoured X 68@70c; No. 1 63@65c; Georgia greasy 28@28½c; pulled wools, scoured basis, extra 70@73c; fine A 62@65c; A supers 53@58c; B supers 45@50c.

St. Louis Wool.

St. Louis, May 7.—Wool steady; medium grades, clothing and combing 22@26c; light fine 20@21c; heavy fine 15@17c; tub-washed 29@37c.

London Wool Sales.

London, May 7.—The wool sales here were postponed to-day, a heavy fog making the interior of the exchange so dark as to prevent examining the wools.

On the first signs of a cold or la grippe get a bottle of Wintersmith's Tonic and they will disappear.

Protect Your Family

by holding your valuable papers such as deeds, contracts, policies, notes, jewelry, etc.; it may save you a lawsuit some day. The cost of a Safety Vault is small, and the protection is great. Rent one and relieve yourself of the responsibility of caring for your valuables. All our Vaults are fire and burglar proof. $3.00 will rent one.

Louisville National Banking Co.



Many can point with pride to their success, greatly assisted by a good savings account with that strong and reliable institution,

The Louisville Trust Co.

which is much older and its capital stock and surplus many times larger than any savings bank in the State. And many can point with pride to their good judgment in keeping all their valuable papers and securities in its fire and burglar-proof vaults, the largest and strongest in the city, where they always found them absolutely safe. Select the best; it costs no more.

SOUTHWEST CORNER FIFTH AND MARKET.

FIDELITY TRUST COMPANY

Capital, - - $1,000,000
Surplus, - $1,000,000

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Receives money subject to check; pays interest on time and savings deposits, and performs duties in ALL FIDUCIARY CAPACITIES.

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DEALERS in Green Salted, also Dry Hides, Horse Hides, Sheepskins, Ginseng, Roots, Beeswax, Tallow, Dried Fruit, Wool, Etc. LOUISVILLE, KY.

REFERENCES—ANY BANK IN LOUISVILLE, Dun's Mercantile Agency, Bradstreet's Mercantile Agency.

Weekly price list mailed to shippers. If you desire same, write us.

We solicit your shipments. Write for shipping tags, shipping blanks, etc.

HIDES WOOL Dealers in Dry and Green Beef Hides. Also Horse Hides FEATHERS FURS

Sheepskins, Tallow, Beeswax, new and old Feathers, Ginseng, Medical Roots, Wool, Sun-dried Apples and Peaches, etc. Ship your produce to the Old Reliable House who sell all goods direct to manufacturers. We are agents for the largest tanneries in the country. Being dealers, we do not charge commission. We pay highest market price and make prompt returns. Reference—Any bank or merchant in Louisville.

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Non-Taxable Bonds For Sale!

Louisville Water Co. 4 per cent. bonds, by an ordinance of the City Council, are nontaxable and are therefore very desirable for investors who have city taxes to pay. We can furnish these bonds in amounts to suit investors at 100¼ and interest.

JOHN W. & D. S. GREEN,
Stock and Bond Brokers, 249 Fifth street, Louisville, Ky.

Bonds AND Stocks

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Almstedt Brothers

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MEN AND WOMEN.

Use Big G for unnatural discharges, inflammations, irritations or ulcerations of mucous membranes. Painless, and not astringent or poisonous.

Sold by Druggists, or sent in plain wrapper, by express, prepaid, for $1.00, or 3 bottles $2.75. Circular sent on request.

LEVY'S Third & Market.

RAILROAD FARES REFUNDED RMA

We're Members

Of the Retail Merchants' Association whose ad appears in this paper to-day, and we refund railroad fares accordingly.

Belts

The newest thing in Men's Belts is a fine pigskin, with initial gilt buckle, at $2—it's very swell! The other proper things are black Morocco Belts, with oxidized buckles at $2; black and tan Calf Belts, with gilt, gun metal or oxidized buckles, at $1.50 and $1; and so on down to good, neat Belts for men and boys, at 50c and 25c.

And it's TIME for Belts and OTHER summer furnishings.

Courier-Journal.

ALLIED PRINTING TRADES UNION LABEL COUNCIL LOUISVILLE, KY.

WEDNESDAY.....MAY 8, 1907

CITY FEATURES.

For Pure Milk, Ice Cream, etc., 'phone 634. NATIONAL ICE CREAM CO.

UNCLE SAM WANTS TWO CHAUFFEURS

CIVIL SERVICE EXAMINATIONS FOR OTHER POSITIONS.

JOBS FOR EVERYBODY FROM ARTISTS TO BLACKSMITHS.

DATES NAMED BY COMMISSION.

The United States Government is in need of two competent chauffeurs, who will be paid a salary of $1,200 each a year. One is needed in the Quartermaster's Department, Washington, D. C., and the other is needed in the Quartermaster's Department at Large, West Point, N. Y. The United States Civil Service Commission announces an examination for May 15 to secure eligibles from which to make two appointments. No educational test will be given, and it will not be necessary for applicants to appear at any place for examination. The age limit is twenty years or over.

An examination will be held May 22 in Louisville, Lexington and Paducah for Kentucky applicants for the purpose of filling the vacancy in the position of statistical assistant with special knowledge of the statistics of production of fuels, in the Geological Survey, at a salary of $1,200 a year, and other vacancies as they may occur requiring similar qualifications. Applicants must state in their applications that they have had experience in the collection of statistics of production of fuel. The age limit is twenty years or over.

On the same date examination will be held to secure eligibles to fill a vacancy in the position of artist at $10 a day when actually employed in the Bureau of Chemistry, Department of Agriculture, at Philadelphia, Pa. Both men and women will be admitted to this examination and the applicants will not be assembled for examination. The age limit is twenty years.

On May 29 an examination will be held for applicants to fill vacancies as they may occur in the position of laboratory assistant in the Department of Agriculture at $600 to $1,000 a year. There is now a vacancy in the Bureau of Animal Industry. Applicants will not be assembled for the examination and must have two years' instruction in chemistry before applying. Men only will be admitted to the examination and the age limit is eighteen to twenty-five years on the day of examination.

On the same date an examination will be held to fill the position of stoker at $780 a year in the Quartermaster's Department at Large, Fort Rosecrans, Cal. No educational test will be given and the age limit is twenty years or over.

On the same date an examination will be held in Louisville, Lexington and Paducah for Kentucky applicants to fill a vacancy in the position of electrician at $1,000 a year in the Quartermaster's Department at Large, Fort Slocum, N. Y., and other vacancies as they may occur requiring similar qualifications. The age limit is twenty years.

On the same date an examination will be held at the same places for Kentucky applicants to fill a vacancy in the position of laboratory assistant, qualified as glass blower, in the Bureau of Chemistry, Department of Agriculture, at $1,000 a year. All applicants must have had five years of actual experience in glass blowing. The age limit is twenty years.

On the same date and at the same places an examination will be held to fill a vacancy in the position of assistant superintendent of construction at $900 a year at Sheridan, Wyo., in the Quartermaster's Department at Large. The age limit is twenty years or over on the date of examination.

EXTENSION BOARD TO DISTRIBUTE $130,000.

Annual Meeting of Methodists In Louisville Next Friday.

At the meeting of the Board of Church Extension of the Methodist Episcopal Church, South, to be held Friday and Saturday at the office of the board, 705 West Chestnut street, $130,000 will be distributed for the purpose of building new churches and the extension of the work of the church in new and difficult fields. The sum to be appropriated has been gathered from the collections taken in each church of the denomination during the year, and was given for the express purpose to which it will be appropriated.

At the two days' meeting of the Board of Extension the bishops and many of the prominent ministers of the denomination will be present and many of them will remain in the city over Sunday and will occupy pulpits at the morning and evening service. Bishops Hendrix and Galloway will assist in the opening services of the Union Methodist church in their new Temple, Sixth street and Broadway.

Among those who will attend the meeting are: Bishops E. R. Hindrix, of Kansas City, Mo.; C. B. Galloway, Jackson, Miss.; Joseph S. Key, Sherman, Tex.; H. C. Morrison, Birmingham, Ala.; W. A. Candler, Atlanta, Ga.; E. E. Hoss, Monteagle, Tenn.; Seth C. Ward, Houston, Tex.; Jame Atkins, Waynesville, N. C.; O. P. Fitzgerald, Asheville, Tenn., and ministers and laymen as follows: The Rev. T. W. Lewis, Jackson, Miss.; J. M. Henry, Columbus; the Rev. N. L. Linebaugh, Duncan, I. T.; the Rev. Henry Trawick, Greensborough, Ala.; the Rev. W. J. Johnson, San Marcos, Tex.; the Rev. N. B. Henry, Kennett, Mo.; the Rev. W. J. Young, Richmond, Va.; T. S. Garrison, Tinpson, Texas, and the Rev. M. J. Cofer, Atlanta, Ga.

The officers of the Board of Church Extension are T. L. Jefferson, president; John L. Wheat, vice president; W. F. McMurry, corresponding secretary, and Thomas B. Morton, treasurer. The local members of the board of P. H. Tapp, J. C. Strother and Dr. R. B. Gilbert.

Marriage Licenses.

Marriage licenses were issued yesterday to the following: E. C. Wade and Mamie Fountain, Ben F. Musselman and Ida R. Freudenberger, Ed Gwinn and Emma Brennel, Harry N. West and Vivian Winsatt, Paul J. Coleman and Magdalene F. Tuttle, Hollis Drane and Nannie E. Lyddan.

HALF OF LEGACY

Accepted By Jewish Hospital In Compromise.

CHILDREN OF SIMON KOCH HAD CONTESTED WILL.

SUBSCRIBER TO STOCK SUES TOBACCO COMPANY.

WILL OF MATTHEW BRADY.

After the trial of the will contest disputing the bequest of $1,500 left by Simon Koch to the Jewish Hospital had been half completed yesterday in Judge O'Doherty's court counsel on both sides announced that an agreement had been reached by which the institution had consented to accept $750 as complete satisfaction for the legacy. Mr. Koch had died in 1905, leaving an estate worth about $7,500, which he bequeathed to his widow, Louisa Koch, and his children, George, William, Amelia, Clarence and Dorothy Koch. The instrument was drawn in 1903, but on March 26, 1904, he added a codicil by which he gave the Jewish Hospital $1,500. The children felt the amount of the legacy was too large in proportion to the estate and filed a contest of the will, alleging mental incapacity. Upon a previous trial the jury was unable to reach a verdict.

Boy Smothered In Grain.

Trial of the damage suit for $25,000 brought by A. M. Sea, Jr., administrator of Leo Phanmoeller against the Kentucky Distilleries and Warehouse Company. John C. Roach & Co. and W. C. Hahn was taken up yesterday afternoon in Judge Gordon's court. The decedent was fourteen years of age, and, along with Albert Kessler, another boy about the same age, was, on April 25, 1906, smothered to death in a big wheat bin at the distillery of defendants at Thirtieth street and Garland avenue. The plaintiff charges that the defendants, including Hahn, who is the manager of the plant, were careless in allowing the bin open so that the boys could get into it. It is also set forth that boys were allowed to play around the place in spite of the danger. The defendants disclaim any responsibility.

The boys' bodies were found at the bottom of the bin several days after their disappearance from home.

Wants Stock Subscription Rescinded.

A. A. Van Buren sued the Weissinger Tobacco Company to secure an order of court rescinding a stock subscription for $2,000 he is said to have made to the defendant company for twenty shares of stock. He says that in August, 1905, at the solicitation of the defendant company he subscribed to the capital stock to that extent. He avers that the company made out that $70,000 worth of stock had been purchased and the money was applied to buying the plant of the Green River Tobacco Company at Maysville. The remaining $30,000 of their capitalization, the plaintiff says, would be subscribed to give the concern a working capital. However, it is charged, that the enterprise has now been abandoned and that the stock of the company is not worth more than 40. The plaintiff avers that the company has both refused to send him his certificate of stock or to repay him his $2,000, which he has demanded from time to time.

Two Wills Are Tendered.

The following wills were tendered for probate yesterday in the County Court:

That of Matthew Brady, dated March 13, 1907, in which he makes the following bequests:

Mary Quinn, a sister, $98 in trust for Frank Farrell, a half-brother; Sister Mary Alphonsus, Sister of Mercy at a convent at Joplin, Mo., $468; the pastor of St. Michael's church, $100 for masses; Mary Julia Quinn, a niece, $250; Matthew Quinn, a nephew, $250; Elmer Quinn, a nephew, $250; Frank Farrell, $250; Katie Bailey, $1,319; Mary Quinn, $3,000, subject to charges against the estate; Mary Brady, the testator's widow, $319. Mary Quinn is named executrix without bond.

That of Frank H. Kerns, dated November 20, 1905, in which he gives his total estate to Wilhelmina Kerns, his wife, and the remainder to his son, Ira Nelson Kerns.

Report of Grand Jury.

The grand jury returned the following indictments yesterday and adjourned until this morning:

Malicious Cutting—Lee Beckham and James Gilmour.

William Jamison, charged with malicious shooting, was dismissed.

Court Paragraphs.

—Julia C. Leanhart sued Frank Leanhart for divorce, charging cruelty.

—Lucy Smith was convicted of malicious cutting and sent to jail for six months.

—Phil White was sent to jail for six months on the charge of malicious shooting.

—William Johnson, charged with housebreaking, was sent to the penitentiary for one year.

—William Stone, tried on the charge of housebreaking, was given two years in the penitentiary.

—Mary A. Loftus sued Peter J. Loftus for divorce, charging abandonment. They were married in 1891.

—Frank Moorman sued Lucy Moorman for divorce, charging abandonment. They were married in 1906.

—John R. Stovall sued Florence Stovall for divorce, alleging abandonment. They were married September 25, 1884.

—Julia M. Cubbage sued the town of Oakdale for $1,000 as damages to her property for a change of street grade.

—Alfred Crowe sued the Louisville Railway Company for $2,000. He was injured in a collision between a wagon and a car.

—F. C. Wellner sued Joseph Staebler for $350, the value of two mules said to have been placed by him for sale in defendant's stable.

—Nelle M. Atlyeh sued David J. Atlyeh for divorce, alleging abandonment. They were married February 16, 1905, and the plaintiff says the defendant is now in Egypt as a surgeon in the English army.

—In the case of T. E. Hall against the Louisville Gunning System for $1,000 because of alleged injury to the plaintiff's property by a sign painted upon it, a jury in Judge O'Doherty's court gave him a verdict for $10.

—Caddie Mitchell, who had sued the Louisville Railway Company for $15,000 because of injuries she received in a detainment while a passenger on a street car, was given a verdict for $580 by a jury in Judge Gordon's court.

The following confessed judgment for back taxes on omitted personalty valuations in the County Court: Julia N. Johnston, $1,000 for three years; Joseph S. Middleton, $2,600 for one year; Strater Bros. Tobacco Company, $4,000 for one year.

Court of Appeals.

Frankfort, Ky., May 7.—Present, Chief Justice and Judges Nunn, Settle and Hobson.

L. and N. vs. Mounts, Garrard; reversed.

Harth Bros. Grain Company vs. Continental Insurance Company and same vs. German Fire Insurance Company, same vs. same, same vs. Rochester German Insurance Company, same vs. Continental Insurance Company, McCracken; reversed.

Pitts & Hankins vs. Wells, Floyd; affirmed.

Begley, etc., vs. Dixon, etc., Leslie; affirmed.

Hughes & Co. vs. Commonwealth, Larue; reversed.

Johnson, etc., vs. Eversole, etc., Perry; on motion of the appellant certiorari ordered to issue.

Robb vs. Commonwealth, Fayette; Martin vs. same, Nelson; cases submitted.

Wakefield & Moore vs. Chicago, Indianapolis and Louisville Railway Company; statement and motion by appellee for oral argument; motion sustained; passed for argument to September term.

Register Newspaper Company, etc., vs. Worten; appellant's motion to set aside dismissing appeal granted by the lower court overruled.

Stageman vs. Cook, Campbell; appellee's motion to dismiss under Rule 16 overruled.

Blecher, etc., vs. Polly, Pike; appellant rules to execute bond for cost within thirty days or the appeal will be dismissed.

Butler vs. Fiscal Court of Jefferson county; case ordered docketed for the present term and set for argument to the present term.

L. and N. vs. Herndon's admr., Hardin; appellee given thirty days to file brief.

Hall vs. L., H. and St. L. R. R. Co., Breckinridge; appellee given twenty days to file brief.

Bell, by etc., vs. L. and N. R. R. Co.; Roney, etc., vs. same, Bullitt; appellant filed copies of judgment and affidavit of O. W. Pearl, clerk, and appellants given to September 25 to file transcript of the record.

C. and O. R. R. Co. vs. Wilson's admr., Lewis; advanced under rule 18.

O'Nann vs. American National Bank, Warren; agreement filed and case be passed on the docket.

Wand vs. Corbin, Warren; agreement filed, case continued.

Ewing vs. Commonwealth, Warren; agreement filed, appellant given thirty days to file brief.

Boreing, admr., vs. Farris, Trustee, Laurel; appellee given thirty days to file brief.

Commonwealth, by etc., vs. Hickman; same, Steel, Daviess; agreement filed and cases ordered heard together.

Sheehan vs. L. and N. Railroad Company, appellee filed petition for modification of opinion and given ten days to withdraw and print.

Eversole vs. Lewis, Leslie; appellant filed answer and response to motion to dismiss appeal granted by the lower court and also brief on the motion.

Conn. Mut. Life Insurance Company vs. Commonwealth of Kentucky on relation, etc., Franklin; statement and motion by appellant for an oral argument.

Wright vs. Boswell's guardian; appellee filed brief.

Cleveland & Weston vs. Commonwealth, Bell; agreement as to mandate filed.

Harmon vs. Stewart, Clark; appellee granted a cross appeal.

L. and N. vs. Hoskins' administrator, appellant filed a rejoinder to appellee's reply brief.

Postal Telegraph and Cable Company vs. Terrill, Jefferson; appellee filed a response to petition for rehearing.

Gaboury vs. Coombs, Warren; appellee Meyler's administrator filed a reply brief on appellant's motion to set aside order awarding damages on dismissal.

Taylor vs. W. U. Telegraph Company, Fulton; appellee filed printed brief.

Ennen vs. Air, O'Connor vs. Same, Campbell; appellee given ten days further time to brief.

Covington and Cincinnati Bridge Company vs. Davidson, Sheriff, Kenton; argued by A. G. Simrall for the appellant and F. M. Tracey for appellee.

Court adjourned until to-morrow at 11 o'clock.

Court of Appeals Decisions.

George H. Patterson, etc., vs. H. A. Knapp, etc.—Filed April 26, 1907.—(To be reported.) Appeal from Simpson Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Chief Justice O'Rear, affirming.

Taxation—Graded School — Contest—Jurisdiction of Court—Absence of Statute—Dismissal.—The courts have no jurisdiction in this State, either at law or in equity, to try contested elections only when such jurisdiction is conferred by statute. There being no statute in this State authorizing the trial of an election contest over the result of an election in a city of the fifth class imposing a tax in aid of a graded school therein, a demurrer to a petition alleging in question the correctness of the certificate of such election was properly sustained and the petition dismissed.

Geo. C. Harris for appellants; G. T. Fin for appellees.

S. A. Ranson vs. J. M. West. — Filed April 25, 1907.—(To be reported.) Appeal from Christian Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Judge Hobson, affirming.

First—Libel—Letter to Superior Officer —Complaint Against Predecessor—Necessary Allegations.—A school trustee is not liable to an action for libel by writing a letter to his superior officer, the County School Superintendent, charging his predecessor in office with "unjustly spending money collected for incidental purposes, and asking the Superintendent to make him pay it back to the district," in the absence of an allegation in the petition that the words were published without any reasonable grounds to believe they were true.

Second—Officer — Report to Superior—Privileged—Absence of Malice.—A written report made by an officer to his superior in the discharge of his official duty is privileged, and no action can be maintained on it as for libel, unless the plaintiff both avers and proves that the words were used maliciously and without reasonable or probable cause on the part of the officer to believe them true.

C. H. Bush for appellant; Breathitt & Bell for appellee.

Asher & Hensley vs. W. T. and E. G. Garrard.—Filed April 30, 1907.—(Not to be reported.) Appeal from Clay Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Carroll, Commissioner, affirming.

Contract—Floating Logs—Action for Breach—Conflicting Evidence — Question for Jury.—This case involves the liability of the parties to a contract to float logs down the river to a certain point in a given time at a certain price, in which both parties claim a breach. There is no question of law involved. The evidence being conflicting and the instruction of the court to the jury being correct, the finding of the jury should not be disturbed upon the questions of facts.

Cook & Jones for appellants; D. K. Rawlings, B. B. Golden and W. W. Rawlings for appellees.

Commonwealth of Kentucky vs. Illinois Central Railroad Co.—Filed April 26, 1907.—(Not to be reported.) Appeal from Ballard Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Judge Lassing, affirming.

Local Option—Interstate Commerce—Carriers—Delivering Liquors in Local Option Territory.—Where a case of beer was ordered by telephone from a brewery in Cairo, Ill., and shipped to and delivered to the purchaser, in a local option town in Kentucky, by the American Express Co., over the Illinois Central railroad, upon which the express company paid the express charges and no more, the transaction being in good faith by all the parties, it was an interstate commerce shipment, and is not a viloation of the act of the Kentucky Legislature of 1906, Chapter 63, page 320, regulating the carrying of intoxicating liquors in local option districts.

N. B. Hays, Attorney General; Charles H. Morris and W. H. Hester for appellant; Trabue, Doolan & Cox and J. M. Dickinson for appellee.

James B. Haggin vs. Joanna E. Montague, etc.—Filed May 1, 1907.—(To be reported.) Appeal from Fayette Circuit Court. Opinion of the court by Chief Justice O'Rear, dismissing.

Judicial Sale—Exception Overruled—Appeal—Accepting Deed—Waiver of Exceptions—Dismissing Appeal.—Where a purchaser of a house and lot at a decretal sale filed exceptions to the sale on the grounds that the lot was represented to be sixty feet wide when in fact it was only 57.7 fet wide, for which he asked an abatement, and upon his exceptions being overruled and the sale confirmed, he appealed, and subsequently accepted a deed for the lot under the sale, and put it to record, and entered on the lot and removed the buildings therefrom, he thereby waived his objections to the sale, and under Sections 575-8 of the Civil Code, his right of appeal having ceased it should be dismissed.

Thornton & Kerr for appellant; Morton, Webb & Wilson for appellees.

SCOTCH COLLIE SHOW TO BE HELD IN SEPTEMBER.

Louisville Club Reorganizes and Plans Event Under Auspices of American Kennel Club.

The Louisville Scotch Collie Club was reorganized yesterday with the following officers: H. M. Wood, president; J. M. Sharp, vice president, and F. H. Waltz, secretary and treasurer. The club has a membership of about twenty, and it is believed that this number will be increased by the interest being taken in the arrangements the club is making to give the largest collie show ever seen in Kentucky at the State Fair in September. It is expected that every collie owner in the State will show his dogs at that time, which will be the first exhibit ever given here under the auspices of the American Kennel Club.

An effort is also being made by the club to obtain representatives from the Untermeyer and Morgan kennels in the East, and which are known as the foremost collie kennels of the world. In this way Kentucky breeders will be able to compare their dogs with some of the finest in the country. All collie owners in Kentucky and surrounding States can obtain further information concerning the show by addressing F. H. Waltz, secretary of the Louisville club, care of the Louisville Times.

New Poultry Company.

The Louisville Poultry and Pet Stock Company filed a charter with a capital stock of $2,000, divided into $5 shares. The maximum debt is $2,000. A number of local poultry and stock fanciers are charter members.

PREDICTS PURE FOOD LAW FOR KENTUCKY

COL. E. H. TAYLOR, JR., SAYS IT WILL COME NEXT YEAR.

PREPARING OPEN LETTER ON PRESIDENT'S RULINGS.

ISSUE WITH MR. M'NAMARA.

"That the Kentucky Legislature will enact a pure food law at its next session, requiring rectifiers to tell the facts about the mixtures they compound and sell in the State markets, now seems amply forecast," said ex-Senator E. H. Taylor, Jr., the prominent distiller of Frankfort, who has been leading the State and National movement for pure whisky, and who arrived in Louisville last night.

Col. Taylor is preparing an open letter in which he declares that the recent ruling of President Roosevelt insuring pure whisky in the interstate markets, and the recent decision of the Kentucky Court of Appeals, upholding the Legislature's tax upon adulterated whisky, now only need to be supplemented by a labeling law in this State practically to eliminate whisky adulteration in Kentucky.

"Fourteen States," said Col. Taylor, "have already enacted such laws in conformity with the national law."

Col. Taylor regards the rulings issued by President Roosevelt requiring pure whisky in interstate commerce as so conclusive that even the organization of a Pure Food Distillers' Association seems now unnecessary.

Asked about the contention of the rectifiers that President Roosevelt has "taken sides" with the straight whisky distillers, Col. Taylor said: "The plea of 'trade fight' urged by the rectifiers was given the fullest consideration by the Government, as Attorney General Bonaparte explains in his opinion. The President's ruling simply means 'let the label tell.'

"All so-called whisky was being sold as straight whisky. It was not until the pure food agitation that Kentuckians knew that there were any rectifiers. Everybody thought that these rectifiers were distillers turning out straight, aged Kentucky whisky. The 'trade fight' cry is best answered by the Kentucky Court of Appeals in its decision of April 19, declaring that rectifiers adulaterate pure distilled whisky by making five barrels out of one."

"The talk of persuading the President to repeal his ruling is not taken seriously by the trade," said Col. Taylor, "since the President's whole proposition is merely that the label shall denote the true contents of the bottles."

When shown the open letter of T. E. McNamera, of Terre Haute, Ind., which the Courier-Journal quoted a few days ago, Col. Taylor said: "The proposition of Mr. McNamera, the Terre Haute distiller of neutral spirits, to fix a commission of neutral spirits' distillers and rectifiers to acquaint President Roosevelt with the 'primary object of the pure food law' is somewhat belated. For years past the National Wholesale Liquor Dealers' Association, of which the imaginary commission is an element, was given many hearings before the committees of Congress preceding the passage of the pure food law. The Department of Agriculture has accorded the same privilege, as have also the State food chemists of the various States. Here in this city four months before the President's ruling the joint authorities of the Federal and State governments allowed the rectifiers a full hearing.

"The Federal Government received the advantage of this elaborate information. In addition to all this, Attorney General Bonaparte opens his exhaustive opinion by stating that he has before him the brief of the attorneys for the 'rectifiers.' Every phase of the question has been illuminated to President Roosevelt, and the masterly opinion of the Attorney General, indorsed by the President, is the ripened fruitage of knowledge accumulated by the Government over a period of many years. Secretary John Hay covered the same ground for the United States Government in a controversy with Japan. Attorney General Alphonso Taft ruled similarly for the United States Treasury Department in 1872. It was not until now, however, that the Government had a pure food law, enabling it to enforce its position in interstate commerce.

"The commission suggested by Mr. McNamara, therefore," continued Col. Taylor, "is somewhat after the fact, especially since it is proposed that it consist of Mr. Sunstein, of Pittsburg, ex-president of the association which Dr. Wiley alleges to have continually fought the Pure Food Bill, and various other members of the same association.

"It is no reflection on Mr. McNamara's selection of Mr. N. M. Uri, of Louisville, and Mr. E. W. Zoller, of Cleveland, for imaginary commissioners to say that the pure food law itself duly provided its own commission—the one that gave the rectifiers a hearing and its personnel included representatives of three Federal departments best qualified to rule on the most intimate details of the whisky business; one of these being the Treasury Department, which has had daily official insight into the minutest details of the whisky business since 1862.

"This special commission selected by Congress gave full hearigs to the rectifiers in New York City before the regulations were formulated.

"President Roosevelt has even had the benefit of Cabinet discussions," concluded Col. Taylor, "and it is reasonably fair to assume that such men as the President, Secretary Root, Attorney General Bonaparte and the other men of large ability, to whom the American people are intrusting the help of State, can grasp a mere question of labeling a commodity so that the public may know just exactly what it is getting."

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"When my daughter was a baby she had a breaking out behind the ears. The doctor said that she would outgrow it, and it did get somewhat better until she was about fifteen years old, and after that we could get nothing that would drive it away. She was always applying something in the way of salves. It troubled her behind the knees, opposite the elbows, back of the neck and ears, under the chin, and then it got on the face. That was about three years ago. As we had tried everything that we could hear of without help she took treatment with a specialist and seemed to get worse all the time. We were then advised to try the Cuticura Remedies, and now I don't see any breaking out, and we are well pleased with the results, and I will cheerfully recommend the Cuticura Remedies to all that may need them. M. Curley, 11-19 Sixteenth St., Bay City, Mich., May 20, 1906."

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Child Suffered Two Years. Now Well. Mother Praises Cuticura.

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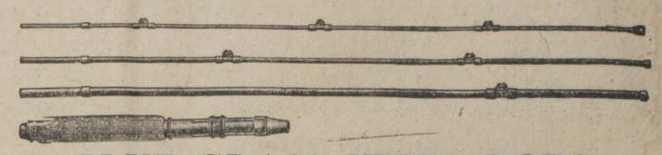
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